



Product Manual 26103
(Revision E)
Original Instructions

Woodward NT
Real Time Operating System (RTOS)

Software Tools for AtlasPC™

Software Manual



General Precautions

Read this entire manual and all other publications pertaining to the work to be performed before installing, operating, or servicing this equipment.

Practice all plant and safety instructions and precautions.

Failure to follow instructions can cause personal injury and/or property damage.



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Any unauthorized modifications to or use of this equipment outside its specified mechanical, electrical, or other operating limits may cause personal injury and/or property damage, including damage to the equipment. Any such unauthorized modifications: (i) constitute "misuse" and/or "negligence" within the meaning of the product warranty thereby excluding warranty coverage for any resulting damage, and (ii) invalidate product certifications or listings.



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Contents

WARNINGS AND NOTICES	III
ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE AWARENESS	IV
CHAPTER 1. SOFTWARE TOOLS.....	1
General Description	1
Overview	1
Programmers Tools	3
Users Tools	4
Engineering Tools.....	4
CHAPTER 2. ETHERNET NETWORKING	8
Overview	8
First Time Setup Instructions.....	9
AppManager—Control Information Screen	18
NetMeeting Setup.....	18
Connecting with NetMeeting	21
Change Network Settings with NetMeeting.....	22
Dual Ethernet GAP Setup.....	25
Network Security and Permissions.....	26
Pinging the Network	26
Ethernet Distributed I/O	28
CHAPTER 3. APPLICATION SETUP AND CONFIGURATION	30
Introduction	30
Creating the Application	30
Downloading and Running the Application.....	30
Changing the Application.....	32
Rebooting the Control.....	35
Tunables Management.....	35
Installing a Woodward AtlasPC Control Service Pack	36
CHAPTER 4. SERVLINK/WATCH WINDOW	37
Overview	37
Servlink GAP Setup	37
Using Watch Window over a Serial Port	38
Watch Window Functions	40
CHAPTER 5. MICRO PANEL	42
Overview	42
MicroPanel GAP Setup.....	42
Running MicroPanel	43
CHAPTER 6. PC/104 FIELDBUS	45
Overview.....	45
Loading the ApplicomIO CD-ROM	45
Profibus.....	47
DeviceNet	52
CHAPTER 7. INTERNET/ETHERNET INFORMATION	61
Internet Protocol	61
IP Addresses	61
Logging on to a Network in DHCP Mode	61
GAP and Ethernet	62
Internet Vocabulary	62
SOFTWARE SETUP RECORD	63

Illustrations and Tables

Figure 1-1. Software Interface Tools Overview	2
Figure 2-1. Setup Example for Controls with Dual Ethernet	9
Figure 2-2. Network Cable Connections	11
Figure 2-3. Dual Ethernet GAP Example	25
Figure 2-4. DOS Ping of Computer Name and IP Address (example)	27
Figure 2-5. DOS Ping of IP Address to Find Computer Name and Ping Usage (example)	27
Figure 4-1. Servlink Screen	39
Figure 4-2. Watch Window Screen	40
Figure 5-1. MicroPanel GAP Example	42
Figure 5-2. MicroPanel "Connect To" Screen	43
Figure 5-3. MicroPanel Screen	44
Figure 6-1. Profibus Applicom Configure Screen	49
Figure 6-2. Profibus GAP Example	51
Table 2-1. Control User Names and Password List	26
Table 7-1. Websites Mentioned in This Manual	62

Warnings and Notices

Important Definitions



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

- **DANGER**—Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
- **WARNING**—Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
- **CAUTION**—Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.
- **NOTICE**—Indicates a hazard that could result in property damage only (including damage to the control).
- **IMPORTANT**—Designates an operating tip or maintenance suggestion.

WARNING

**Overspeed /
Overtemperature /
Overpressure**

The engine, turbine, or other type of prime mover should be equipped with an overspeed shutdown device to protect against runaway or damage to the prime mover with possible personal injury, loss of life, or property damage.

The overspeed shutdown device must be totally independent of the prime mover control system. An overtemperature or overpressure shutdown device may also be needed for safety, as appropriate.

WARNING

**Personal Protective
Equipment**

The products described in this publication may present risks that could lead to personal injury, loss of life, or property damage. Always wear the appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) for the job at hand. Equipment that should be considered includes but is not limited to:

- Eye Protection
- Hearing Protection
- Hard Hat
- Gloves
- Safety Boots
- Respirator

Always read the proper Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for any working fluid(s) and comply with recommended safety equipment.

WARNING

Start-up

Be prepared to make an emergency shutdown when starting the engine, turbine, or other type of prime mover, to protect against runaway or overspeed with possible personal injury, loss of life, or property damage.

WARNING

**Automotive
Applications**

On- and off-highway Mobile Applications: Unless Woodward's control functions as the supervisory control, customer should install a system totally independent of the prime mover control system that monitors for supervisory control of engine (and takes appropriate action if supervisory control is lost) to protect against loss of engine control with possible personal injury, loss of life, or property damage.

NOTICE**Battery Charging
Device**

To prevent damage to a control system that uses an alternator or battery-charging device, make sure the charging device is turned off before disconnecting the battery from the system.

Electrostatic Discharge Awareness

NOTICE**Electrostatic
Precautions**

Electronic controls contain static-sensitive parts. Observe the following precautions to prevent damage to these parts:

- Discharge body static before handling the control (with power to the control turned off, contact a grounded surface and maintain contact while handling the control).
- Avoid all plastic, vinyl, and Styrofoam (except antistatic versions) around printed circuit boards.
- Do not touch the components or conductors on a printed circuit board with your hands or with conductive devices.

To prevent damage to electronic components caused by improper handling, read and observe the precautions in Woodward manual **82715**, *Guide for Handling and Protection of Electronic Controls, Printed Circuit Boards, and Modules*.

Follow these precautions when working with or near the control.

1. Avoid the build-up of static electricity on your body by not wearing clothing made of synthetic materials. Wear cotton or cotton-blend materials as much as possible because these do not store static electric charges as much as synthetics.
2. Do not remove the printed circuit board (PCB) from the control cabinet unless absolutely necessary. If you must remove the PCB from the control cabinet, follow these precautions:
 - Do not touch any part of the PCB except the edges.
 - Do not touch the electrical conductors, the connectors, or the components with conductive devices or with your hands.
 - When replacing a PCB, keep the new PCB in the plastic antistatic protective bag it comes in until you are ready to install it. Immediately after removing the old PCB from the control cabinet, place it in the antistatic protective bag.

Chapter 1.

Software Tools

General Description

This manual describes the Woodward NT RTOS (Real Time Operating System) software tools available to remotely configure and interact with the AtlasPC™ control platform.

The AtlasPC control is designed so that all interface, maintenance, and troubleshooting is done via the serial and Ethernet ports. No local keyboard, monitor, or mouse is available to the user, and thus “headless” operation is accomplished using these tools.

IMPORTANT

Your computer screens may differ slightly from those shown in this manual due to newer software revisions.

The AtlasPC control is now shipped with static IP addresses! To avoid Ethernet IP Address conflicts, read this manual before connecting the controls Ethernet Ports to a network.

Overview

Programming tools are the application creation tools.

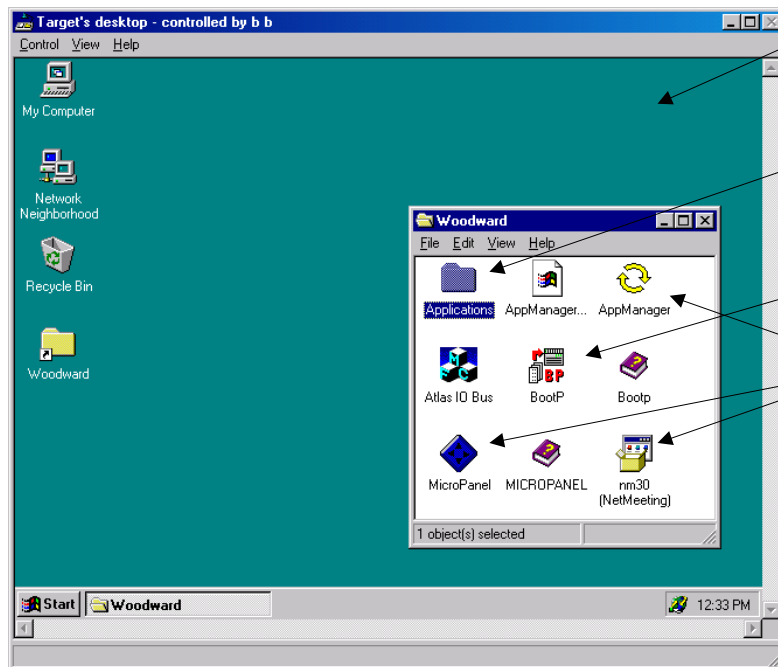
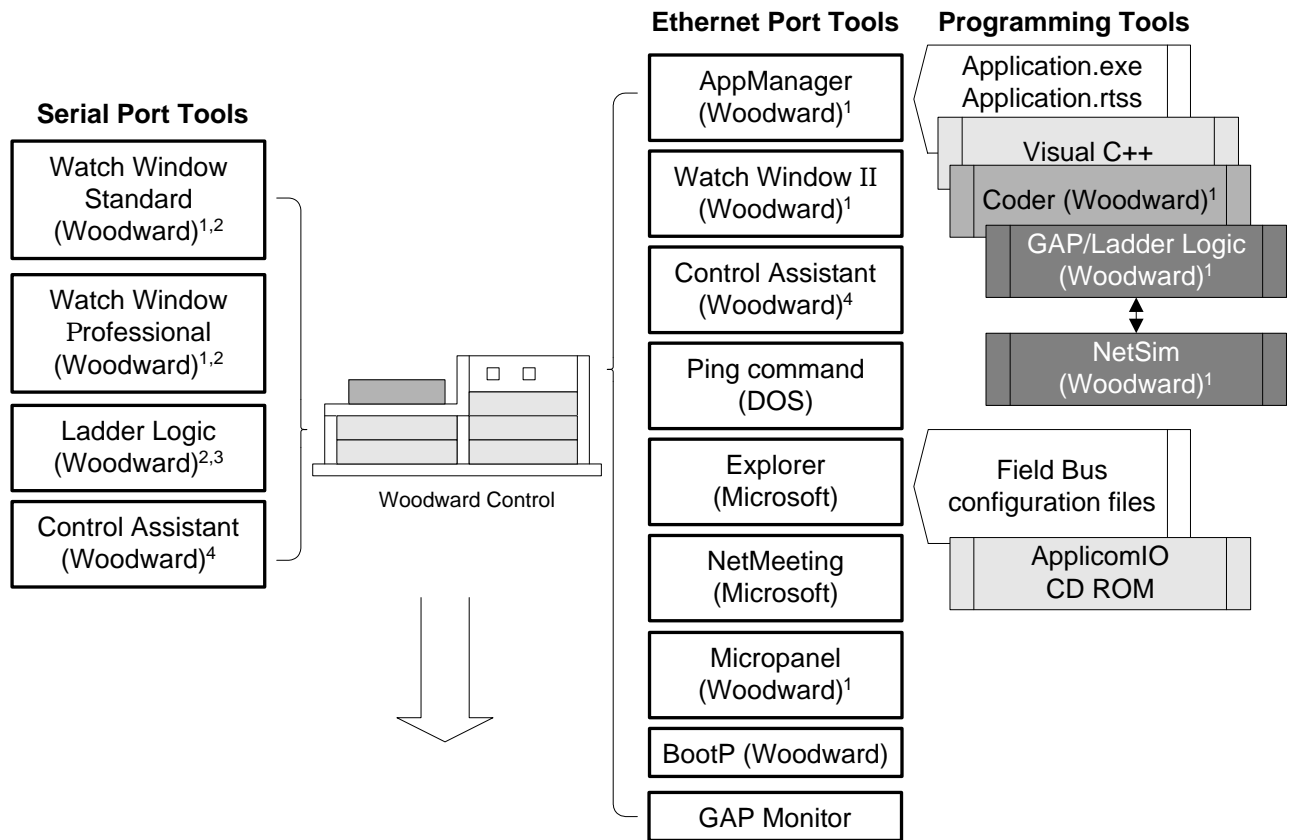
GAP™ (Graphical Application Program)/Ladder Logic are used to create the application. The output is assembled, compiled, and linked with the Coder, and the resultant executable file is loaded into the target control. The Woodward NetSim™ simulation tool can be used to test the application.

If a Fieldbus board (PC/104 DeviceNet, CANOpen, or Profibus) is installed in your control, the supplied “ApplicomIO” CD ROM is used to create the configuration files for these boards and their network modules.

Service tools are the interface programs that allow an operator to move files, start and stop the application, configure settings, troubleshoot hardware and software, view status, and ultimately operate the controlled machinery.

WARNING

An unsafe condition could occur with improper use of these software tools. Only trained personnel should have access to these tools.



Use NetMeeting to access the controls Desk Top from a PC.

Use Explorer to copy your DeviceNet & Profibus Configuration files to the Application folder.

Use NetMeeting to run this Ethernet Distributed IO tool.

Use Explorer to copy these tools to your PC.

¹ Available through the Woodward.com webpage <http://www.woodward.com/IC/Software/software.cfm>

² Comes with ServeLink Server.

³ Comes with GAP.

⁴ Purchase through Woodward or a Distributor.

Figure 1-1. Software Interface Tools Overview

Programmers Tools

These tools are useful for creating new applications or for modifying existing ones.

Woodward GAP



GAP (Graphical Application Programmer) allows users to design their control system logic on an integrated drawing package that runs on a PC in the Windows® environment. Once the control logic has been graphically entered, GAP checks the application for completeness and generates a .CDR file for use with Woodward Coder.

GAP Monitor

This debugging tool allows the engineer to view the GAP blocks while the application is running, adjust the tunables, see the GAP blocks I/O values change, and edit the application. It interfaces with the Atlas Ethernet port via the included Watch Window II tool.

Woodward Coder



Coder is the application that checks the GAP application for problems. If no problems are found, it automatically calls the assembler, linker, and compiler to create the executable file and Real Time Extension file that can be loaded onto the hardware using AppManager. Error files are created to help in debugging if the Coder finds problems.

IMPORTANT

Microsoft VisualC++ is required on your PC to code GAP applications.

ApplicomIO® Console

The ApplicomIO console is a configuration console used to define boards and configure the network and equipments connected to the field bus. The console is a Windows application which you run on your windows NT 4.0, or Windows 2000 PC.

NetSim

NetSim is Woodward's Windows NT based simulator software used for testing control software. It provides a closed loop simulation environment when connected to a modeling package or open loop testing when run in stand alone mode. Connections to ACSL based, Matlab/Simulink, and Matrix X/Systembuild modeling packages are supported.

NetSim Control Executive

This program is an interface used for running simulations of equipment controlled by Woodward systems. Now supports OPC.

BootP

BootP is a Woodward tool for Ethernet Distributed IO. It's an IP/UDP bootstrap protocol, which allows a client machine to discover its own IP address. The protocol operates as a server, continuously listening for a request. When the server gets a request, it looks for an entry in the BootP database that matches the MAC address of the request. If the server finds a match, it sends a response message with the IP address from the entry that matched.

Users Tools

These tools are useful for moving files, starting and stopping the application, configuring settings, troubleshooting hardware and software, viewing status, and ultimately operating the controlled machinery.

Application Manager

AppManager is a Windows based remote access tool for Woodward NT CPUs. AppManager allows local and remote access to control applications for transferring, retrieving, starting, stopping and restarting. The AtlasPC is loaded with AMService.exe that allows it to interface with AppManager. AppManager can also be used to change Ethernet Network addresses and retrieve Log files.

IMPORTANT

AppManager will only function in a Windows NT Operating System such as Windows NT or Windows 2000. Windows 95 is not supported.

MicroPanel

MicroPanel is a 20-line service tool for Woodward NT CPU Platforms. MicroPanel allows access to DEBUG, SYSTEM INFORMATION, FAULTS, SERVICE, and CONFIGURE modes, both locally and remotely, through an established Windows NT network. This tool is somewhat limited compared to Watch Window.

Engineering Tools

These tools are useful for system debugging, variable monitoring, Tunable Maintenance, real time data collection, data analysis, and Remote Control. See your Woodward sales engineer for additional information.

Microsoft NetMeeting

Microsoft NetMeeting is used for Remote Control and accessing the control's Windows NT desktop. Support for this utility is built into Woodward control systems and emulates video, keyboard, and mouse functionality. This utility is supported over both Ethernet TCP/IP and modem connections.

Control Assistant



Control Assistant is a custom 32-bit application for Windows 95, Windows 98, and Windows NT. This Woodward utility is designed to support the following control features via Serial or Ethernet communications:

- *Tunable Maintenance.* This feature supports tunable capture, sorting, comparing vs. baseline/GAP, saving, and uploading of new tunables into the control.
- *Datalog Plotting.* This feature supports the capture and plotting of high-speed datalog information.

Servlink Server



Servlink Server is a DDE server designed to communicate with the control using the Woodward Servlink Protocol. This protocol allows the Servlink Server to access and modify internal control parameters as directed by any DDE client. A DDE client like Visual Basic, Excel, or Watch Window can then monitor, capture, and modify control variables.

Watch Window II



Watch Window II is an OPC client designed for Ethernet communication with the Woodward Servlink Server to display and control all control system data. From this interface, variables can be selected for both control and monitoring purposes. Watch Window has the following features:

- Variable access through the Servlink OPC data server
- Loading and saving of different Watch Window II configurations
- Hierarchical Tree View of available data
- Variable descriptions are supported
- Multiple data sheets per Watch Window II
- Multiple Watch Window II views
- Drag and drop support
- Tunable modifications
- Updating of EEPROMs

Watch Window Standard



Watch Window Standard works over a Serial Port that has been configured in GAP. It is a free engineering and troubleshooting tool that provides the minimum functionality needed to service the control system.

Watch Window Professional



Watch Window Professional is an engineering and troubleshooting tool that provides all the functionality of the Watch Window Standard along with other useful tools such as Application Loading and the ability to view "Debug" variables, similar to Watch Window II. It works over a Serial Port that has been configured in GAP.

Ladder Logic



Woodward Ladder Logic comes with GAP and permits customer programming and monitoring of a Woodward control. It is easy for anyone familiar with the basic structure of ladder logic to write and use Woodward Ladder Logic. Commands may be activated using a simple point and click Windows interface.

The Woodward Ladder Logic program runs on a PC connected to a serial or Ethernet port of a Woodward digital control system. The Windows operating environment must be used in the PC. The Ladder Logic program can be written and changed using the PC while the hardware is controlling the running prime mover—changes do not take effect until the Ladder Logic program is loaded into the hardware.

IMPORTANT

The AtlasPC control supports only Ladder Logic versions 1.05 or higher.

Service Packs

Between footprint releases, minor software product enhancements are incorporated and may be downloaded to the AtlasPC control via AppManager.

Obtaining Software Tools

Some Woodward software utilities are stored on the Woodward control for easy access. These utilities are located in the Atlas C:\Woodward directory and can be retrieved using Windows NT Explorer. See the “Retrieving Tools from the Control” section of Chapter 2.

Utility	Filename(s)	Operations
Application Manager	AppManager.exe	Start, stop, load, and retrieve Woodward Application Files from over the network.
MicroPanel	MicroPanel.exe	View and configure control variables over the network.
Microsoft NetMeeting	nm30.exe	Remote Control and Configuration of the control Operating System.

The following software tools are available on our web site at www.woodward.com/ic/software

- AppManager
- AMService (AppManager file that resides on the control)
- Watch Window / Servlink
- MicroPanel
- NetSim
- Woodward Coder
- Woodward GAP / Ladder Logic
- Woodward Control Service Packs
- GAP Monitor

Microsoft NetMeeting

It is used for accessing the controls Desk Top. This program is available from the following locations:

- From the C:\Woodward directory on the AtlasPC hard drive. (Use Explorer to retrieve it.)
- From the Microsoft website at **www.microsoft.com/netmeeting**
- Search your PC running Windows NT or Windows 2000 for *nm30.exe*.

Control Assistant

- Since it does not have on-line licensing, it must be purchased from Woodward or an authorized distributor. This comes on floppy discs. Order part number 8928-101

Microsoft VisualC++

It is invoked when the Woodward Coder is run to code GAP applications. It is available as follows:

- From the Microsoft website at **<http://msdn.microsoft.com/visualc/>**

ApplicomIO CD-ROM

It is used to configure the Profibus, CANOpen, and DeviceNet Fieldbus networks and is supplied with an AtlasPC that has a Fieldbus board installed.

Chapter 2. Ethernet Networking

IMPORTANT

The AtlasPC is now shipped with static IP addresses!
Ethernet #1 = 190.14.99.220 (CPU)
Ethernet #2 (optional) = 192.168.10.20 (PC/104)
Subnet Mask: 255.255.0.0
Default Gateway: none

These network settings will probably need to be changed; therefore, care must be taken to understand some networking principals. Consult your Network System Administrator and read the "Internet/Ethernet Discussion" section in Chapter 7 of this manual for additional information. In addition, networking information can be found on your local WinNT PC in, Start\Settings\Control Panel – Help.

Overview

The Atlas supports two shielded 10/100 Base-TX RJ45 female connectors for TCP/IP sessions. These connections are used for network file sharing, application management, and remote control, as well as other control functions like Ethernet Modbus® *. A client computer using a Windows NT Operating System is required for networking with the Woodward control.

- **A *unique* Ethernet IP address is required for every device on a particular network in order to avoid IP address conflicts.**
- **The AtlasPC control's *Computer Name* is associated with its IP addresses** when using a network DHCP server, AppManager, or NetMeeting tools.

*—Modbus is a trademark of Schneider Automation Inc.

IMPORTANT

AtlasPC with *Dual* Ethernet—It is recommended that initially, one port be set to the same Network as your local PC network so that you can use the software tools described in this manual. See Figure 2-1 for an example of two separate networks.

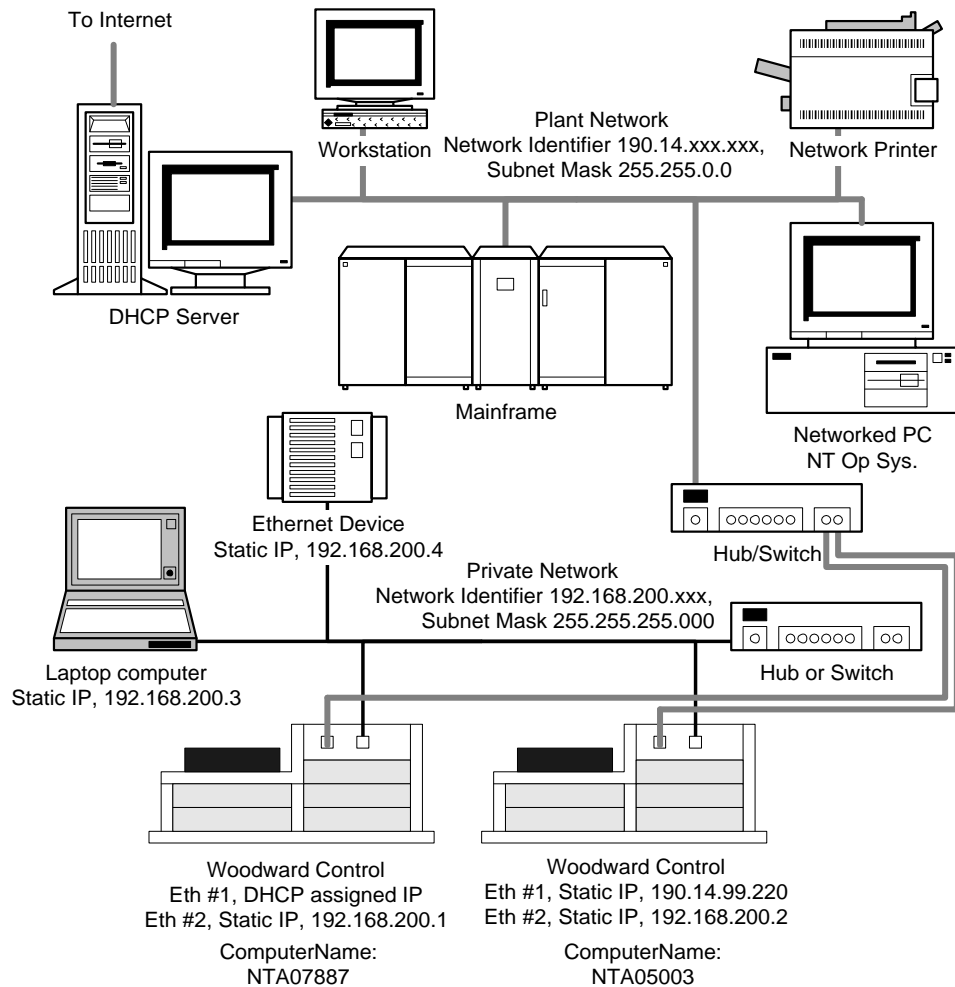


Figure 2-1. Setup Example for Controls with Dual Ethernet

First Time Setup Instructions

This section describes how to safely connect to the Atlas Ethernet ports, how to check the Atlas Ethernet port compatibility for your network, and how to make it compatible so you can access the Atlas and copy the software tools to your local PC. The examples we show are based on the Woodward control in Figure 2-1 with the computer name NTA07887. We will be changing the default IP addresses to those shown in Figure 2-1.

STEP 1:

1. The AtlasPC control's Computer Name label is located on the top cover of the control. It is unique for each Windows NT AtlasPC control. It starts with "NTA" followed by 5-digits. Record the Computer Name below.

IMPORTANT

There is a page at the back of this manual for you to record Software Setup Information for future use.

NTA _____

2. Are the factory set IP addresses, Subnet Mask and Default Gateway compatible with your network? Check with your Network Administrator.

IMPORTANT**TIP**

You can see your PC's network settings by opening a DOS Command Prompt window and typing in "ipconfig".

YES**NO**

3. If YES, go to STEP 2.
If NO, find out what is required for your network:

Ethernet #1:

Mode: Static IP or DHCP

IP Address: _____

Subnet Mask: _____

Default Gateway: _____

Ethernet #2:

Mode: Static IP or DHCP

IP Address: _____

Subnet Mask: _____

Default Gateway: _____

Now skip STEP 2, and go to STEP 3.

STEP 2:

1. Are the factory set IP addresses being used by another device on your network? See the "Pinging the Network" section in this chapter.

YES**NO**

2. If YES, or if you need to change the network settings, Go to STEP 3.
If NO, you can connect the Atlas control to your network and skip ahead to Step 6, "Retrieving Tools from the Control".

STEP 3:**Connecting to the Ethernet Port**

The Woodward software tool "AppManager" is needed to change the Atlas control's Ethernet IP settings to make the Atlas Ethernet port accessible to your local PC. This tool can be downloaded from the Woodward website. See Chapter 1, "Obtaining Software Tools" section.

To avoid IP address conflicts on your network, isolate the control and your PC that you will be using for setting up the control, from the network. Figure 2-2 shows examples of two recommended methods.

1. On your PC, shut down your network applications but don't log off.
2. Connect as shown in Figure 2-2 and power up the AtlasPC.

NOTICE

The use of unshielded Ethernet cable when connecting to a local PC has been known to cause permanent ESD damage to the Atlas Ethernet port. Use only shielded cable!

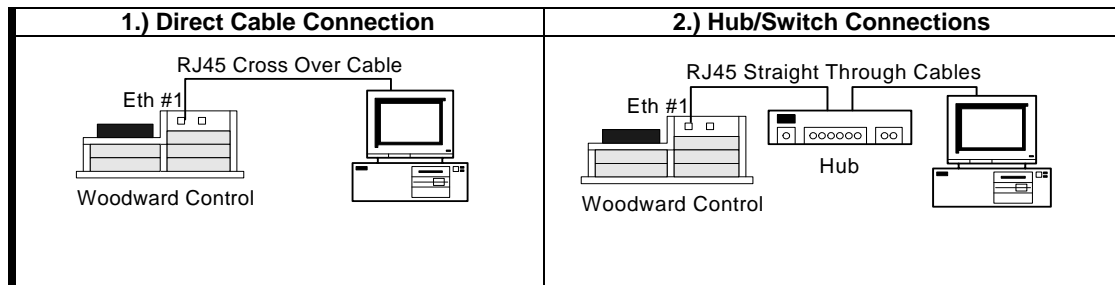


Figure 2-2. Network Cable Connections

- In dual Ethernet controls you can connect to either port but it is best to connect to both Ethernet #1 and Ethernet #2 at the same time using a Hub or Switch, because the Atlas will only respond to broadcast messages out of one port since it knows they are on the same domain.
- When you have the proper connection between the Woodward control's Ethernet Port #1 and your PC, you will see the green "Link" LED remain on (solid) on your PC AND on the AtlasPC.

IMPORTANT

A Hub/Switch will cause your PC's Link light to be on even when a control is not connected. Ethernet Port #2 on the AtlasPC has two LEDs that can be seen only by looking through the top cover microprocessor fan slots. Look toward the middle of the top cover.

Now you are ready to change the Atlas IP settings. IF a new static IP is desired, go to step 4. If a DHCP-assigned IP is desired, go to step 5.

IMPORTANT

We recommend that you make your control compatible with your plant network in order to give you easy access to the control for application setup. You can later go back and change to a private network.

STEP 4—Changing to a New Static IP with AppManager:

Using AppManager 2.0 or higher and footprint revision 2 or later (or revision 1 with Service pack 2 or higher) the controls network settings may be changed as follows:

1. On your PC, open AppManager. If you haven't done so yet, open and read the help file "**appmanager.chm**".

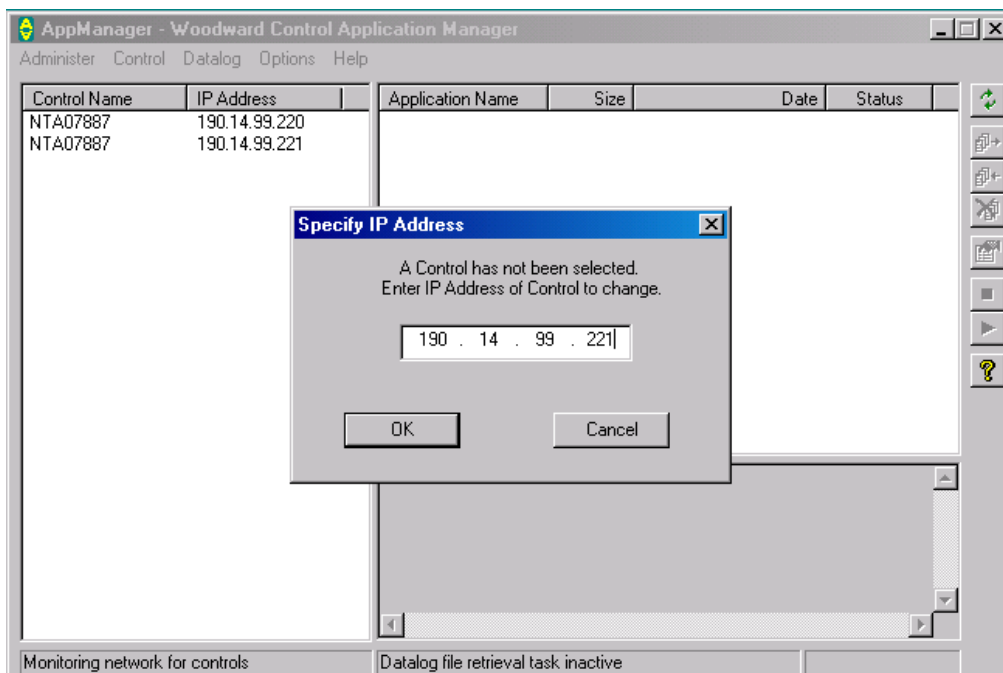
2. You should see the AtlasPC control's Computer Name in the AppManager window. To avoid timeout delays, **do NOT highlight the control's Computer Name**. If it didn't show up, check your connections and verify the Link lights are on per Step 3.

IMPORTANT

If you can't see the control in AppManager, open a DOS Command Prompt window on your PC and try to "ping" the control's Computer Name or the IP address of the port you are connected to. See the "Pinging the Network" section of this chapter. If pinging is successful, your PC's networking settings may need to be changed. Contact your Network Administrator.

In AppManager version 2.0.0.3 and lower, if a control's Network Identifier is not the same as your local PC's Network Identifier, highlighting the control name within AppManager will cause it to look for an RPC server and may take several minutes, or it may cause the application to lock up. If this occurs, you can wait a few minutes more or terminate AppManager using the Windows NT Task Manager accessible via CTRL-ALT-DEL. Start again at Step 4.

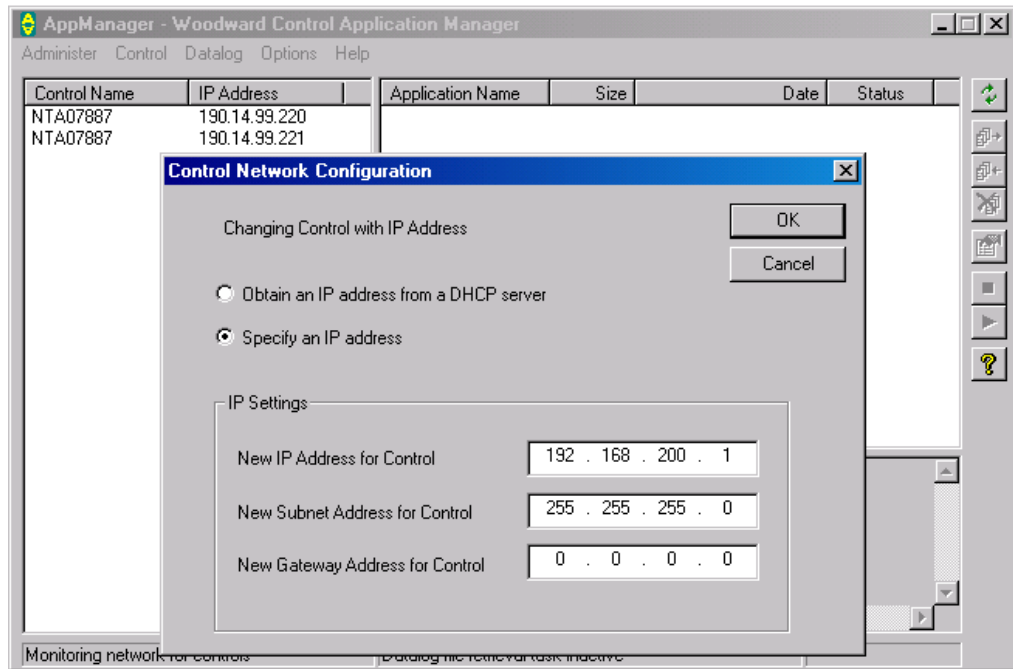
3. Click "Control" in the top header of the AppManager window, use the pull down menu, and select "Change Network Settings".
4. Since a control was NOT highlighted, a new pop-up window will caution the user to verify that there are no running applications on the desired control. Select OK if this is a new control or if your sure the application has been stopped.
5. It will ask you to select a control by entering its IP address. In this example, we have entered Ethernet Port #2 of NTA07887.



6. If you are going to change the Network Identifier, remember that the Network Identifier portion of the IP address is based on the Subnet Mask. Make sure you are isolated from the network and are just local or Host-to-Host, because your new domain may not be compatible with your network.

NOTICE

Failing to put in a new valid IP address can leave the Atlas in a state where it will not be able to communicate over that Ethernet port. If there is not a second Ethernet port in which to access the Atlas and correct the IP address, then the control may have to be shipped back to Woodward and the Compact Flash card reprogrammed.



7. After you enter the desired settings, press OK. The new IP address will take affect when the control re-boots. When it does, you will not be able to see it in AppManager for about two minutes. When it does show up in AppManager the IP address will be changed.
8. If the new IP address is compatible with the network your PC was logged into, you can highlight the controls associated Computer Name in AppManager, and use AppManager without restrictions.

STEP 5:**Changing to DHCP mode with AppManager**

Using AppManager 2.0 or higher and footprint revision 2 (or revision 1 w/Service pack 2 or higher) the control network settings may be changed as follows:

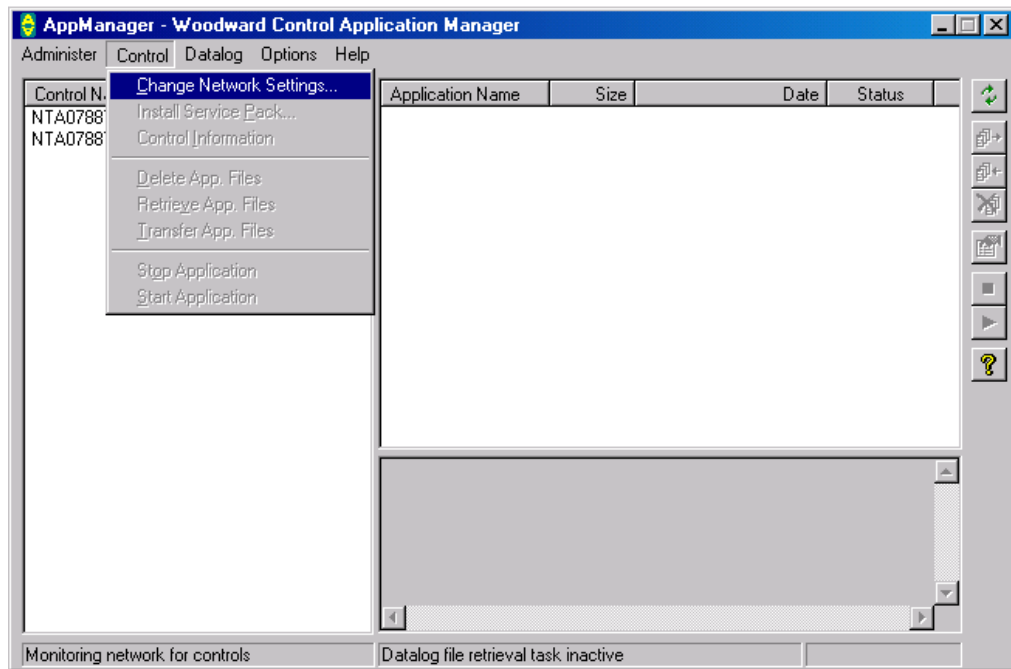
1. On your PC, open AppManager. Now is also a good time to open and read the AppManager help file, (appmanager.chm) if you are not familiar with AppManager.
2. You should see the AtlasPC control's Computer Name in the AppManager window. To avoid timeout delays, *do **NOT** highlight the control's Computer Name*. If it didn't show up, check your connections and verify the Link lights are on per Step 3.

IMPORTANT

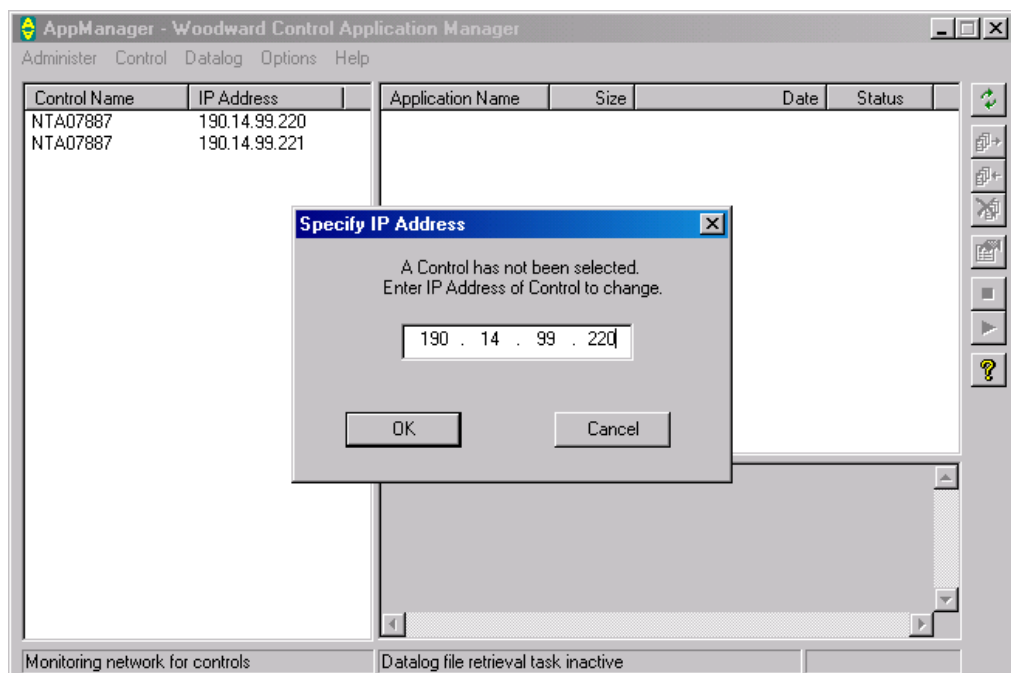
If you can't see the control in AppManager, open a DOS Command Prompt window on your PC and try to "ping" the control's Computer Name or the IP address of the port you are connected to. See the "Pinging the Network" section of this chapter. If pinging is successful, your PC's networking settings may need to be changed. Consult your Network Administrator.

In AppManager version 2.0.0.3 and lower, if a control's Network Identifier is not the same as your local PC's Network Identifier, highlighting the control name within AppManager will cause it to look for an RPC server and may take several minutes, or it may cause AppManager to lock up. If this occurs, you can wait a few minutes more or terminate AppManager using the Windows NT Task Manager accessible via CTRL-ALT-DEL. Start again at Step 5.

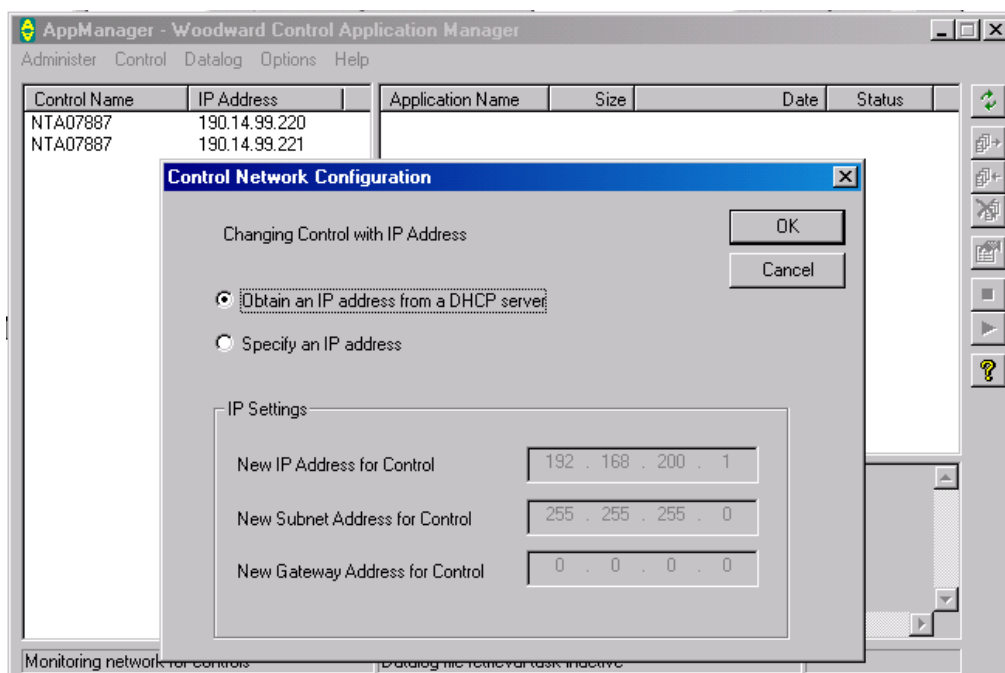
3. Click on the [Refresh Control List] icon to de-select all controls.
4. Click "Control" in the top header of the AppManager window, use the pull down menu, and select "Change Network Settings".
5. Since a control was NOT highlighted, a new pop-up window will caution the user to verify that there are no running applications on the desired control. Select OK if this is a new control or if your sure the application has been stopped.



6. It will ask you to select a control by entering its IP address.



7. Select, "Obtain an IP address from a DHCP server"



8. After you hit OK, it will ask if you want to reboot the Atlas control. Hit OK. It will disappear from AppManager. While it reboots, at any time you can connect the port you just changed to your network. It is expecting a server to assign it an IP address for however long your networks lease period is. Allow it to finish re-booting. If that is all the network settings you need to change, connect your PC and the Atlas to the network and cycle power to the Atlas. When it boots up you will eventually see it in AppManager and Explorer.

IMPORTANT

If your Atlas had a static IP and it was previously on your DHCP network, it may take up to an hour before your server tells your local PC the new association between the Computer Name and the new IP address. If you try to ping the Atlas with the Computer Name, you will not be able to find it and it won't show up in AppManager. A quick way to fix this problem is to reboot your local PC.

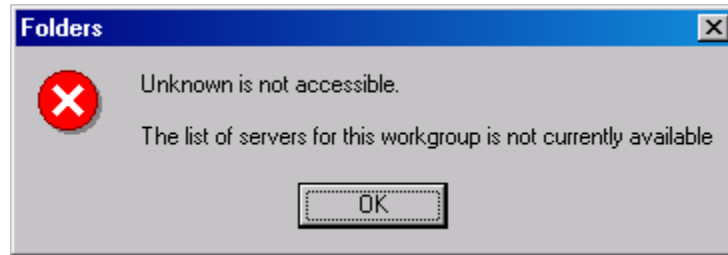
IMPORTANT

TIP

If it doesn't show up in AppManager, find out the control's network settings. With your PC and the control off the Plant Network, connect to the control via NetMeeting (see the NetMeeting Setup section of this chapter) using its Computer Name. On the control's desktop, select [Start]\Programs. Open the DOS Command Prompt found and type in "ipconfig". It will show the controls network settings.

STEP 6: Retrieving Tools from the Control

1. Open Explorer on your PC and do a search for a computer or "Find Computer". Enter the Controls Computer Name that you recorded in Step 1.
2. It should be found in a few minutes. Double click on the computer icon or Computer Name when it shows up. If this is your first access to the control since boot up, you will be prompted for a Log In before being allowed to browse the control's hard drive. Upon successful login, you will have access to the C Drive and the Woodward directories for normal windows file sharing.
- If an "Enter Network Password" window pops up asking for "Connect As" and "Password", Enter "ServiceUser" Case sensitive without the quotes for both.
3. If this is the first access to the control since boot up, a warning about "Folders" pops up. It may pop up at each of the folder levels of the control the first time you access the control. It may also pop up multiple times. Continue clicking OK until it goes away.



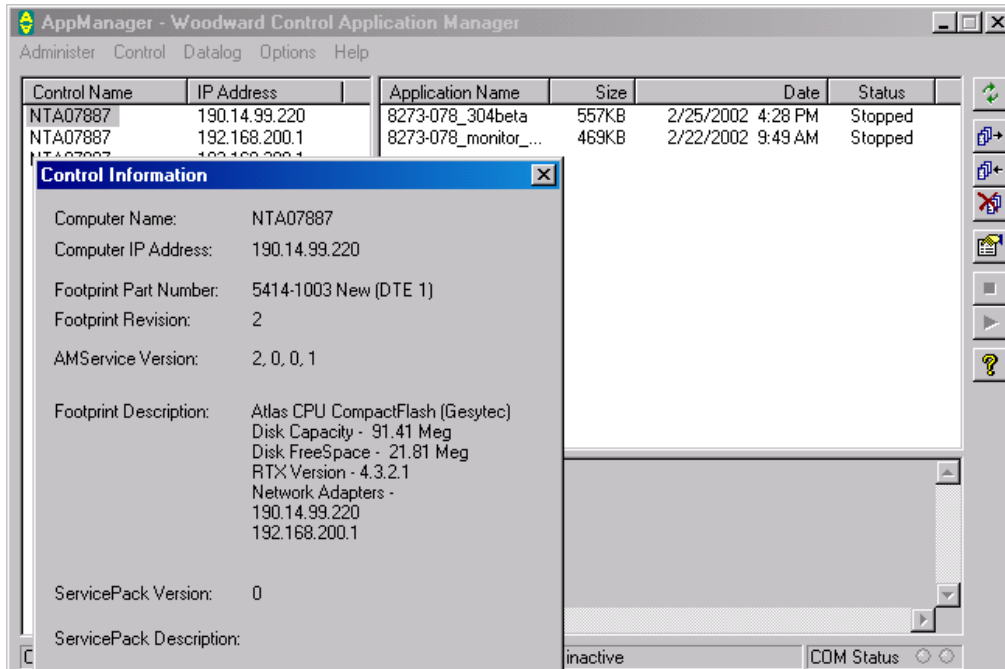
4. Open the folder called "Woodward".
5. If you don't already have AppManager installed, **right** mouse click on **AppManager**, select "**Send To**", "**My Documents**" from the pull down menu. (This may take awhile.) It puts this file in you Local PC's c:\MyDocuments folder.
6. Do the same for the **AppManager help** file, **AppManager.chm**.
7. Do the same for the **NetMeeting** file: **nm30.exe**.

This completes the "First Time Set up instructions". You should now have at least one TCP/IP Ethernet port on the AtlasPC that you can put on your plant network and use to access the control for further setup and monitoring.

AppManager—Control Information Screen

This AppManager screen shows the control information about the CPU board and its C: drive.

Make sure the control has an IP address that is compatible with your PC's network, then highlight the Computer Name, and press the [Control Info] icon.



NetMeeting Setup

Installation

To use Microsoft NetMeeting, it must be installed on the PC that will access the Woodward control. The program is distributed as a self-installing archive (nm30.exe), which is easily executed and installed on the client machine.

1. Obtain Microsoft NetMeeting on your local PC. See the Step 6 "Retrieving Tools from the Control" section of this chapter.

Upon completion, a shortcut is placed in the Start Menu and on the desktop. NetMeeting must now be configured before being used.

NetMeeting Configuration

2. NetMeeting will ask for user information the first time the application is run. All fields must be filled in before setup can continue.

Enter User Information...

NetMeeting

Enter information about yourself for use with NetMeeting.
Note: You must supply your first name, last name, and E-mail address.

First name:

Last name:

E-mail address:

Location:

Comments:

< Back Next > Cancel

Select option..."Do not list my name"

NetMeeting

A directory server lists people you can call using NetMeeting. If you log onto a directory server, people will see your name and will be able to call you.

☐ Log on to a directory server when NetMeeting starts

Server name:

☒ Do not list my name in the directory.

< Back Next > Cancel

3. The next screen will ask how the user prefers to communicate with the control. The typical response is via Local Area Network. However, other communication modes are supported. Select the appropriate response.

NetMeeting

Specify the speed of your connection to the network you will be using to make NetMeeting calls.

☐ 14400 bps modem

☐ 28800 bps or faster modem

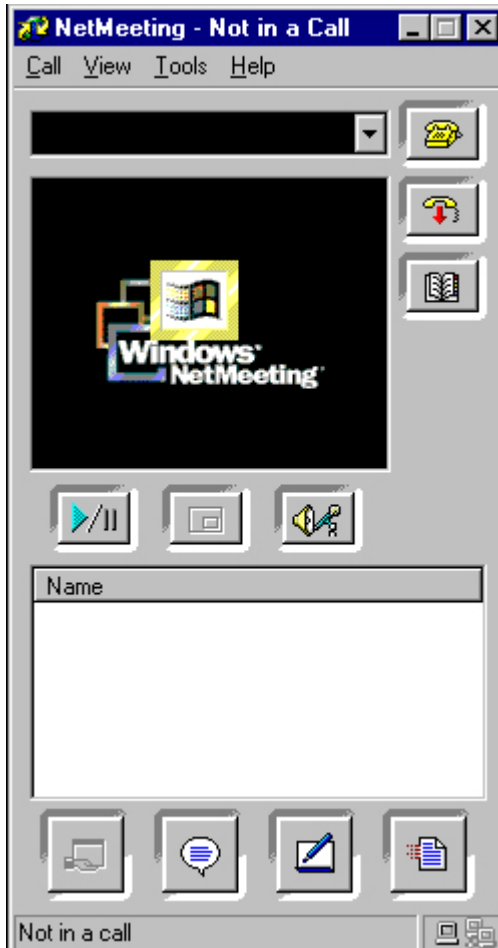
☐ Cable, xDSL or ISDN

☒ Local Area Network

< Back Next > Cancel

4. Follow the remaining setup screens using the default selections until finished. NetMeeting will then execute for the first time. From the menu, select Tools -> Options to reach the Options Dialog, and select the Security tab to reach the security options. Set the "I prefer to make secure outgoing calls" option. NetMeeting is now configured.

From the menu, Select Tools -> Options...

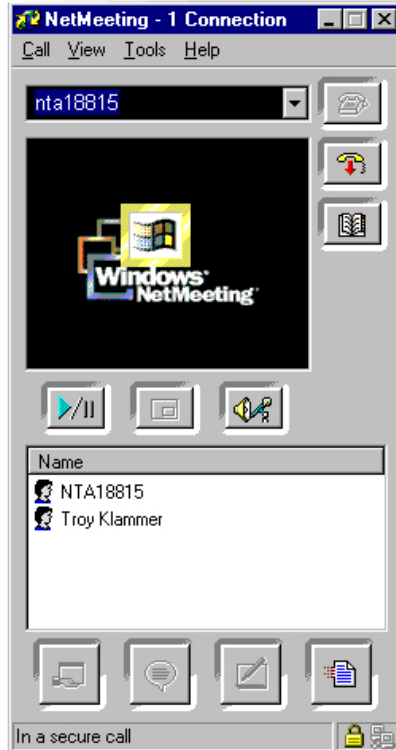


Select the Security tab set the option...
→ "I prefer to make secure outgoing calls"

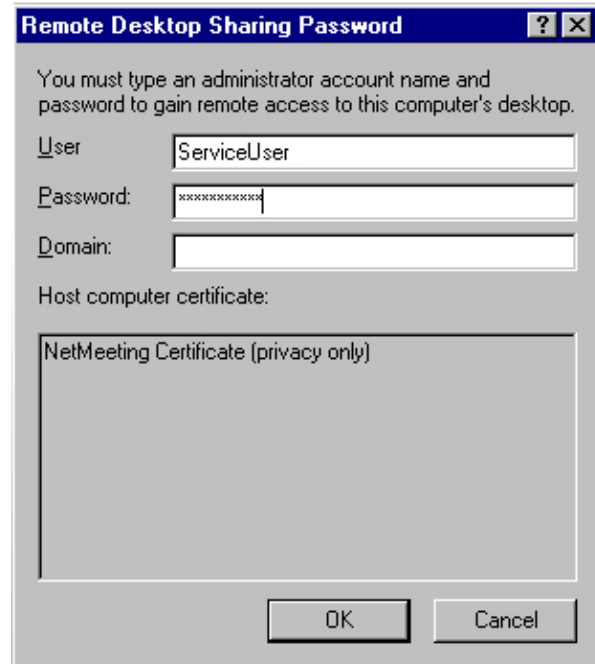


Connecting with NetMeeting

Connecting to the Control
Start Microsoft NetMeeting and connect to the control using its Computer Name (i.e.: NTA18815)
The IP address can also be used.
(i.e.:190.14.99.220)

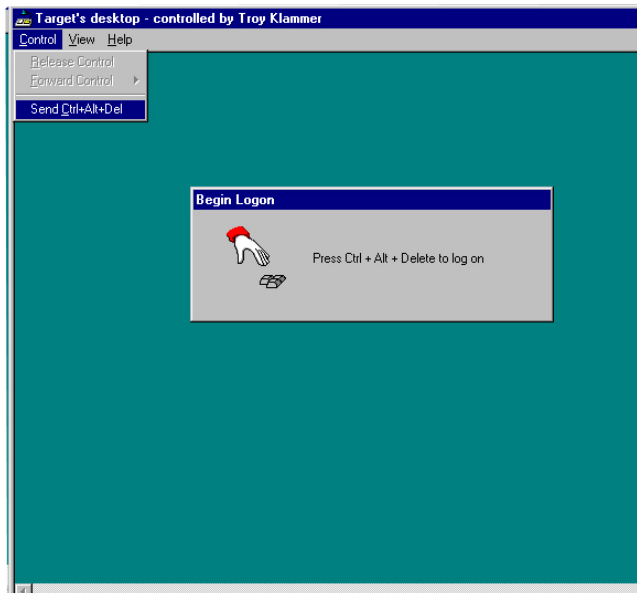


UserName: ServiceUser
Password: ServiceUser



Logging On to the Control

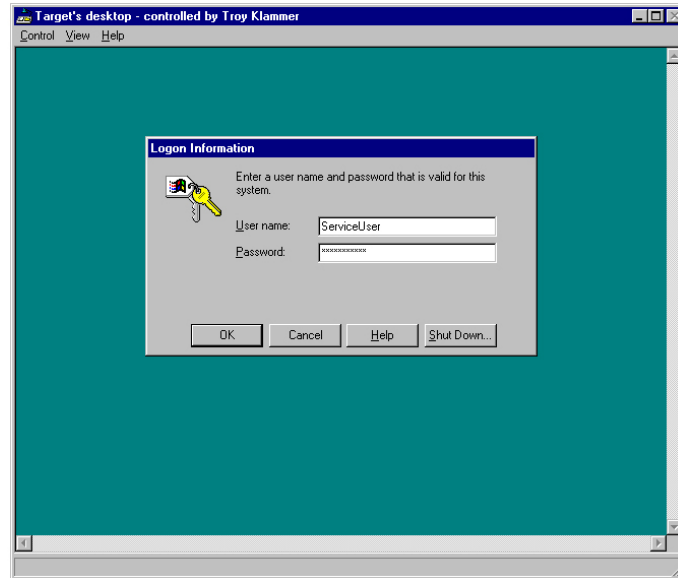
Send Ctrl-Alt-Del from the
CONTROL menu



Login to the Control

Unlock the Control

UserName: ServiceUser
Password: ServiceUser

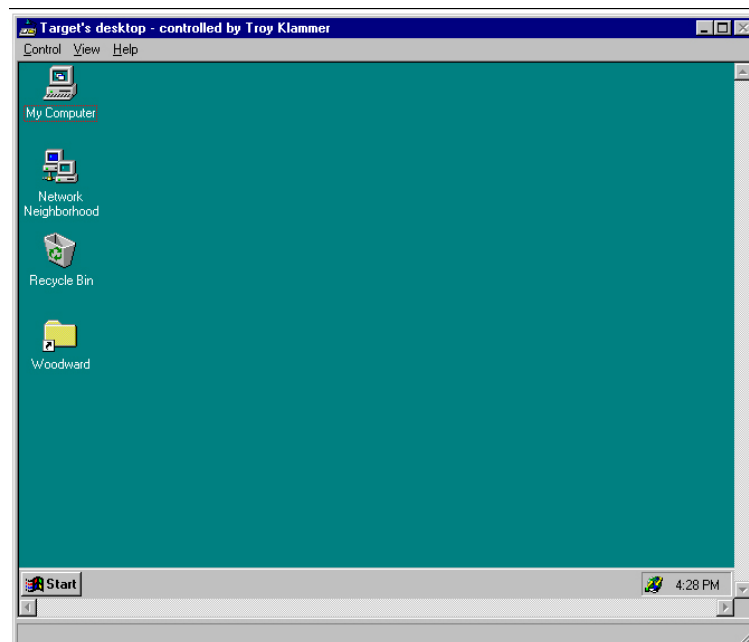


The control Desktop

The control Desktop is now available for general use and configuration.

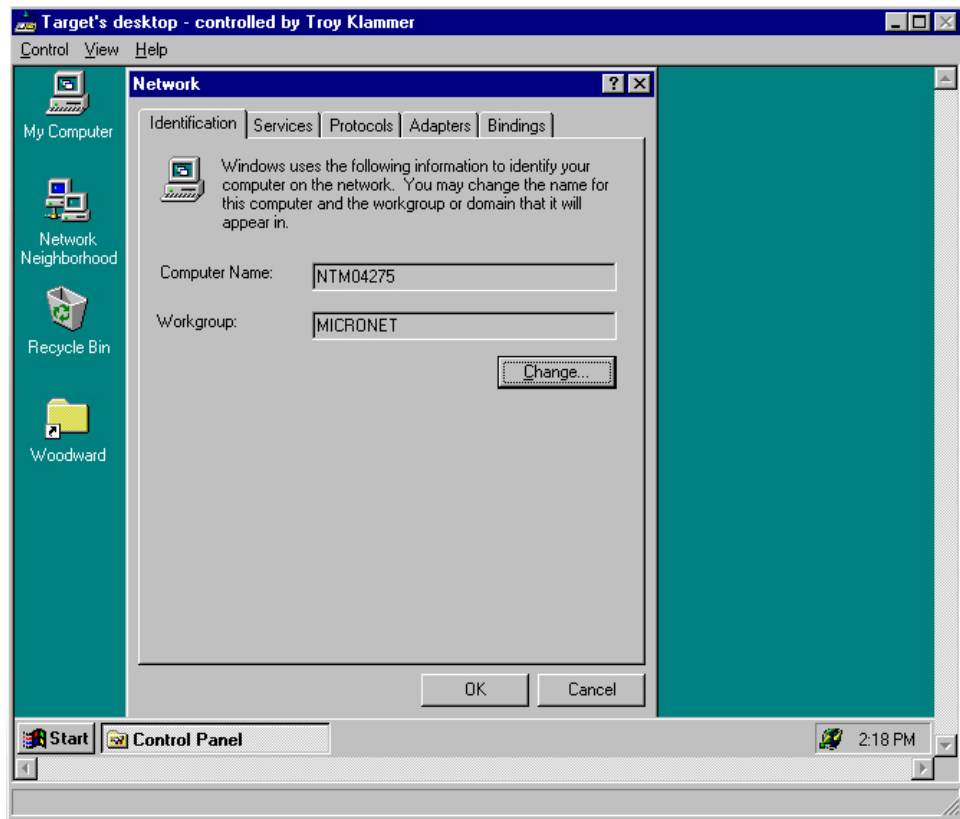
Applications can be started, stopped, and debugged. Files can be manipulated.

Network settings can be configured.



Change Network Settings with NetMeeting

1. If you are not familiar with NetMeeting, see the "NetMeeting Set Up" and "Connecting with NetMeeting" sections.
2. Connect to controls desktop and press [Start]\Settings\Control Panel\Network.



3. Select the Protocols tab, then Properties. From there, you can change the network configuration from DHCP mode to a static IP Address.

IMPORTANT

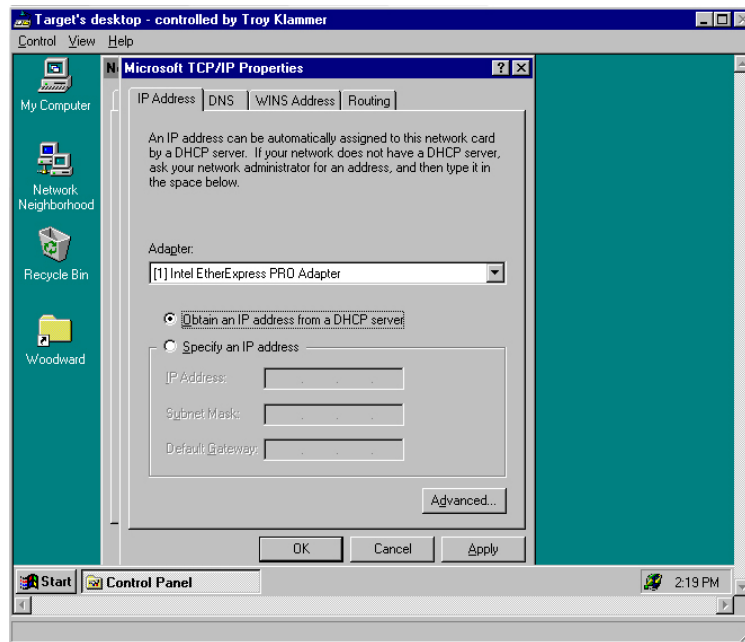
If you select the [Change] button on the above screen, you can change the Computer Name, but to avoid confusion, don't do that now.

If you are going to change the Network Identifier portion of the IP address, remember, the Network Identifier portion of the IP address is based on the Subnet Mask, make sure you are isolated from the network and are just local or Host to Host, because your new domain may not be compatible with your network.

NOTICE

Failing to put in a new valid IP address can leave the Atlas in a state where it will not be able to communicate over that Ethernet port. If there is not a second Ethernet port in which to access the Atlas and correct the IP address, then the control may have to be shipped back to Woodward and the Compact Flash card reprogrammed.

- To change to a different static IP Address will require that a valid IP, Subnet Mask and Gateway numbers be entered. Check with your Network System Administrator for help in configuring these settings. See Chapter 7, Internet/Ethernet Information.



- In the Adaptor pull down, Adaptor [1] always refers to Ethernet Port #1 (CPU). In dual Ethernet controls, select Adaptor [2] to change Ethernet #2 port (PC/104).
- After you enter the desired settings, press OK. The NetMeeting window will close. The new network settings will take effect when the control reboots.
- Note: If your Atlas had a static IP and it was previously on your DHCP network it may take up to an hour before your server tells your local PC the new association between the Computer Name and the new IP address. If you try to ping the Atlas with the Computer Name you will not be able to find it and it won't show up in AppManager. A quick way to fix the above problem is to reboot your local PC.

IMPORTANT

TIP

If it doesn't show up in AppManager, find out the control's network settings. With your PC and the control off the Plant Network, connect to the control via NetMeeting using its Computer Name. On the control's desktop, select [Start]\Programs. Open the DOS Command Prompt found and type in "ipconfig". It will show the control's network settings.

- If the new IP address is compatible with the network your PC was logged into, you can highlight the controls associated Computer Name in AppManager and use AppManager without restrictions.

Dual Ethernet GAP Setup

The second Ethernet card is actuated by the IP address and Subnet Mask. However, to talk Modbus, the Modbus block requires a UDP_P block to identify a port. The UDP_P block needs to connect to the NT_CPU parent block.

See Figure 2-3.

1. In the NT_CPU parent block, add the second ETHER_2 input by opening the NT_CPU block and clicking on RPT2.
2. At the NT_CPU.ETHER_x inputs, enter the name of the two UDP_P blocks.
3. The UDP_P output from the UDP_P block goes to a MODBUS_M or MODBUS_S PORT_X input.

IMPORTANT

When you have multiple UDP_P blocks, each S_PORT input must be a unique number. See the UDP_P block help.

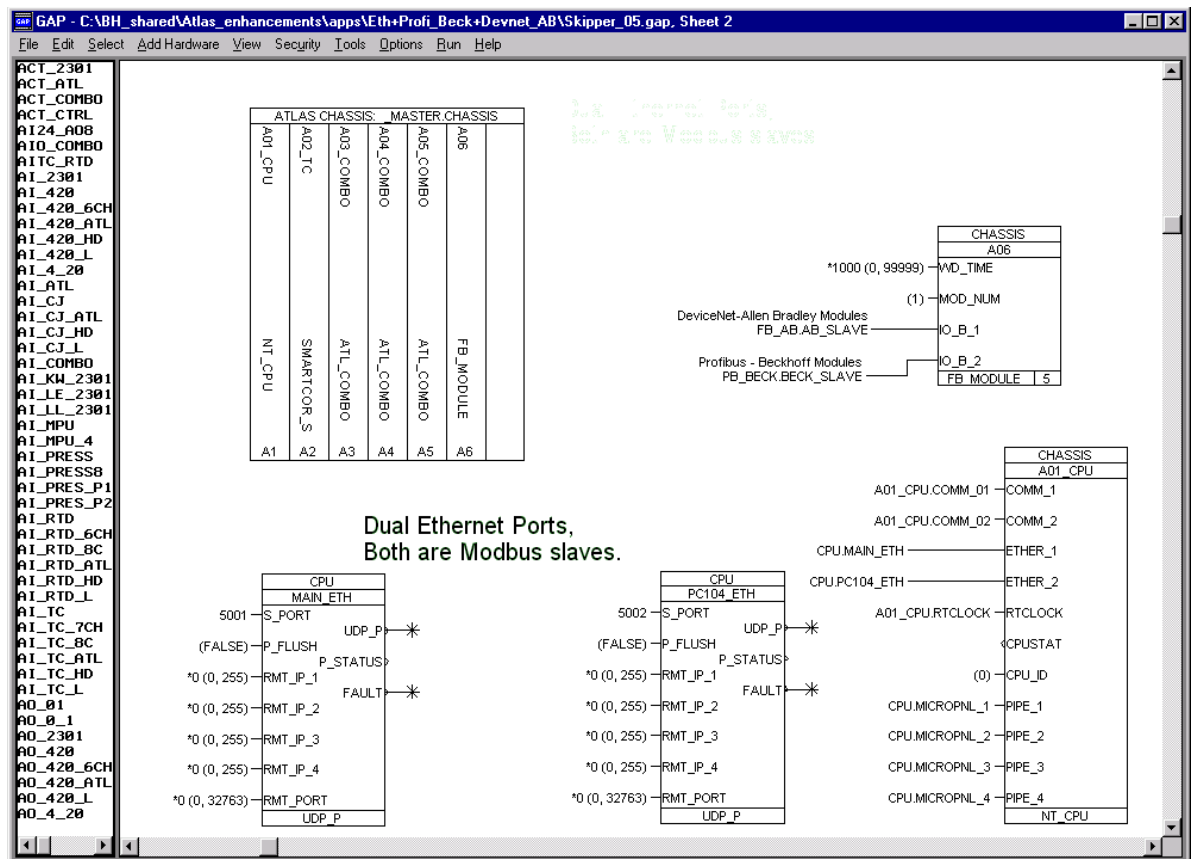


Figure 2-3. Dual Ethernet GAP Example

Network Security and Permissions

The control Operating System enforces security by requiring the user to login with valid permissions before the control system can be accessed. Modification of the user list is supported for those sites that require custom user configurations.

The following logins are supported for accessing the control. The Administrator login is reserved for qualified Woodward personnel. All UserNames and Passwords are case sensitive!

UserName	Password	Permissions
Administrator	*****	Read, Write, Execute
ServiceUser	ServiceUser	Read, Write, Execute
operator	operator	Read only

Table 2-1. Control User Names and Password List

Pinging the Network

Ping is a DOS command done on the Command Prompt window. It is useful for the following:

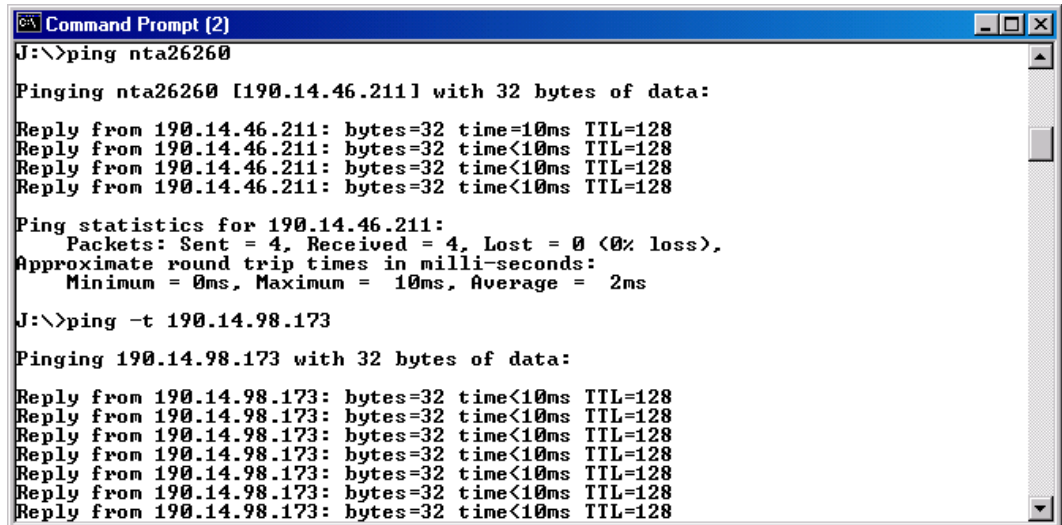
- To see if a device with a specific IP address exists on a network. For instance before connecting a Woodward Ethernet port on your network, do this test to your network to see if the IP address that was fixed (static) in a Woodward control is being used by another device.
- To find a Woodward control with an unknown Computer Name or unknown IP address, and confirm you are talking to it by seeing its TX LED blink.
- To see if a TCP/IP Ethernet Port is available to the network.

If the control appears to be unresponsive to Ethernet requests, “ping” the control to determine if the control is available. The DOS “ping” command will send a network packet to the control and monitor the Ethernet for a response. If a successful response occurs, it will annunciate the control IP address and the travel time of the communications packet. This indicates the hardware is working.

Pinging Instructions

You can “ping” an AtlasPC control by Computer Name or IP address as follows:

1. A shielded crossover cable is needed when you are connected Host to Host. A Straight-through cable is needed when there is a Hub or Switch. Verify that you have a green “Link” light, which indicates a good connection.
2. On your PC, select [Start]\Programs. Find the Command Prompt shortcut and type in a ping command.
3. Example: c:> ping nta26260 or c:> ping 190.14.98.173. See Figure 2-4.
4. Type in “ping” [Enter] to see ping options. See Figure 2-5.
5. To close the command Prompt Window, type in “exit” [Enter].



```

C:\>Command Prompt (2)
J:\>ping nta26260

Pinging nta26260 [190.14.46.211] with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 190.14.46.211: bytes=32 time=10ms TTL=128
Reply from 190.14.46.211: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=128
Reply from 190.14.46.211: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=128
Reply from 190.14.46.211: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 190.14.46.211:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 10ms, Average = 2ms

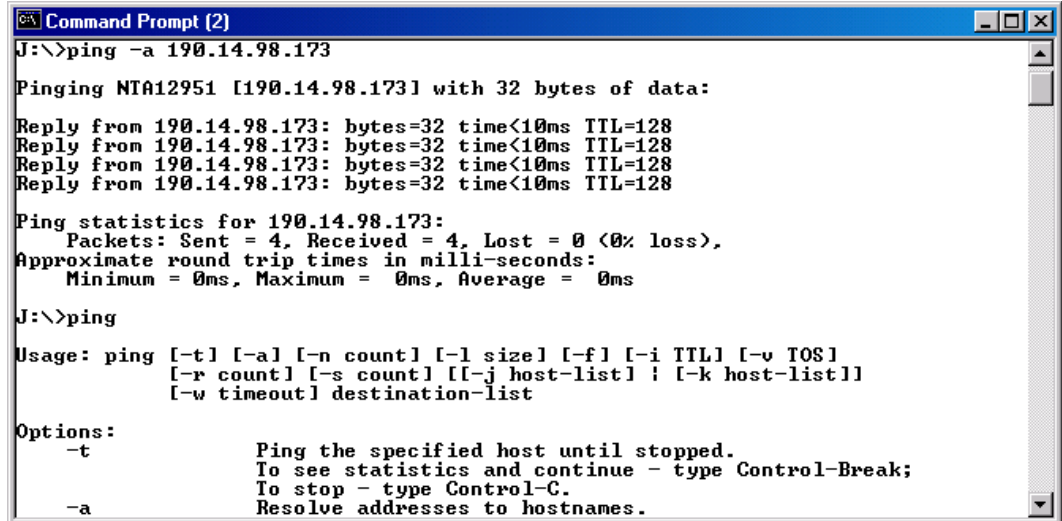
J:\>ping -t 190.14.98.173

Pinging 190.14.98.173 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 190.14.98.173: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=128
Reply from 190.14.98.173: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=128
Reply from 190.14.98.173: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=128
Reply from 190.14.98.173: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=128
Reply from 190.14.98.173: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=128
Reply from 190.14.98.173: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=128
Reply from 190.14.98.173: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=128

```

Figure 2-4. DOS Ping of Computer Name and IP Address (example)



```

C:\>Command Prompt (2)
J:\>ping -a 190.14.98.173

Pinging NTA12951 [190.14.98.173] with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 190.14.98.173: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=128
Reply from 190.14.98.173: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=128
Reply from 190.14.98.173: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=128
Reply from 190.14.98.173: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 190.14.98.173:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

J:\>ping

Usage: ping [-t] [-a] [-n count] [-l size] [-f] [-i TTL] [-v TOS]
          [-r count] [-s count] [[-j host-list] : [-k host-list]]
          [-w timeout] destination-list

Options:
    -t             Ping the specified host until stopped.
                   To see statistics and continue - type Control-Break;
                   To stop - type Control-C.
    -a             Resolve addresses to hostnames.

```

Figure 2-5. DOS Ping of IP Address to Find Computer Name and Ping Usage (example)

IMPORTANT

When pinging the AtlasPC control's Ethernet #1 port, you should see the red TX LED turn on in response to each ping, through the top cover slot.

IMPORTANT**TIP**

Pinging with a "-t" suffix will continually ping until you press [CTRL]+[C].

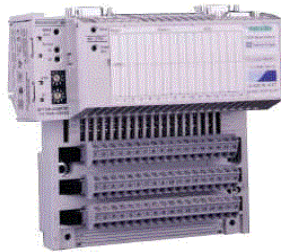
Ethernet Distributed I/O

For Ethernet Distributed IO, “BootP” is a Woodward tool that resides on the control along with some supporting executables. It’s an IP/UDP bootstrap protocol, which allows a client machine to discover its own IP address. The protocol operates as a server, continuously listening for a request. When the server gets a request, it looks for an entry in the BootP database that matches the MAC address of the request. If the server finds a match, it sends a response message with the IP address from the entry that matched.

Distributed I/O is covered in considerable detail in volume II of the AtlasPC Hardware manual, 85586V2.

As an example of how to set up a distributed I/O node, a Modicon, analog 16-channel single ended module will be used (170 AAI 140 00).

This module can be configured for ± 10 V, ± 5 V, or 4–20 mA inputs.

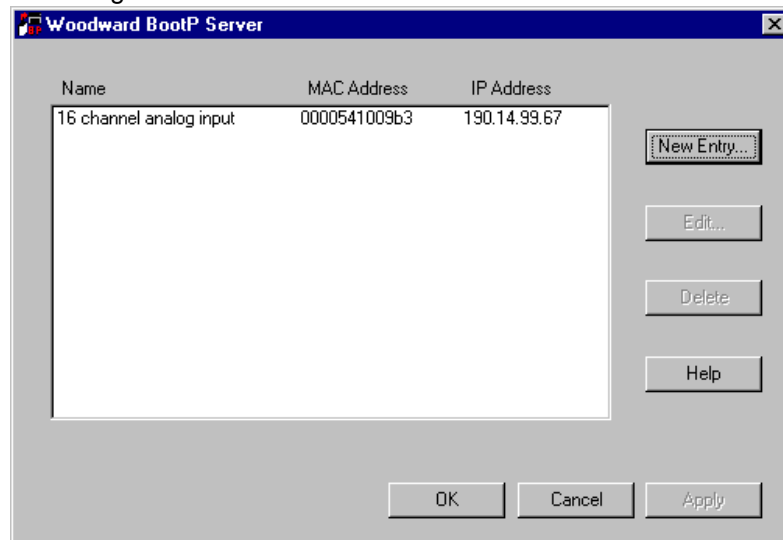


Giving the module an IP Address

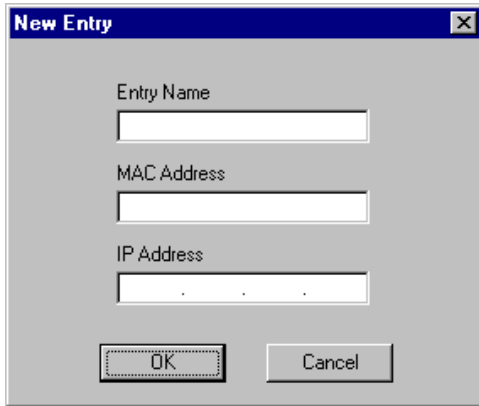
Each distributed I/O device has an IP address associated with it. For some devices, this address is set by a terminal emulator over an RS-232 line and for other devices, it is set automatically by a server called BOOTP. Modicon uses the BootP program.

On each Modicon node there is a MAC address (usually some kind of sticker) which is a unique address given to this node. This address, along with a valid IP Address, can be obtained from the system administrator, as well as an “Entry Name” field or description. Enter as shown, and the module will adopt this new IP Address.

This BootP application resides on the Atlas in the C:\Woodward directory and can be run remotely via NetMeeting.



BootP Screenshot:



Ethernet Distributed IO and GAP

- In GAP, use FBUS_M to scan Ethernet IO over the network. It will work with any distributed IO that uses the Modbus over TCP/IP standard. It is designed to establish a TCP connection with one device. The block is found in GAP, "Add Hardware", "TCP/IP Fieldbus Blocks".
- The blocks FBUS_INITA and FBUS_INITB are used to initialize a distributed IO module.
- The FBUS_AI, FBUS_AO, FBUS_BI, FBUS_BO, FBUS_AIO blocks support the

Modbus functions.

- Use GAP help for information to get the GAP interface written. Contact Woodward for additional help with Ethernet distributed I/O.
- The Modicon manual will give you information on how to configure inputs for a voltage or current input. It will also give you information about how to scale the raw counts coming from the module into the atlas.
- Gap Help on the above mentioned blocks will instruct the user how to configure the gap blocks to accept the incoming raw counts into a voltage or current signal.

More information can be found in Woodward manual 85586V2, *AtlasPC Hardware Manual, vol. II* (Distributed I/O).

Chapter 3.

Application Setup and Configuration

Introduction

The application program for the control must be created and loaded before the control will perform any useful function. This section describes what steps the system engineer must perform to properly create, load, and maintain software on the control.

Creating the Application

The application software is created using Woodward GAP™ and Coder tools described in Chapter 1. The GAP application defines the I/O configuration and range settings, as well as the signal flow of the control application. If Ladder Logic is used, this application must be defined and linked to the GAP as well. When the application is complete, a completeness check is performed in GAP. This results in output called the .CDR file, which is processed by Woodward Coder. The Coder tool uses the .CDR file to create the target software (.EXE and .RTSS files). These files are then loaded on the control's non-volatile memory.

Downloading and Running the Application

The AppManager tool is used to transfer the application to the control. AppManager must first be installed on a PC that is networked to the control. Then, the AppManager's Transfer Application Files command is used to move the .EXE and .RTSS files to the control's non-volatile memory (flash disk). The AppManager makes sure the application files are transferred to the proper area on the control for execution.

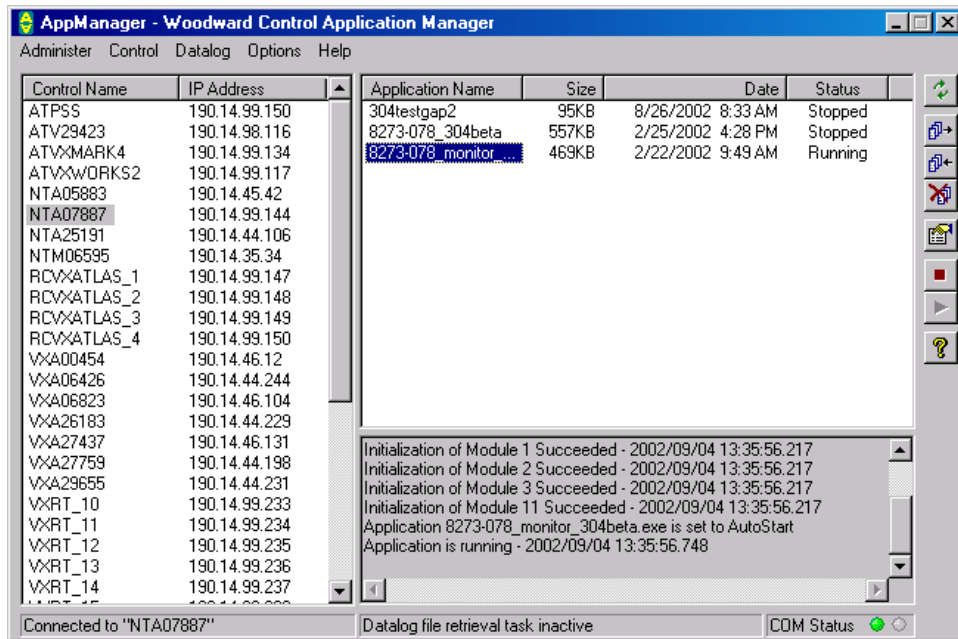
IMPORTANT

AppManager requires a valid Login to the control before the application can be manipulated by a new user or workstation. See the "Network Security and Permissions" section of chapter 2 and Table 2-1.

Once the application files (.EXE and .RTSS) are transferred to the control, follow these steps to start the application:

1. Select the Control Name. The Control List displays the computer names of all controls attached to the network. When you select a control name from the list, the Application List (right window) is updated.
2. Select the application you want to start by highlighting it on the Application List.

- Press the [Start Application] button to run the application. AppManager will start the application software. Initialization Status information will be displayed in the lower right window. You can also double-click a stopped application name to start it, or double-click a running application name to stop it.



Once the application is running, the Status LEDs on the boards that are configured in GAP will turn off, and AppManager will indicate that the application is marked as the Auto-Start Application. This means that if the control's power is cycled, or if the control goes down for any reason, the current application will automatically restart when the control comes back up. This feature eliminates the need to connect to the control with AppManager every time the control is powered up to get the application software running.

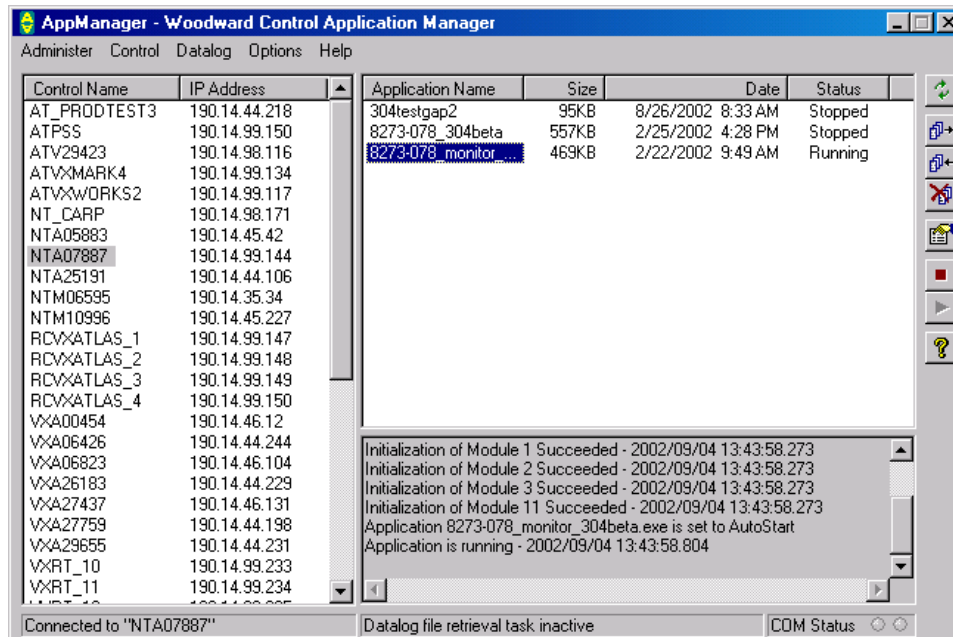
When an application is stopped using AppManager's Stop Application command, AppManager un-marks the application as the Auto-Start Application.

IMPORTANT

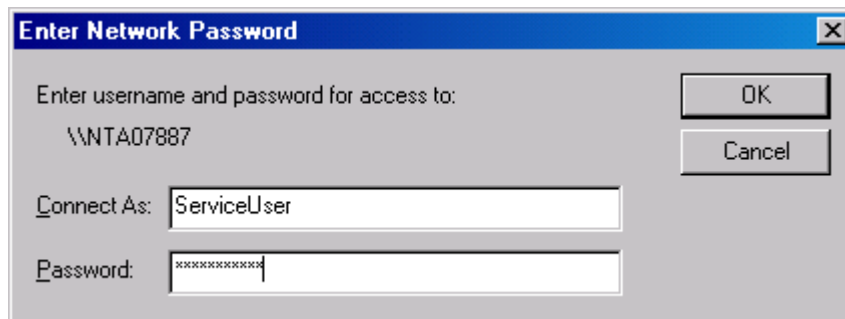
The first time the application is started, a .EE file is created which holds all of the tunable values in the application program. This file is located in the same folder as the .EXE and .RTSS files.

Changing the Application

To change an application that is running, highlight the running application name, and then press the [Stop Application] button.

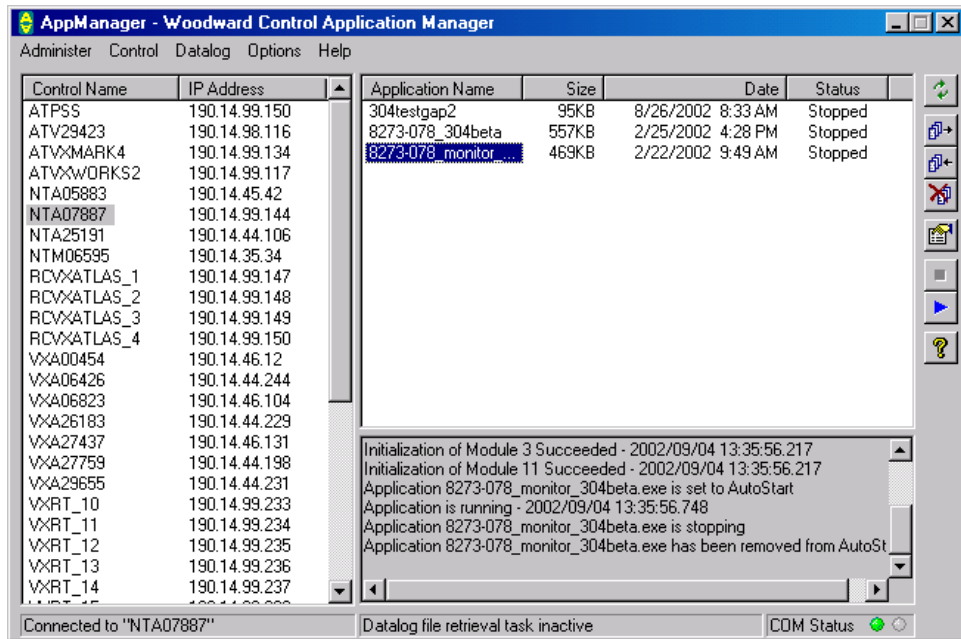


AppManager will ask you to login:



AppManager will ask you to confirm that you want to stop the application:

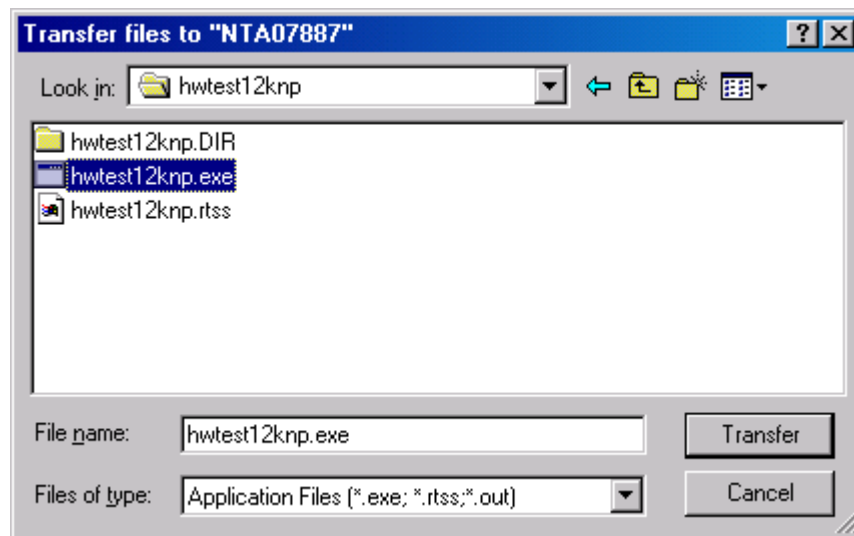
Select [Yes] to stop the application. The Status Message Display and Application List will indicate when the application has stopped and it is removed from the AutoStart list.



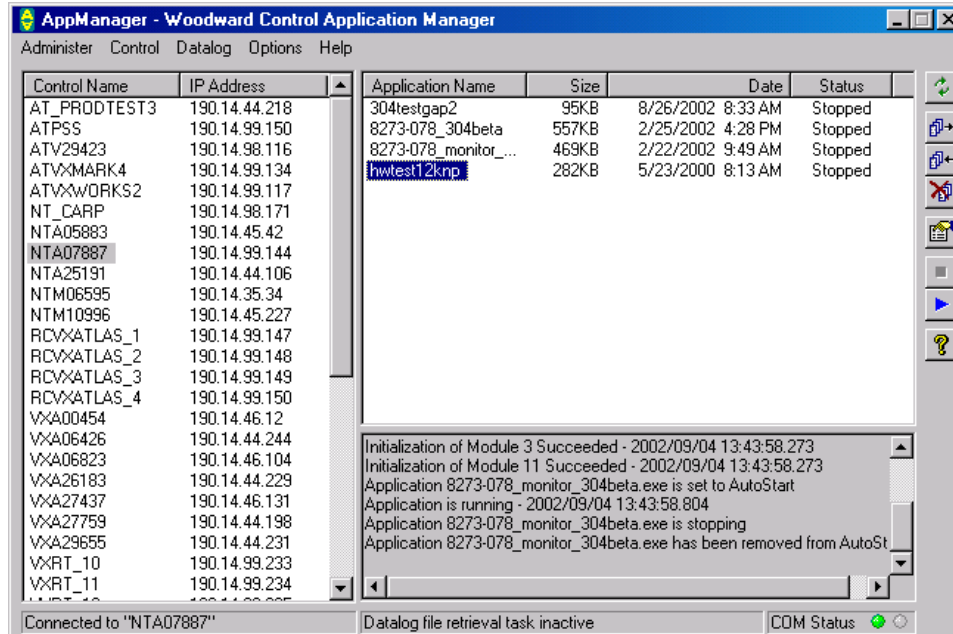
Next, you will need to transfer an application to the control (skip this step if the application is already available on the Application List). The [Transfer App Files] button is used to move the application from your local PC to the control's non-volatile memory.

If the application has not yet been loaded to the control:

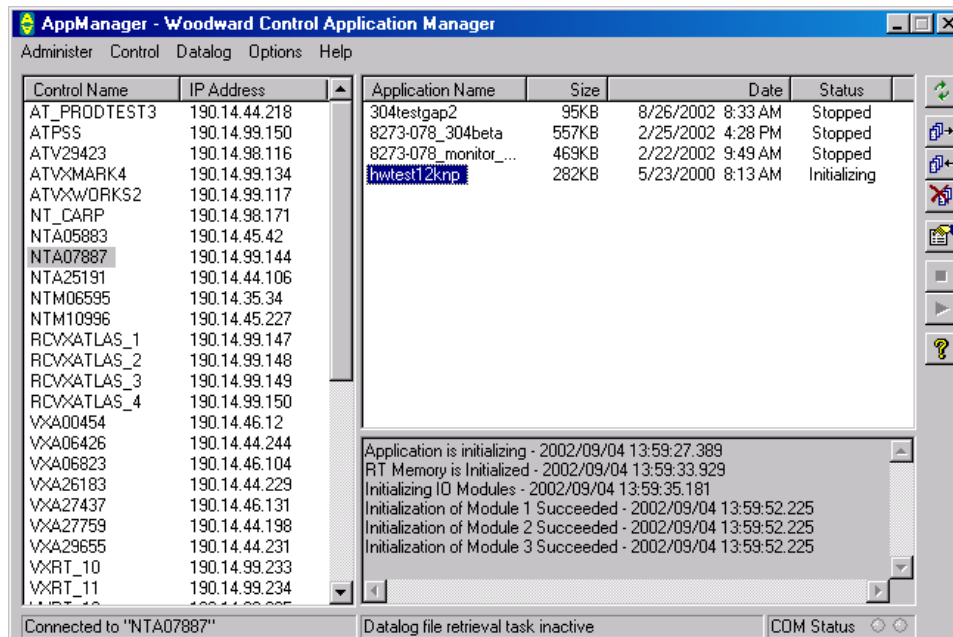
- Make sure you have the proper control selected on the Control List, then press [Transfer App Files]. A dialog box will appear that allows you to select an application to load to the control:



- Select either the .EXE or the .RTSS file of the application you want to transfer and press Transfer. AppManager will transfer both the .EXE and .RTSS files to the control. You will be prompted before overwriting existing files. You cannot overwrite an application that is currently running.
- Once the application is transferred, it will be displayed on the Application list. Highlight the one you want to start and press the [Start/Stop Application] button to start the selected application.



The Status Message Display will indicate that the Application is initializing and show status of the initialization process.



Once the application is finished initializing, the Status Message Display will indicate that the Application is running and is set to AutoStart.

If desired, the old, stopped application may now be deleted from the control's non-volatile memory by highlighting the Application Name and selecting [Delete App Files].

Rebooting the Control

The control is designed to reset upon power-up, so cycle power to the control to reboot. The running application is marked as the Auto-Start Application, so it will automatically restart after a power cycle.

To restart only the application program, use AppManager's Restart Application command. This button will restart the currently selected application.

IMPORTANT

An application must be running before the Restart Application command will work, so an application cannot be restarted that is not currently running on the control.

(Debug Information)—If the controller does not start correctly on power-up or the controller does not start the application properly, remove the COM1 and COM2 serialport connections to the Atlas controller and try again. If removing the serialport connections eliminates the problem, you need to remove all data messages being sent to the Atlas COM1 or COM2 before the application is running. If this is not possible, switch the active serialport to a serialport other than the COM1 or COM2 port of the Atlas CPU such as the serialport on the SmartCore module.

Tunables Management

"Tunables" are the application's variables that are changeable on line (without the need to modify the GAP application). The application programmer may make certain Boolean, analog, or integer values tunable by adding an asterisk (*) in the GAP application and defining a tunable range.

Tunable values are stored on the control as an .EE file in binary format. This file is not transferred with the .EXE and .RTSS files when AppManager's [Retrieve App Files] or [Transfer App Files] commands are executed, but may be manually retrieved using AppManager's [Retrieve App Files] command.

To view and modify individual tunables while the application is running, use Woodward's GAP Monitor, MicroPanel, or Watch Window tools.

There are several ways to capture and adjust tunables in GAP applications, and there are two ways to view (in one document) all the tunables from an application that have been loaded into a control.

To capture and adjust tunables in one document, from an application that has been loaded into a control:

1. No GAP setup is required. Use Watch Windows to retrieve a .CFG file, which is an ASCII file that can be opened in Microsoft Notepad, Word, or Excel. It will show the name and current value but not the High Limit or Low Limit. You can change the values, save it, and load it back into the control.
 - In Watch Window II (Ethernet Port)—Right click on the IP address in the Explorer window and select App Settings\Save to File.
 - In Watch Window Professional or Standard (Serial Port)—Right click on the Explorer windows header tab and select App Settings\Save to File.
2. Set up in GAP a Serial or Ethernet Port using an INTERFACE and a TUNE_VARS block. (See the GAP help file under “Interface Tools” and “Common SIO Port Configurations” for more details.) Then use the Control Assistant tool to transfer the .CNF tunable list for viewing, comparing, sorting, and uploading.

To capture and adjust Tunables in GAP applications:

1. In GAP, select from the header, File\Database\Export Tunable List to Database. This will give you a .MDB file that can be opened in Microsoft Access database. You will see the Tunable Name, Nominal Value, Low Limit, High Limit, and Type. These can be changed and imported back to the Application.
2. In GAP, select from the header, File\Create ASCII File\Tunable List File. This will give you an ASCII (.TUN) file that can be opened in Microsoft Notepad, Word, or Excel. It will show the name and current value but not the High Limit or Low Limit. You can change the value, save it, and use Watch Window to transfer it to the control running this application.
3. Import tunables to GAP from a .CFG file. If the control's tunables have been adjusted and now you want to get those changes into the GAP application file, select from the GAP header, File\Import Watch Window Tunables, and upload it.

Installing a Woodward AtlasPC Control Service Pack

Between footprint releases, minor software product enhancements are incorporated and may be downloaded to the AtlasPC control via service packs. These service packs are available on the Woodward Internet website:

www.woodward.com/ic/software

1. Following the instructions on the website, download the service pack from the website and save it to your local computer hard drive.
2. Using AppManager, in the header select “Control”, and then “Install Service Pack...” from the pull-down menu.

A software license agreement will pop-up and must be accepted before continuing.

3. Select the location on your computer hard drive where the downloaded service pack was stored and click [Open]. The service pack will then self-install and the AtlasPC control will reboot.

Chapter 4. Servlink/Watch Window

Overview

Watch Window II uses the Ethernet port, and nothing needs to be done in your GAP™ application to support this. It uses the OPC server that starts when the GAP application is started.

Watch Window Professional and Watch Window Standard are a DDE client designed for serial communication with the Woodward Servlink Server. The GAP application needs to be set up to support these two serial tools.

Servlink comes with Watch Window applications when you download it from the Woodward web site.

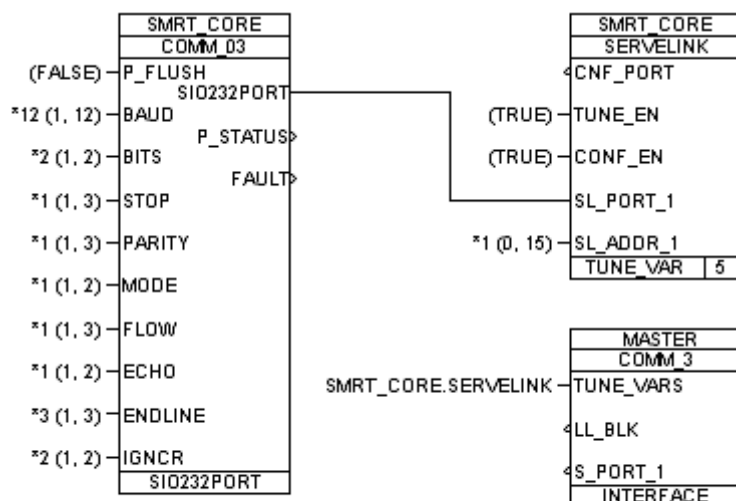
Watch Window has the following features:

- Variable access through the Servlink DDE server
- Loading and saving of different Watch Window configurations
- Hierarchical Tree View of available data
- Variable descriptions are supported

Servlink GAP Setup

To set up a Gap application to communicate with the Servlink Server via a serial port on the AtlasPC control, see the following example.

- Use either an SIO232PORT or SIOPORT block with the inputs configured as pictured below. The SmartCore board serial inputs are capable of communicating at 115 200 and CPU serial ports limited to 57 600. Any baud rate can be used as long as the GAP port settings match the PC port settings. The two most important non-standard settings not commonly remembered are to set the “Endline” (End of line Character) input to a tunable 3 and the “IGNCR” (Ignore Carriage Return) input to a tunable 2.
- The output of the SIO232PORT block will go into the SL_PORT_x input on the TUNE_VAR block.
- An “INTERFACE” block must be used and its TUNE_VARS input would be the name of the TUNE_VAR block input.



Reference This SIO232PORT block in a parent, hardware block, like the SMARTCOR_S.

Using Watch Window over a Serial Port

1. A null modem cable is connected from your PC to a serial port that is set up in GAP for Servlink as described previously.
2. Start Servlink on your PC, and select the port your PC is using and the baud rate. Mode: is "Point-to-Point". See Figure 4-1.
 - For more information on Servlink Server, consult the online help.
3. It will pull in application information from the control and create a filename.net file.
4. Save this .net file with a unique name. It will be associated the Watch Window that you will build.
5. Open Watch Window Professional or Standard. See Figure 4-2. Open a New file. You can Add sheets and build the window.

IMPORTANT

If you have made minor changes to an application, or have re-coded it with a different version of GAP Coder, you can still use the Watch Window that was created earlier by:

1. Transfer the application to the control and run it.
2. Open a new Servlink file and save it using the previous .net filename.
3. Open your previous Watch Window.
 - If a message window pops up saying "The control ID has changed", open the Watch Window .wwi file in Notepad and edit each line's ID to match the ID shown in the Servlink window. Save the file and open Watch Window again.

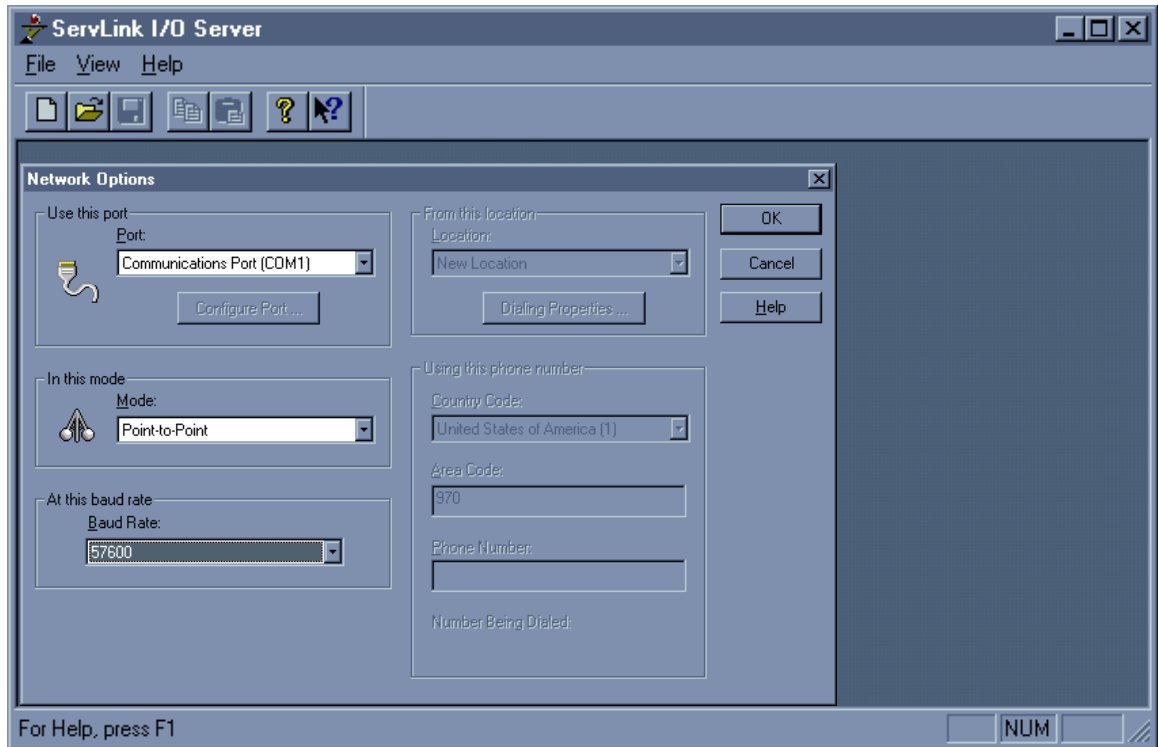


Figure 4-1. Servlink Screen

Watch Window is supported on the AtlasPC, but certain functions are not. In order to use certain functions some procedures must be followed for them to work correctly. If a right mouse click is performed on the .net file tab under the left "Explorer" window, the following functions are displayed (see Figure 4-2):

- Load Application
- Load Configuration from File
- Save Configuration from File
- Reset
- Enter Configure Mode
- Save Values

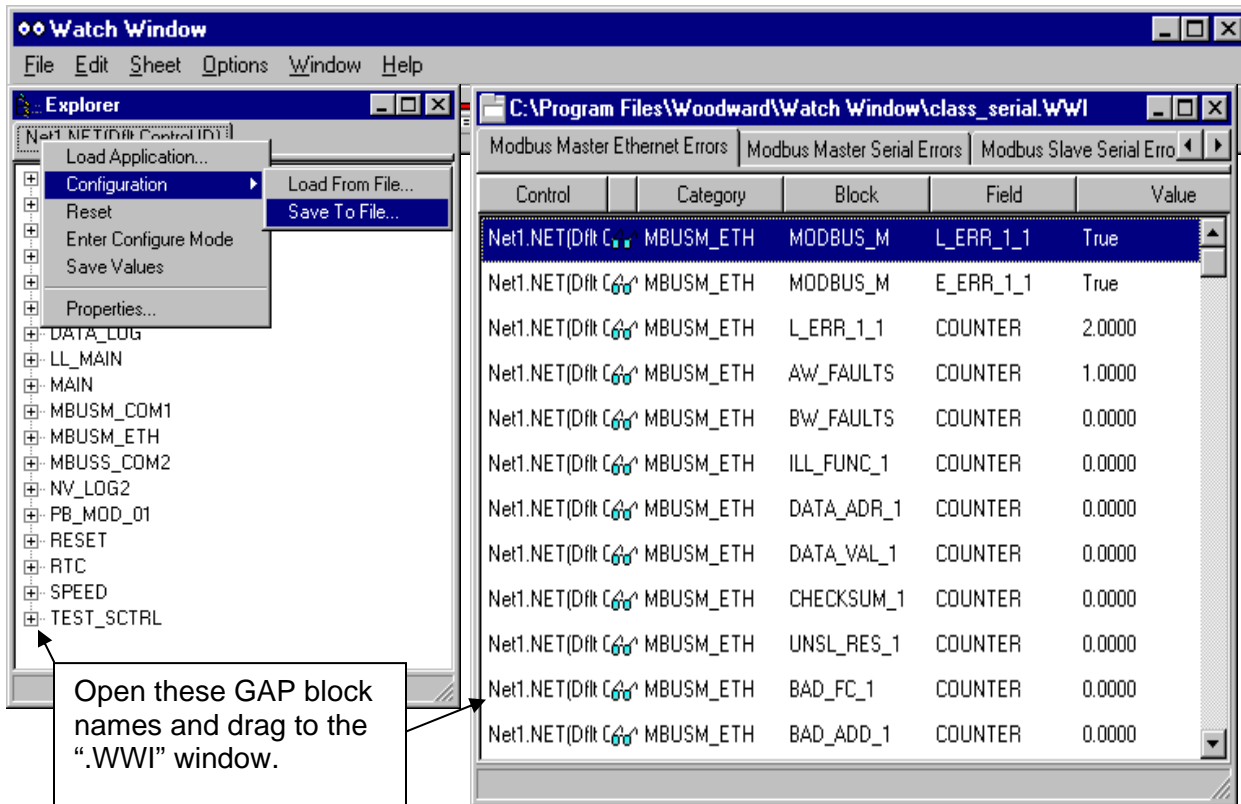


Figure 4-2. Watch Window Screen

Watch Window Functions

“Load Application”

- Function is not supported on NT operating system running on Atlas. The function is performed by AppManager.

“Configuration / Save to File”

- Function is supported.

“Configuration /Load from File”

- Function is supported however a certain procedure must be followed.
 - When this function is pressed, Watch Window will prompt the user to “Shutdown the control” click on YES.
 - Watch Window will then prompt the user to “Enter configure Mode”. Click on YES. The configuration file will then be uploaded to the control.
 - When the upload is complete, Watch Window will prompt the user to “Restart the Control”. Click on NO. Watch Window does not have the capability to stop/start the application, which is essentially what a Restart is.
 - After NO is clicked, Watch Window and Servlink can be shut down and AppManager must be used to restart the application with the new configuration.

“Reset”

- Function is not supported. AppManager performs this function.

“Enter Configure Mode”

- Configure and Service Mode is not supported through Watch Window.

“Save Values”

- Function is supported. This saves the GAP applications “Tunable Values” to the control in its C:\Woodward\Applications\filename.ee.

IMPORTANT

For more information on Watch Window consult its online help.

IMPORTANT**TIP**

Use MicroPanel or Watch Window II to check the GAP settings of the serial ports.

Chapter 5. MicroPanel

Overview

This tool is used to view the GAP™ applications values while the control is running. The GAP application must be set up with a MicroPanel interface.

MicroPanel resides on the AtlasPC™ control in the C:\Woodward folder and is opened remotely via NetMeeting, or you can copy it to your PC and open the MicroPanel window to a networked AtlasPC control.

This is useful if you have an application configured to talk Servlink / Watch Window via a serial port, and it is not working because the serial port tunables were not set correctly. You can adjust the tunables through the Ethernet port using MicroPanel via NetMeeting. Another option is to use Watch Window II over the Ethernet port. The user also has the ability to talk to any control that appears in the "Control Name" column of AppManager simply by typing in the control name in the "Connect To" pop-up window (see Figure 5-2).

MicroPanel GAP Setup

To communicate with an Atlas via MicroPanel over the network, the GAP application must be set up as pictured below. Also open the NT_CPU parent block, and click on RPT1 to add the PIPE_1, PIPE_2, PIPE_3, PIPE_4 input fields to the block. The inputs should be named, CPU.MICROPNL_1, CPU.MICROPNL_2, CPU.MICROPNL_3, and CPU.MICROPNL_4 to correspond to the PIPE_P blocks below.

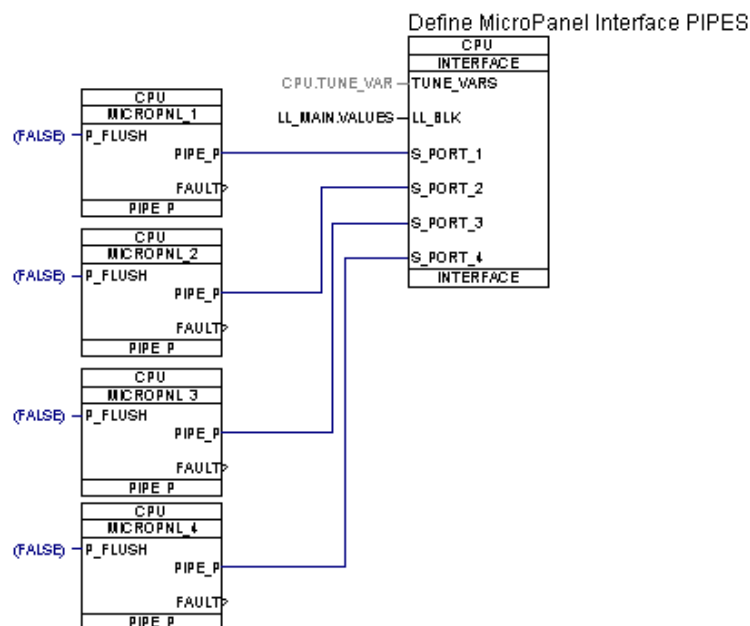


Figure 5-1. MicroPanel GAP Example

Each PIPE_P will allow one MicroPanel connection over the network. Up to four remote connections are allowed.

Running MicroPanel

1. You need a PC with a mouse, which is able to network to the AtlasPC control.
2. Open NetMeeting on your PC and connect to the control's desktop.
3. Open MicroPanel.exe found in the control's c:\Woodward folder.
4. Select "This computer (Local)". Click [OK]. Type in the Computer Name only if you want to talk to a remote PC.

IMPORTANT

TIP

Use MicroPanel or Watch Window II over the Ethernet port to troubleshoot your application. The serial port may be set up wrong with a "fault" output set true. "NetMeeting" to the control. Open Woodward /MicroPanel.exe. Select "local control". Click left arrow until "Debug" shows [Enter]. Password is 1112 [Enter]. Scroll through and debug the GAP serial port settings.

5. Consult its on line Help.

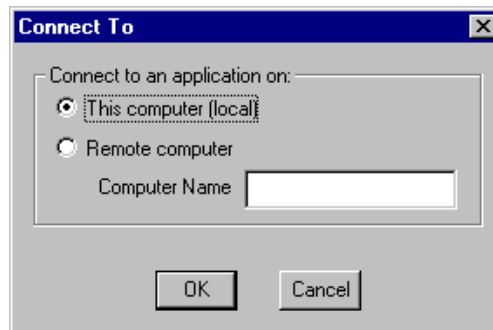


Figure 5-2. MicroPanel "Connect To" Screen



Figure 5-3. MicroPanel Screen

Chapter 6. PC/104 Fieldbus

Overview

There are two steps in configuring an AtlasPC Fieldbus network:

1. The ApplicomIO CD is used to configure Profibus, CANOpen, and DeviceNet. One set of configuration files is produced. These get loaded onto the AtlasPC control.
2. Build the GAP application to interface with the Fieldbus boards and their networked modules.

More information can be found in Woodward manual 85586V2, *AtlasPC Hardware Manual, vol. II* (Distributed I/O).

Loading the ApplicomIO CD-ROM

The ApplicomIO CD-ROM starts automatically. Once your operating system has started, inserting the CD-ROM in your drive will cause automatic start-up of the "CD-Browser" navigation application.

The ApplicomIO installation program carries out the following steps:

- Installation of Internet Explorer 5.0—If you do not have Internet Explorer 5.0 or greater on your machine, you will be requested to install it. You cannot continue the installation process until IE 5.0 or greater is installed. (See the prerequisites below.)
- Validation of the license contract.
- Uninstallation of a previous version, if present. You cannot continue the installation process until it has been uninstalled.
- Request for user information (name and company).
- Choice of installation directory. You are strongly recommended to use the default path. In addition, you are strongly recommended not to select the path corresponding to a previous version of ApplicomIO.
- Selection of components and protocols used. For each component, a description is available by simple selection (typically Profibus DP, DeviceNet, and CAN open).
- Selection of options specific to the user. Start the transfer of files and configuration for your environment.
- After ApplicomIO has been installed on your machine, you must reboot.

Prerequisites:

- The ApplicomIO product is only compatible with Microsoft Windows NT 4.0 and Windows 2000 operating systems. It is impossible to install ApplicomIO on computers running on Windows 95 or Windows 98 operating systems.
- The computer must either have its own CD-ROM drive or have a network connection to a computer with the CD-ROM drive.
- The user session opened must be "Administrator". (Consult your network administrator otherwise.)

- Under Windows NT 4.0, Internet Explorer 5.0 or greater must be installed. If not, the installation process will prompt you to install it if your operating system is in one of the following languages: German, English, Spanish, French, Italian. Otherwise, you must make this installation from another source. You can find it at the following address: www.microsoft.com.
- All your applications must be closed before starting the installation process.

For an update:

- If you have a previous version of ApplicomIO installed, ***you do not have to remove it before starting the installation process***. It will be removed automatically.

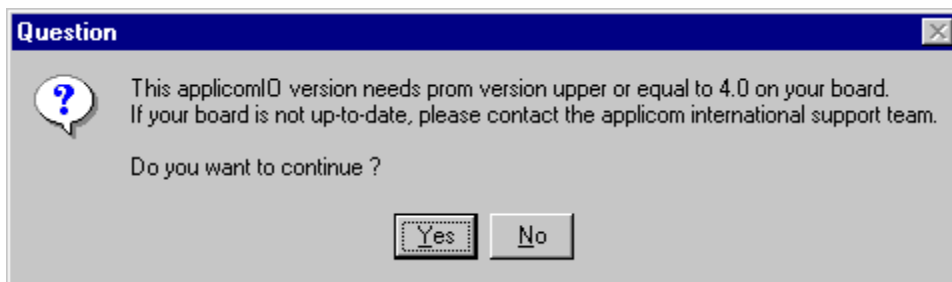
NOTICE

This version of ApplicomIO offers a new, more advanced configuration interface (configuration by detection of equipment on the field bus) which does not allow migration of a previous configuration made using a version of ApplicomIO less than ApplicomIO 2.0.

Installation procedure:

To install the ApplicomIO product on your computer, proceed as follows:

1. Start Windows NT 4.0 or Windows 2000.
2. Open an **administrator** session.
3. Close all applications.
4. Insert the ApplicomIO CD-Rom. (The CD-Browser welcome menu starts automatically. Otherwise, run "setup.exe", which is stored in the root of the CD-Rom).
5. Select a language. You can select **Documentation** and load the Adobe Acrobat 4.0 from the icon, and read all the user documentation if you want.
6. Select **Install Products**. The program now runs and the CD-Browser closes automatically.
7. Select **ApplicomIO 2.1**.
8. A question screen will pop up. Click [Yes].



Profibus

There are two sides to configuring a Profibus network, the distributed I/O or slave side and the Atlas or master side.

- The AtlasPC is always a master.
- Master devices are able to control the bus. When it has the right to access the bus, a master may transfer messages as it desires.
- Slave devices are simple peripheral devices such as sensors, actuators, transmitters, or a modular I/O unit such as the GE Fanuc VersaMax™ Profibus Network Interface Unit. Slaves have no bus access rights—they may only acknowledge received messages, or at the request of a master, transmit messages to that master.
- The Protocol architecture of Profibus is based on the Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) reference model in accordance with the international standard ISO 7498.
- Number of Stations—32 stations in every segment without repeaters. With repeaters, extendible up to 127.
- Transmission Speed—9.6, 19.2, 93.75, 187.5, 500, 1500 Kbits, 3 Mbits, 6 Mbits, 12 Mbits. The bus length determines which baud rate may be selected.

Ease of configuration varies widely among the many different manufacturers. Some manufactures offer vary limited configurations, which makes configuration easy while others offer a wide variety of options, which makes configuration more difficult.

A little research will have to be done to decide which manufacturer to use to suit your needs. Most of this information is available on the Internet at each manufacturer's web site. However, the best place to start is at **www.profibus.com**.

Applications Note: Applicom/Coder compatibility

For an AtlasPC control using the Profibus PC104 module, the following combinations will function together:

- Applicom Profibus firmware 3.9.0 or 4.0.0 (Labeled on the board)
- Applicom I/O configuration tool version 1.1
- Coder 3.01 or 3.02
- AtlasPC footprint Part number 5414-223

OR

- Applicom Profibus firmware 4.0.0 (Labeled on the board)
- Applicom I/O configuration tool version 2.1
- Coder 3.03 or newer
- Any AtlasPC footprint Part Number except the 5414-223

Profibus ApplicomIO Configuration Example

The setup described below uses ApplicomIO 2.1 and is somewhat generalized. Your setup may vary slightly with newer releases of ApplicomIO. Use the Atlas manuals, Profibus Manufacturers manual, and the Applicom Utility to configure the network.

- If you don't have the ApplicomIO CD loaded, see the "Loading ApplicomIO" section in this chapter.
- Decide which manufacturer you are going to use, order the different nodes or modules, and acquire the ".GSD" file from the manufacturer.

IMPORTANT

Configuration without a GSD file can be carried out using the "Generic device". This functionality is available in the "Equipment library" area of the ApplicomIO console. The "equipment" properties allow modification of its main characteristics. Modification of the configuration string of each module or the creation of a parameter string is possible only by activating the "Expert Mode".

1. Start Apcnfgio.exe found in C:\Program Files\ApplicomIO\2.1\... or from the shortcut named ApplicomIO Console.
2. If you are writing a new configuration, select, File\Configuration Manager\New, and select "On Local Machine" for [Board Location].
3. See Figure 6-1 for an example. "Board 1" will be the PC/104 Profibus board that is installed on your AtlasPC. "PC104_DPIO".
4. Double Click [Boards Configuration], [Diagnostic & Manual Configuration].
5. Select PC104/ISA, Select PC104_DPIO, DBRAM Base Address = D4000, Interrupt Vector change to IRQ5. [OK]. This adds this Profibus Master to the right screen.
6. Double click the "Profibus Master" that was added to the right panel and set the parameters. Set the "Profi Master Address" to 000. This is the Atlas PC/104 Profibus Board.
 - External Modules are called Communicator Adaptors in the lower left screen. Equipment Available, Select your Interface Module. Right click, Insert in Configuration.
7. Add the modules desired, in the order they will be physically from the interface module from left to right, in the "Module Configuration" tab (see Figure 6-1). **NOTE:** If your interface module is listed in the available module section, add it first.
8. Set the "Station" to the hardware switch address you want the external Interface Module to be. This must match in the GAP, EQUIP_NO input on the FB_EQUIP blocks.
 - The "Module Configuration" tab shows x bytes input for the modules and x bytes for output. Make a note of these input and output bytes because you will need them for writing the GAP application.
9. File\Save
10. File\List and Print. This will give you a hard copy of the Receiver Module set up.

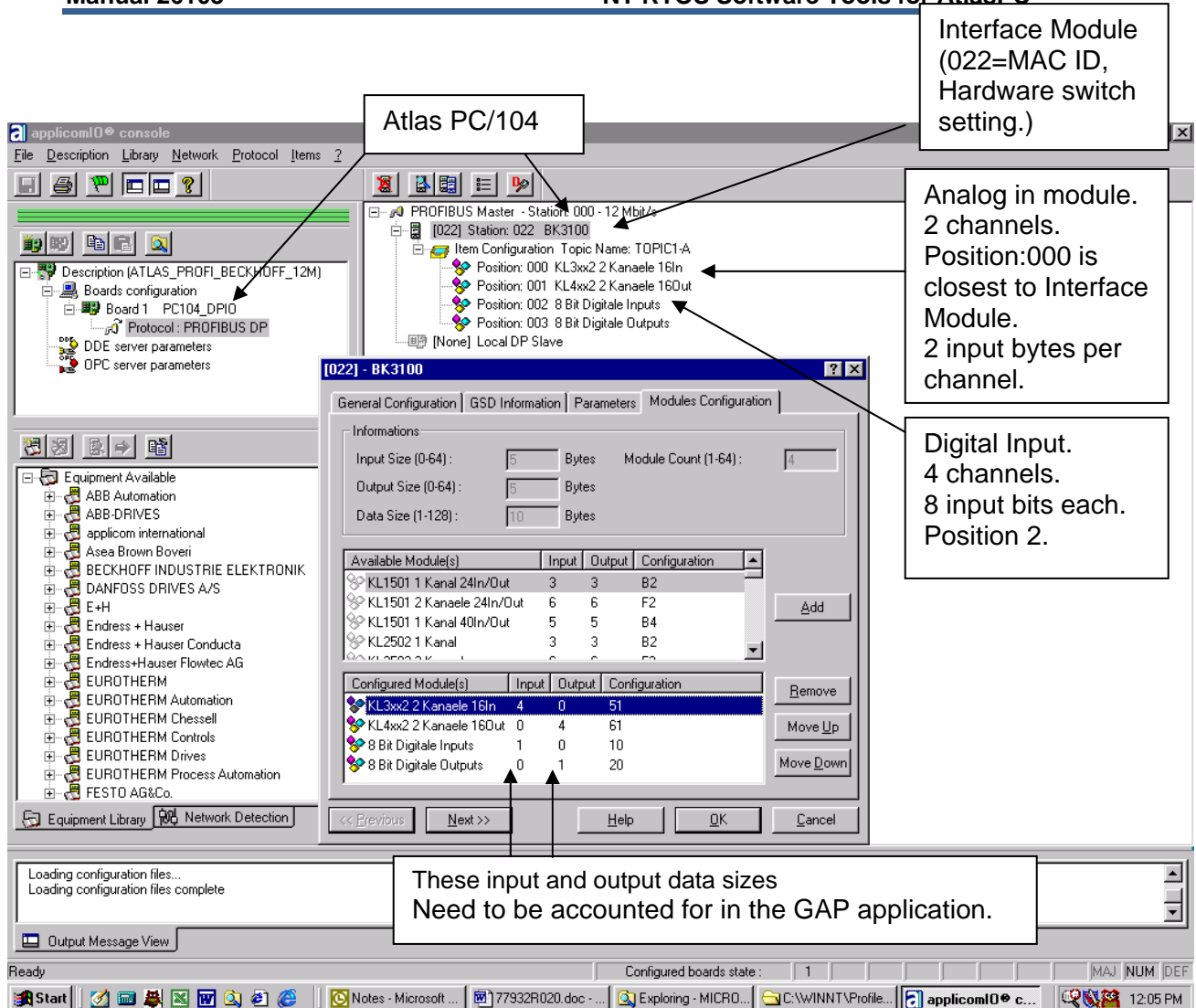
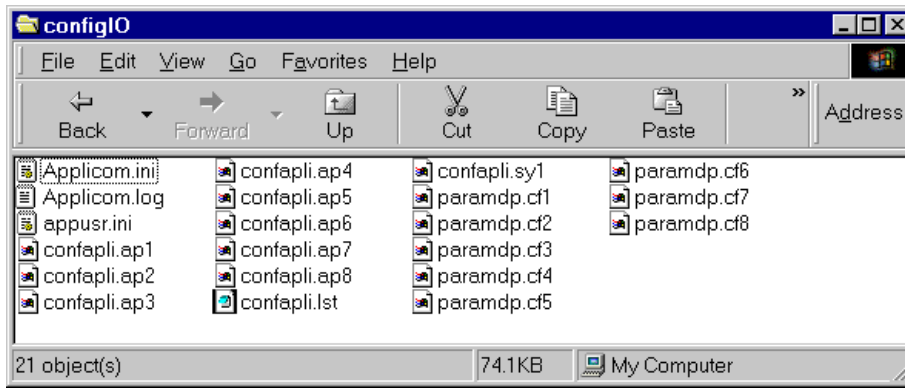


Figure 6-1. Profibus Applcom Configure Screen

IMPORTANT

Use Explorer.exe and copy the contents of the C:\Programs\ApplicomIO\2.1\ConfigIO directory, but not the directory itself, to the AtlasPC control's C:\Woodward\Applications folder.



IMPORTANT

TIP

For troubleshooting, the “applicom.log” file pictured above records the initialization of the Applicom boards during boot up. It is a text file that opens in Notepad. View it using Explorer.exe from your PC or NetMeeting to the Control and use its Explorer.exe.

Profibus GAP Overview

The difficult part is finding how many bits or bytes each module uses and configuring the GAP blocks that represent each module to the correct offset. The Input bits get added up and so do the output bits for a given slave interface. See Figure 6-2.

Profibus GAP Setup

1. In GAP, double click in the chassis block, slot 6 or 7, and add the FB_MODULE. Select “Generate Channel Sheet” and the block FB_MODULE will be added on a new sheet. This is the parent block. Refer to Figure 2-3 for an example.
2. Add the FB_EQUIP block. The IO_B_x input of the FB_MODULE needs to point to this FB_EQUIP block, which represents a set of slave modules.
3. Add FB_AI, FB_AO, FB_BI, FB_BO etc. These represent the IO modules.

Block Details from the example

- **FB_MODULE:** Parent Block for all Fieldbus slave sets.
- **FB_EQUIP:** Semi-Parent Block for one Fieldbus slave set.
EQUIP_NO (FB_EQUIP Input) this corresponds to the hardware switch setting and MAC ID, of the Interface module that was set in the ApplicomIO configuration tool.
IO_B_1 (FB_EQUIP Input) Name each Fieldbus IO module. FB_AI, FB_AO etc.
- **FB_AI** Analog input. There were two analog input channels on the physical module. Open the block and select RPT to add a repeat input.
AI_ADD_1 (FB_AI Input) The physical module used four input bytes total. It has two channels so each takes two input bytes. This module is physically to the immediate right of the Interface Module so channel 1 needs no offset. This input is set to 0.
AI_ADD_2 (FB_AI Input) to account for the 2 input bytes that channel 1 uses, this second channels needs an offset of 2.

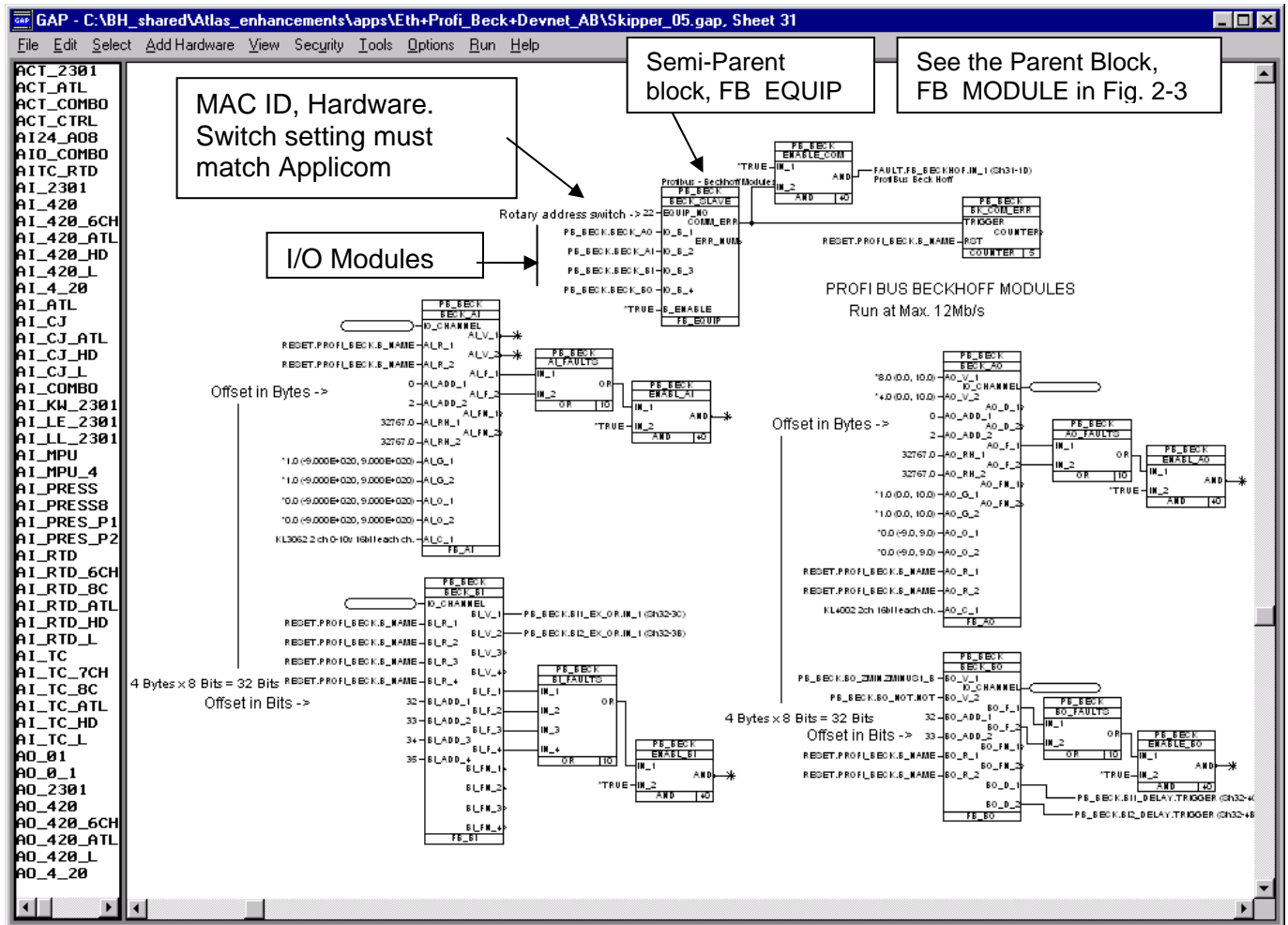


Figure 6-2. Profibus GAP Example

- FB_BI:** Boolean Input. There are four channels of boolean inputs on the physical module. Open the block and select RPT to add three more repeat inputs. BI_ADD_1: (FB_BI Input) Since this is a boolean module, the input data is in bits. (Low resolution.) It is physically position 002 and the other input module; the 2 channel Analog input module was position 000 which already accounted for 4 Bytes or 32 bits of data. Therefore the first boolean in channel needs an offset of 32 (Bits). The second channel needs $32+1=33$.

Profibus Troubleshooting

Applicom PC/104 Device Initialization Verification

- Use NetMeeting to Access the AtlasPC control's desktop. When the desktop pops up, a window pops up on the desktop saying, "Send Ctrl+Alt+Del", click on the [Control] tab in the upper left corner of the AtlasPC desktop and select, "Send Ctrl+Alt+Del", It will ask for a "User Name" and "Password." Use "ServiceUser" case-sensitive, for both.
- Use Explorer and go to, C:\Woodward\Applications\, Open the file ApplicomIO.log, and scroll to the bottom to see the latest time/date stamped results. It will say if initialization failed or succeeded. If it didn't initialize, and says, "Impossible to access driver" there could be an IRQ conflict or problem with the board.

Applicom Driver Check

To verify that the Applicom Driver that is on the AtlasPC has started:

- NetMeeting to the control.
- Open, Start\Programs\windows NT Explorer, C:\winnt\Profiles\All Users\Start Menu\Programs\Administrative tools, and find the Event Viewer shortcut. You can make a copy of this shortcut and drag it to the AtlasPC desktop for future access if you want. Open the Eventvwr.exe, and look for a line item that says "ApplicomIO" under the "Source" column. Double click the line item to see the details.

Applicom Device Fault Check

- If the PC/104 card is not working and the Atlas Event viewer shows the "ApplicomIO driver is loaded success", then use Watch Window or MicroPanel to view the FB_EQUIP, COMM_ERR output, the FB_AO or FB_AI Blocks FN (Fault Number) outputs and compare to the error codes found in the GAP online help for that block.

Profibus Card not Talking to External Modules, but is Initialized

- NetMeeting to the control c:\Program files\ApplicomIO\2.1 run, readwaitIO.exe. Enter the MAC address or Equipment number (hardware address of Interface Module). In the "equipment" box, select the "function" readQword. Click [Read.]
- The status at the bottom is an error code. Open the ApplicomIO help file and look up the error codes. Use the Index tab and type in, "ApplicomIO status" to see a table of error codes.

DeviceNet

The DeviceNet network is configured using the ApplicomIO CD supplied with the AtlasPC control (ApplicomIO Console). This tool is used to define the AtlasPC control as a DeviceNet Master or Slave. For master operation, the slave devices are defined and configured by importing their EDS files and assigning network addresses.

IMPORTANT

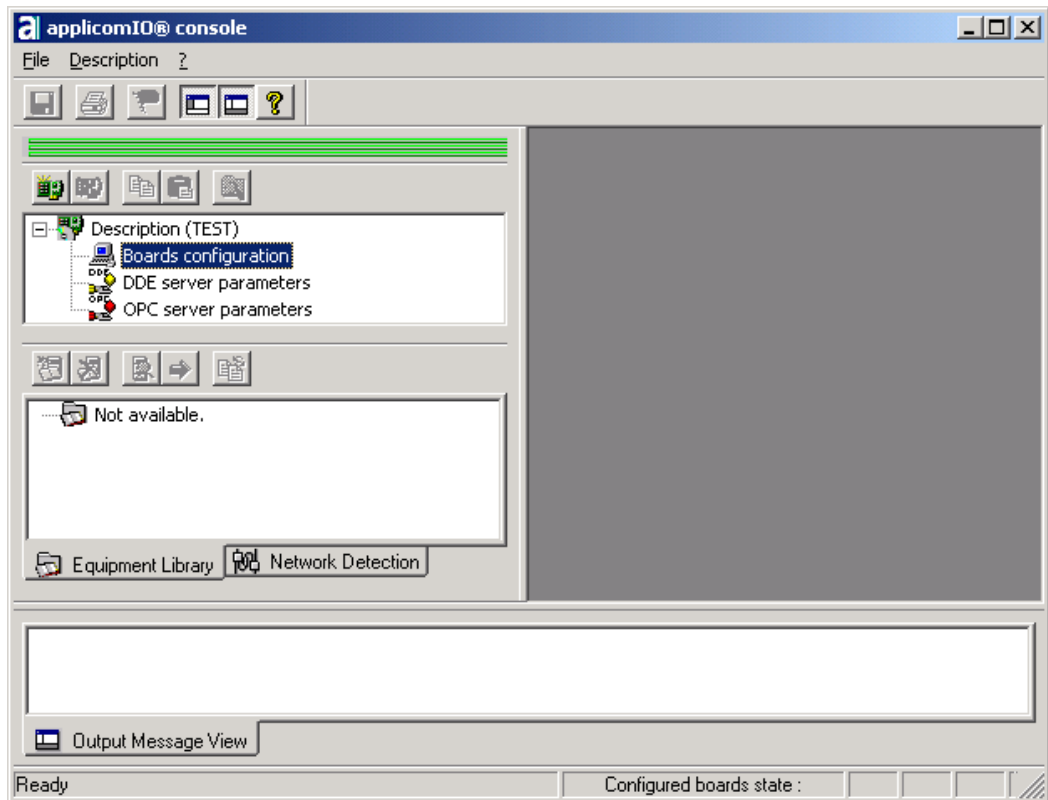
An "EDS" file is supplied with the device by the manufacturer. It is necessary for configuration using the ApplicomIO console. It characterizes the device by defining the types of connections to be managed as well as the size of associated input/output and the list of possible parameters specific to the DeviceNet.

- We recommend that you obtain a recent version of the EDS file, either directly from the manufacturer of the DeviceNet equipment or from ODVA (www.odva.org).
- When the device is supplied without the EDS file, the ApplicomIO console can, upon user request, generate a minimum file from information originating from the device installed on the network. This EDS file will then be automatically inserted in the equipment library.

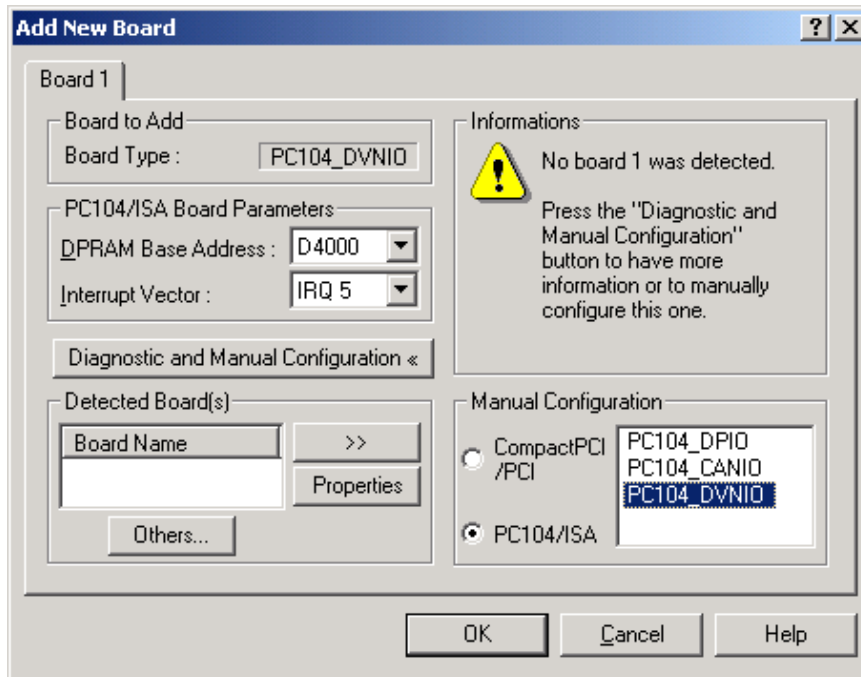
DeviceNet ApplicomIO Configuration Example

If you don't have the ApplicomIO CD loaded, see the "Loading ApplicomIO" section in this chapter.

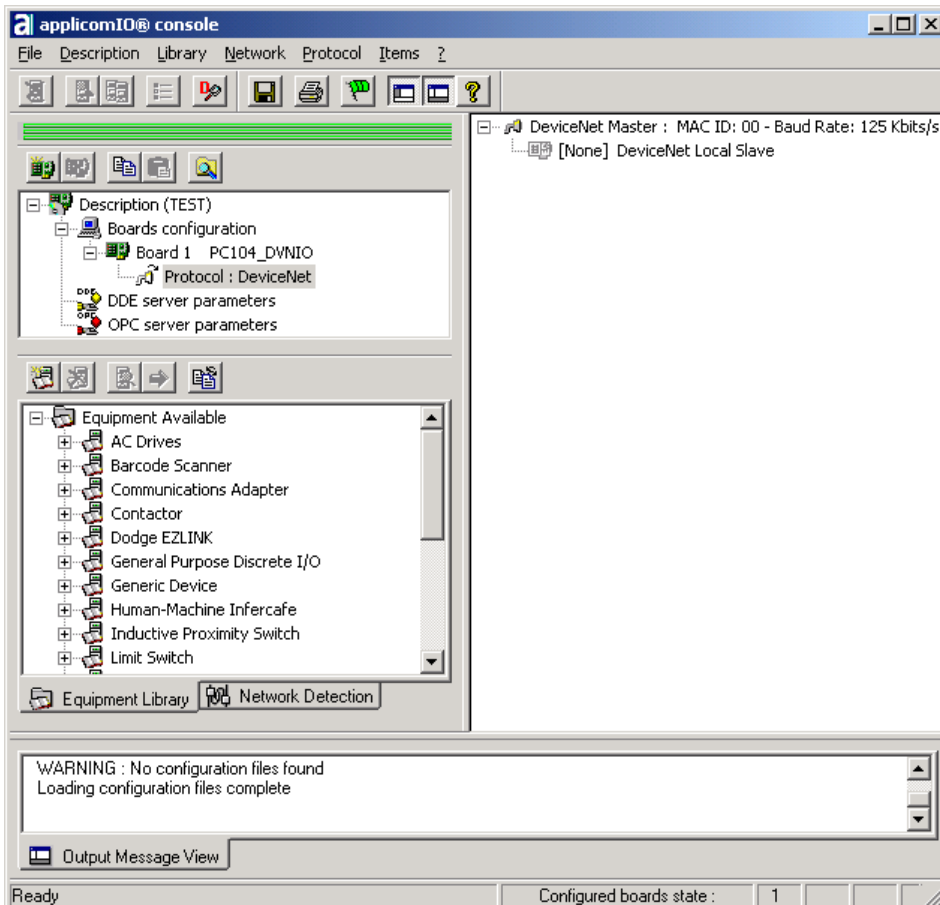
1. Start Apcnfgio.exe found in C:\Program Files\ApplicomIO\2.1\... or from the shortcut named ApplicomIO Console.
2. If you are writing a new configuration, select;
File\Configuration\Manager\New.



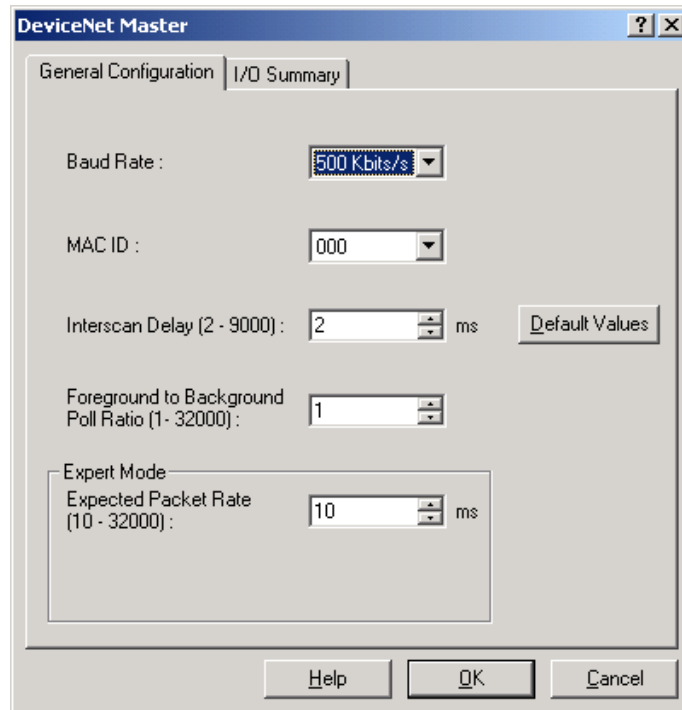
3. Under Board Configuration, select Add Board.
4. Under Add New Board, select Diagnostic and Manual Configuration.



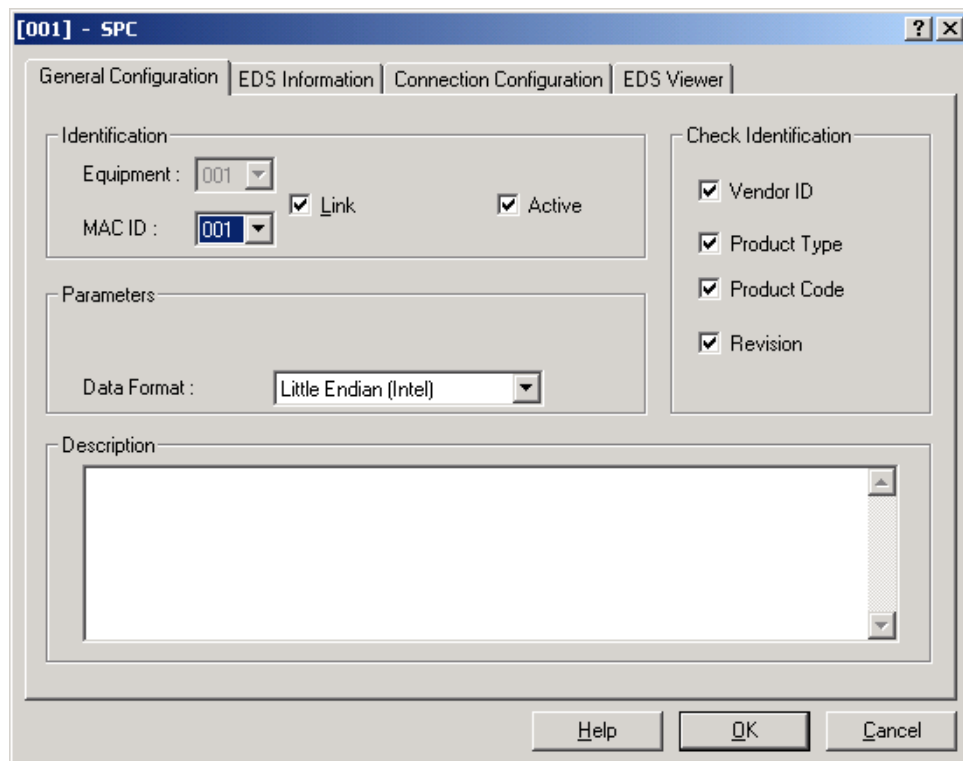
5. Select D4000, IRQ 5 and PC104_DVNIO for a single FB application.



6. Under Files --> Preferences, Make sure Expert Mode is checked.
7. Under Protocols, select Properties.

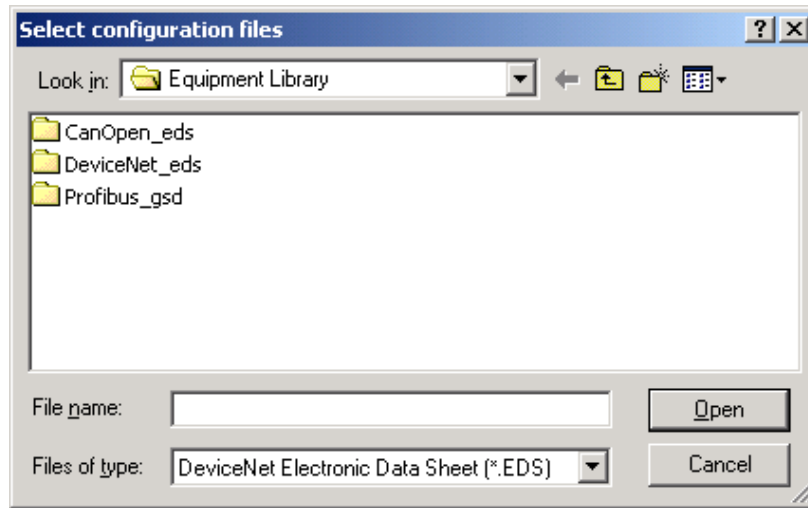


8. Select the correct Values for the Network. The DeviceNet Timeout will be four times the expected packet rate, and must be set with care.
9. Drag and Drop all nodes in the Network from the Equipment Library to the DeviceNet Master.

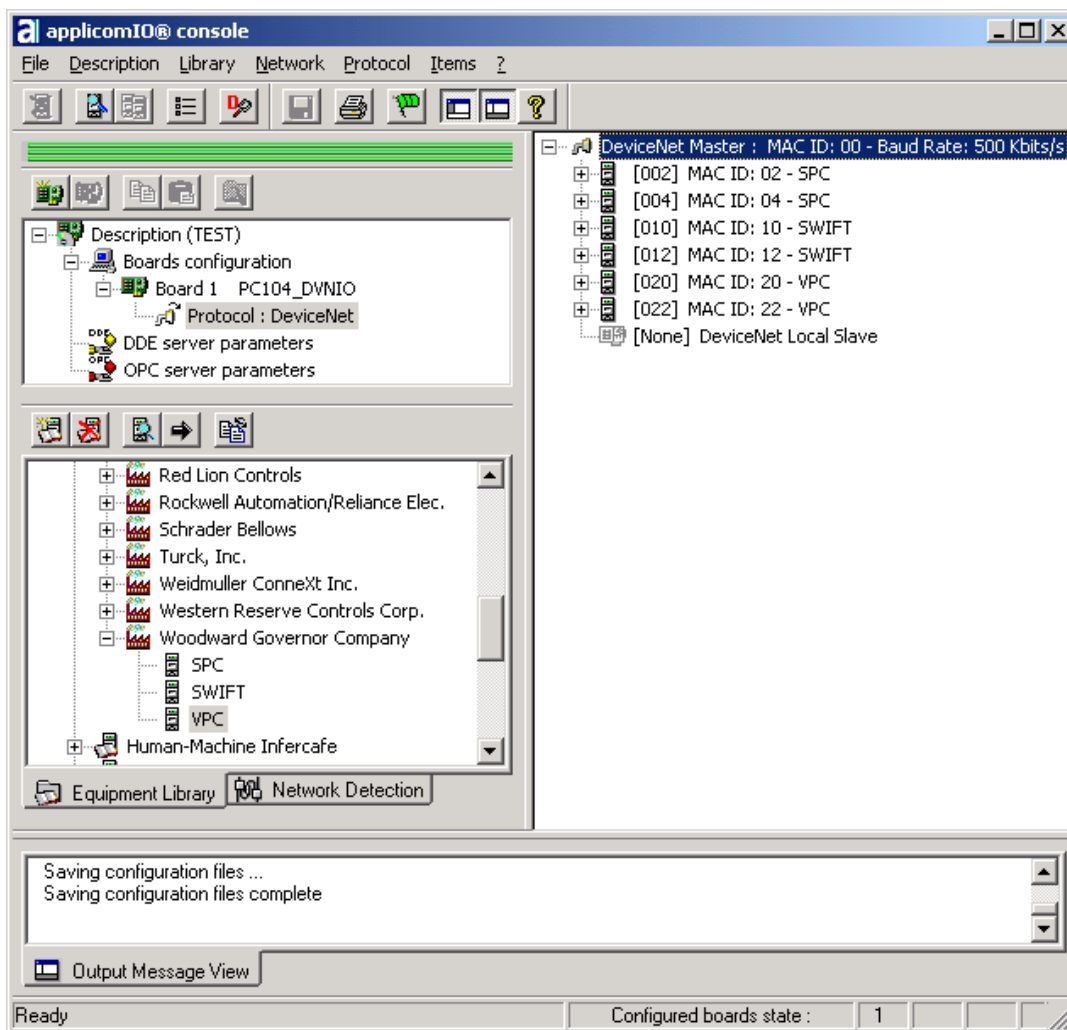


10. Select a unique MACID for each node.

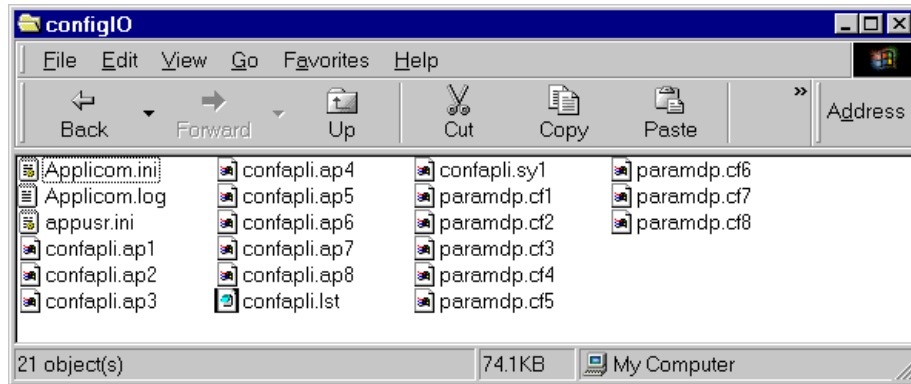
11. Select Little Endian vs. Big Endian.
12. If a node cannot be found in the Library, It can be added using Library→ Add.



13. Select the EDS file supplied by the Nodes Manufacturer.
14. Once all nodes have been entered, select File→ Save.



- Use the AppManager Transfer Application Files button to transfer the contents of the C:\Programs\Applicom\IO\2.1\ConfigIO directory to the Atlas control. In the "Transfer File To" window, "Files of Type:" pulldown menu, select All Files (*.*). Another method is to use Explorer.exe to copy these files to the AtlasPC control's C:\Woodward\Applications folder.



IMPORTANT

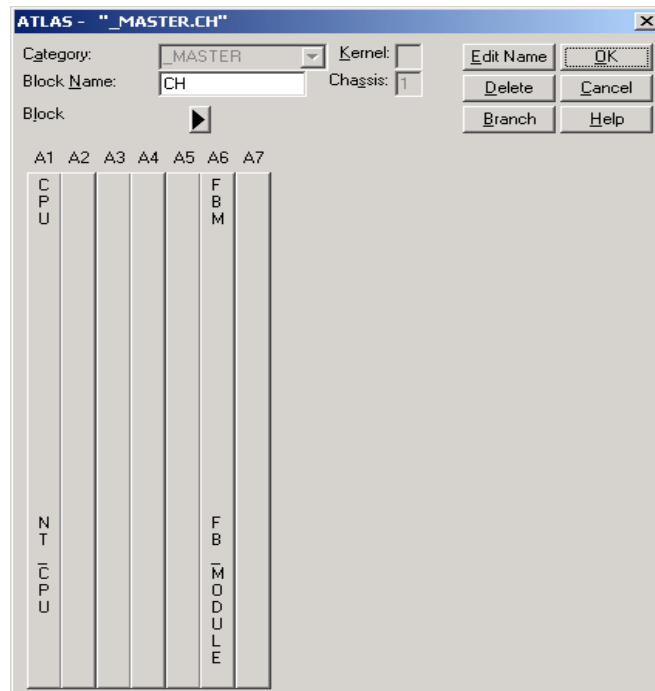
TIP

For troubleshooting, the "applicom.log" file pictured above records the initialization of the Applicom boards during boot up. It is a text file that opens in Notepad. View it using Explorer.exe from your PC or NetMeeting to the Control and use its Explorer.exe.

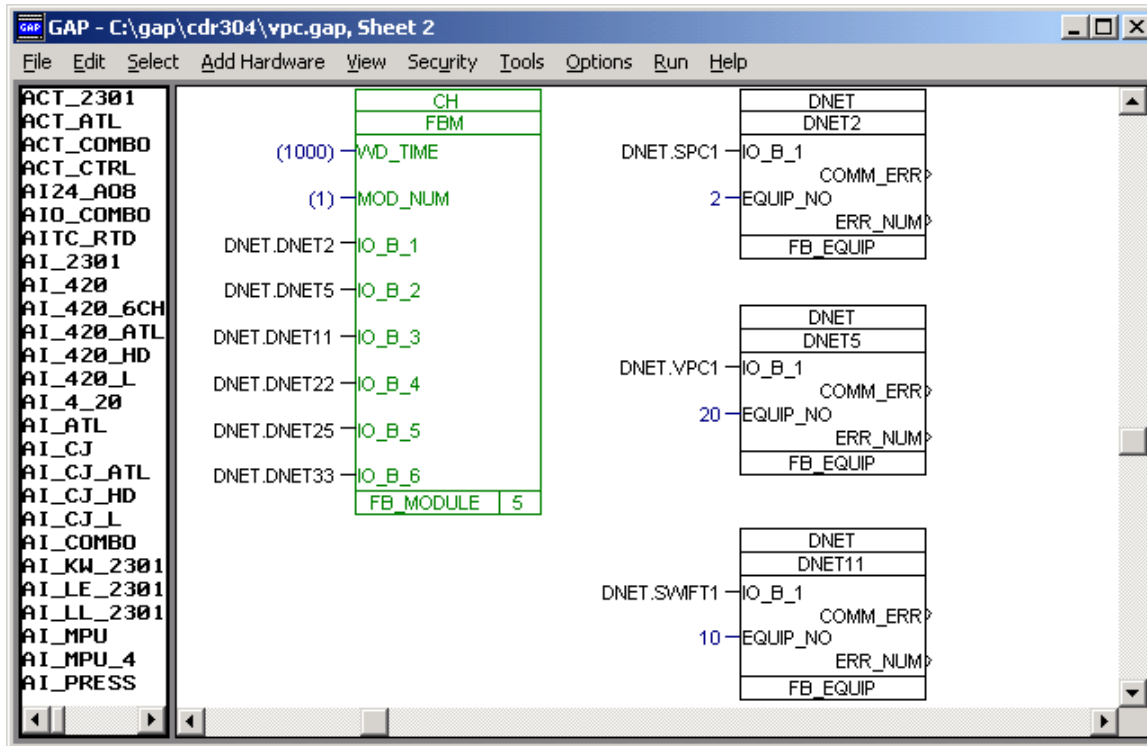
DeviceNet GAP Setup

After creating the DeviceNet I/O, the GAP application must be programmed to match this configuration. The steps necessary to use DeviceNet with the AtlasPC Control are as follows:

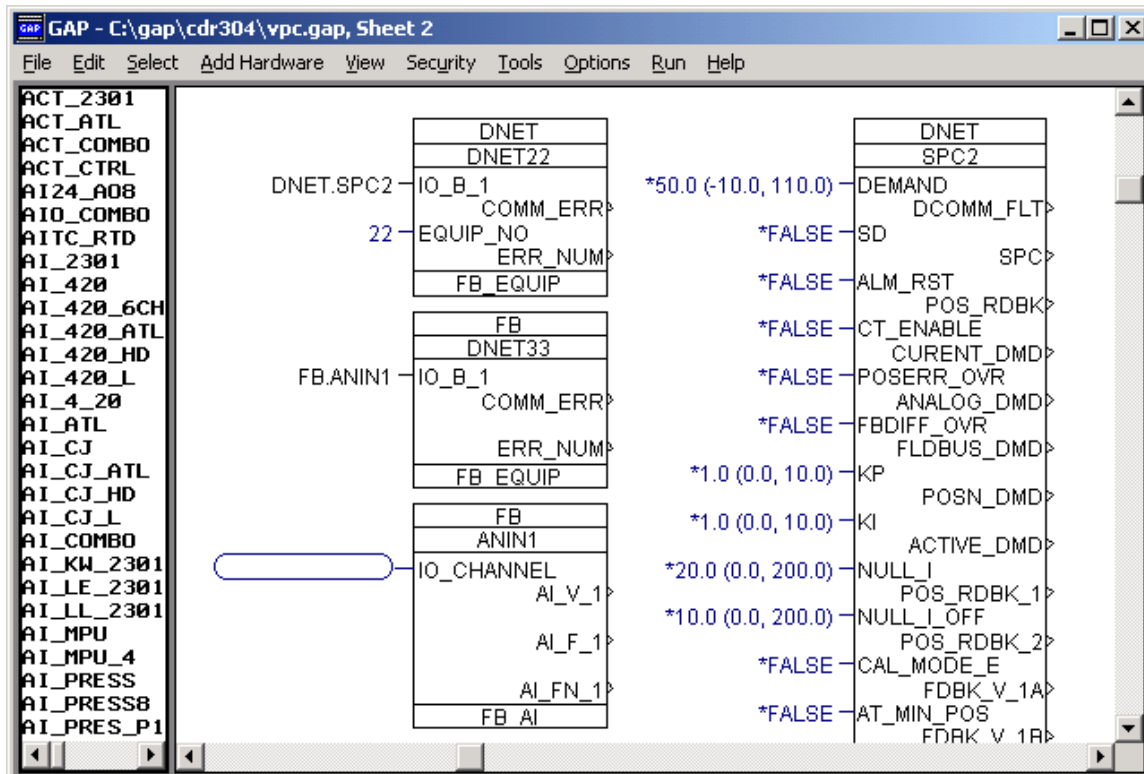
- Select FB_MODULE for slot 6 and or 7 in the GAP application. All Fieldbus modules use the same Parent Block.



2. Select a FB_EQUIP Block for every node in the Network and assign the FB_MODULE as its Parent Block. Every FB_EQUIP block must have its EQUIP_NO set to the MACID of its respective node.



3. Every Node is then defined using specific GAP blocks (i.e. SPC,VPC,SWIFT) or generic blocks (i.e. FB_AI, FB_AO, FB_BI, FB_BO).



4. The coded GAP application must be compiled, filename.EXE, and filename.RTSS, downloaded to the AtlasPC control using AppManager.
- Once the GAP application is started on the AtlasPC, the DeviceNet module will automatically initialize and start the DeviceNet Network. All nodes will be updated from the Applicom module sequentially, once every scan rate. The GAP application will update its values, once every rate group (defined in FB_MODULE). See the “Troubleshooting” section of this chapter if you need to verify the PC/104 DeviceNet board initialized.

IMPORTANT

The timing of the Applicom scan rate will depend on the nodes in the network and will be independent of the rate group structure.

DeviceNet Troubleshooting

The PC/104 DeviceNet is initialized but its Com (D1) and I/O Status (D2) LEDs are off, and the external DeviceNet Module status LEDs are off.

- Make sure you have proper termination resistor(s) across CAN L and CAN H at the receiver. See the AtlasPC Hardware Manual.
- Check the module's power and 24 V external power.

Applicom PC/104 Device Initialization Verification

- Use NetMeeting to Access the AtlasPC control's desktop. When the desktop pops up, a window pops up on the desktop saying, “Send Ctrl+Alt+Del”, click on the [Control] tab in the upper left corner of the AtlasPC desktop and select, “Send Ctrl+Alt+Del”, It will ask for a “User Name” and “Password.” Use “ServiceUser” (case-sensitive) for both.
- Using Explorer, find C:\Woodward\Applications\. Open the file Applicomlo.log, and scroll to the bottom to see the latest time/date stamped results. It will say if initialization failed or succeeded. If it didn't initialize, and says, “Impossible to access driver” there could be an IRQ conflict or problem with the board.

Applicom Driver Check

To verify that the Applicom Driver that is on the AtlasPC has started:

- Open, Start\Programs\windows NT Explorer, C:\winnt\Profiles\All Users\Start Menu\Programs\Administrative tools, and find the Event Viewer shortcut. You can make a copy of this shortcut and drag it to the AtlasPC desktop for future access if you want. Open the Eventvwr.exe, and look for a line item that says “ApplicomIO” under the “Source” column. Double click the line item to see the details.

Applicom Device Fault Check Using Watch Window

- If the PC/104 card is not working and the Atlas Event viewer shows the “ApplicomIO driver is loaded success”, then use Watch Window or MicroPanel to view the FB_EQUIP, COMM_ERR output, the FB_AO or FB_AI Blocks FN (Fault Number) outputs and compare to the error codes found in the GAP online help for that block.

DeviceNet Card not Talking to External Modules, but is Initialized

- NetMeeting to the control c:\Program files\ApplicomIO\2.1 run, readwaitIO.exe. Enter the MAC address or Equipment number (hardware address of Interface Module). In the "equipment" box, select the "function" readQword. Click [Read.]
- The status at the bottom is an error code. 79 means Vendor ID device type product code or revision doesn't match the configuration file or its EDS definition. For example, in ApplicomIO 2.1, 33 = Timeout, 36 = device not configured. Open the ApplicomIO help file and look up the error codes. Use the Index tab and type in, "ApplicomIO status" to see a table of error codes.

DeviceNet Status LEDs**D1 COM (Channel Status)**

Green	OK
Red	MACID duplicated
Red Blinking	Network error, or missing device
Off	The channel is not online, or no power supply (24 V)

D2 I/O Status

Green	OK
Off	Channel error, scanner not active
Blinking	At least one device error

Chapter 7.

Internet/Ethernet Information

Internet Protocol

The Internet Protocol, (IP), is a network layer Internet protocol. IP facilitates communication from the two Transport Layer Protocols, TCP (Transmission Control Protocol) and UDP. (User Datagram Protocol). They run on top of the IP layer and are identified by Port Numbers.

IP Addresses

The IP address is a 32-bit number made up of four, 8-bit segments separated by periods. The Subnet Mask controls which bits are the network identifier and which bits are the station identifier. (The binary 1's mark which bits of the IP address represent the network identifier. The binary 0's indicate which bits of the IP address is your device ID#—for example, a Subnet Mask of 255.255.0.0 = 11111111.11111111.00000000.00000000.) The first 16 bits of the IP address identify the network, and the last 16 bits identify the device.

There are three classes (sizes) of IP networks: A, B, and C. Classes are determined by how many unique devices and sub networks are possible based on how many of the IP address bits are used for designating the network number and how many bits are identifying the device number. A network identifier between 192—223 is class C size, because the first three bits of the IP addresses are used to identify the network.

IMPORTANT

Some IP address ranges are reserved. Consult your Network Administrator if you want a “fixed/static” IP address for a control.

The Gateway is a device or computer that forwards data to a destination on another domain. The Port number is a logical number that increases the number of devices that can talk without increasing IP addresses. Port Numbers 1-1024 are reserved for protocols such as HTTP, POP, FTP etc. Port numbers 1025 to 65000 are available for our typical PC, AtlasPC and MicroNet sessions.

Logging on to a Network in DHCP Mode

When a device running TCP/IP, (Atlas, MicroNet, PC) logs onto a network, it sends out a DHCP Discover message. The DHCP server receives the message and sends out an IP address with the Subnet Mask and a lease time to the hardware or MAC address of the device. (A typical lease is 30 days.) The device broadcasts a message of acceptance, implements the new identity, and is ready for TCP/IP sessions. The host has Address Mapped the device and associates its MAC address (Computer Name) with its IP address. Because servers periodically do this, it may take up to an hour before the server makes a new Computer Name and IP association available to the network.

GAP and Ethernet

We typically use UDP blocks in GAP to talk Modbus through Ethernet ports. UDP is mainly used for time-sensitive, low-priority data and has no reliability associated with this layer. Transmission is in small, static-size packets. The sender assumes all packets are received and normally doesn't re-transmit. However, in MicroNet and Atlas, the "Modbus" blocks (C code) tells the master to send data to the slave, and the slave will normally accept the data and respond to the master, so the communications loop will not produce any errors. Should the slave not accept the data (if it receives invalid or no data), the slave will not respond. The master will wait for its time-out period to expire and re-send to the slave. If the master again does not get a response from the slave, the master will generate a Link Error. In addition, the slave is looking for the master to talk to it at static time intervals. If it doesn't get a transmission, it will generate a Link Error. The UDP header consists of [Source Port, Destination Port, Header Length, and Checksum].

Internet Vocabulary

IP	Internet Protocol—Designed to link networks together.
IP Address	32-bit number made up of four 8-bit segments separated by periods.
TCP	Transmission Control Protocol—Designed to link networks together.
UDP	User Datagram Protocol—Connectionless/ Host to Host protocol in the Transport Layer of IP.
DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol—Automates the IP address assignment.
Gateway	A device or computer that forwards data to a destination on another domain.
Subnet Mask	The binary 1's mark which bits of the IP address is the network. The 0's are your stations ID#.
Port	A logical number that increases the number of devices that can talk without increasing IP addresses.
MAC	Media Access Control—A unique 48-bit number burned into the hardware of the device.
Address Mapping	When a host broadcasts to all MACs and associates its IP address to its MAC address when it responds.

Woodward Software	www.woodward.com/ic/software
Microsoft NetMeeting	www.microsoft.com/netmeeting
Microsoft VisualC++	msdn.microsoft.com/visualc
Internet Explorer 5.0	www.microsoft.com
Profibus Information	www.profibus.com
DeviceNet	www.odva.org

Table 7-1. Websites Mentioned in This Manual

Software Setup Record

AtlasPC Part Number _____

Find via AppManager:

Computer Name NTA_____

Footprint Part Number _____

Footprint Rev _____

Service Pack Version _____

Ethernet #1:

	Mode	Static IP	or	DHCP
IP Address		_____		
Subnet Mask		_____		
Default Gateway		_____		

Ethernet #2:

	Mode	Static IP	or	DHCP
IP Address		_____		
Subnet Mask		_____		
Default Gateway		_____		

Tunable .cfg File Name _____ .cfg

Tunable .mdb File Name _____ .mdb

Tunable .tun File Name _____ .tun

ApplicomIO Configuration Name _____

Servlink .net File Name _____ .net

Watch Window .wwi File Name _____ .wwi

We appreciate your comments about the content of our publications.

Send comments to: icinfo@woodward.com

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