

Product Manual 26528 (Revision C, 8/2016) Original Instructions



LMS100 IGV (Inlet Guide Vane) Actuator

Installation and Operation Manual



Read this entire manual and all other publications pertaining to the work to be performed before installing, operating, or servicing this equipment.

Practice all plant and safety instructions and precautions.

General Precautions

Failure to follow instructions can cause personal injury and/or property damage.



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Any unauthorized modifications to or use of this equipment outside its specified mechanical, electrical, or other operating limits may cause personal injury and/or property damage, including damage to the equipment. Any such unauthorized modifications: (i) constitute "misuse" and/or "negligence" within the meaning of the product warranty thereby excluding warranty coverage for any resulting damage, and (ii) invalidate product certifications or listings.



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Warnings and Notices

Important Definitions



This is the safety alert symbol used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

- **DANGER** Indicates a hazardous situation, which if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
- **WARNING** Indicates a hazardous situation, which if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
- CAUTION Indicates a hazardous situation, which if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.
- **NOTICE** Indicates a hazard that could result in property damage only (including damage to the control).
- **IMPORTANT** Designates an operating tip or maintenance suggestion.

Overspeed / loss Overtemperature / The Overpressure prin

runaway or damage to the prime mover with possible personal injury, loss of life, or property damage. The overspeed shutdown device must be totally independent of the

prime mover control system. An overtemperature or overpressure shutdown device may also be needed for safety, as appropriate.

The engine, turbine, or other type of prime mover should be

equipped with an overspeed shutdown device to protect against

Personal Protective Equipment The products described in this publication may present risks that could lead to personal injury, loss of life, or property damage. Always wear the appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) for the job at hand. Equipment that should be considered includes but is not limited to:

- Eye Protection
- Hearing Protection
- Hard Hat
- Gloves
- Safety Boots
- Respirator

Always read the proper Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for any working fluid(s) and comply with recommended safety equipment.



Be prepared to make an emergency shutdown when starting the engine, turbine, or other type of prime mover, to protect against runaway or overspeed with possible personal injury, loss of life, or property damage.

NOTICE

To prevent damage to a control system that uses an alternator or battery-charging device, make sure the charging device is turned off before disconnecting the battery from the system.

Battery Charging Device

Electrostatic Discharge Awareness

NOTICE	Electronic controls contain static-sensitive parts. Observe the following precautions to prevent damage to these parts: • Discharge body static before handling the control (with
Electrostatic Precautions	 Discharge body static before handling the control (with power to the control turned off, contact a grounded surface and maintain contact while handling the control). Avoid all plastic, vinyl, and Styrofoam (except antistatic versions) around printed circuit boards. Do not touch the components or conductors on a printed circuit board with your hands or with conductive devices. To prevent damage to electronic components caused by improper handling, read and observe the precautions in Woodward manual 82715, Guide for Handling and Protection of Electronic Controls, Printed Circuit Boards, and Modules.

Follow these precautions when working with or near the control.

- 1. Avoid the build-up of static electricity on your body by not wearing clothing made of synthetic materials. Wear cotton or cotton-blend materials as much as possible because these do not store static electric charges as much as synthetics.
- 2. Do not remove the printed circuit board (PCB) from the control cabinet unless necessary. If you must remove the PCB from the control cabinet, follow these precautions:
 - Do not touch any part of the PCB except the edges.
 - Do not touch the electrical conductors, the connectors, or the components with conductive devices or with your hands.

• When replacing a PCB, keep the new PCB in the plastic antistatic protective bag it comes in until you are ready to install it. Immediately after removing the old PCB from the control cabinet, place it in the antistatic protective bag.

Regulatory Compliance

European Compliance for CE Marking:

These listings are limited only to those units bearing the CE Marking:

ATEX –
Potentially
ExplosiveDirective 2014/34/EU on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States
relating to equipment and protective systems intended for use in potentially
explosive atmospheres.Atmospheres
Directive:Zone 2, Category 3, Group II G, Ex nA IIC T3 X Gc, IP54

Other European Compliance:

Compliance with the following European Directives or standards does not qualify this product for application of the CE Marking:

EMC Directive: Not applicable to this product. Electromagnetic, EMC, passive devices are excluded from the scope of the 2014/30/EU Directive.

MachineryCompliance as partly completed machinery with Directive 2006/42/EC of theDirective:European Parliament and the Council of 17 May 2006 on machinery.

PressureCompliant as "SEP" per Article 4.3 to Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EUEquipmenton the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making
available on the market of pressure equipment..

ATEX Exempt from the non-electrical portion of the ATEX Directive 2014/34/EU due to no potential ignition sources per EN 13463-1.

North American Compliance:

Suitability for use in North American Hazardous Locations is the result of compliance of the individual components:

- Servo valve: FM Certified for Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, & D, per 4B9A6.AX for use in the United States. CSA Certified for Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, & D, per 1072373 for use in Canada.
 - **LVDTs:** ETL Certified for Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, & D, per J98036083-003 for use in the United States and Canada.
- **Junction Box:** UL Recognized for Class I, Zone 1, AEx e II, Class I, Zone 1, Ex e II, for use in the United States and Canada. UL File E203312

Special Conditions for Safe Use

Wiring must be in accordance with North American Class I, Division 2 or European Zone 2, Category 3 wiring methods as applicable, and in accordance with the authority having jurisdiction.

Field Wiring must be suitable for at least 82 °C.

Compliance with the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC noise measurement and mitigation requirements is the responsibility of the manufacturer of the machinery into which this product is incorporated.

The risk of electrostatic discharge is reduced by permanent installation of the product, proper connection of the equipotential ground lugs, and care when cleaning. This device must not be cleaned or wiped off/against unless the area is known to be non-hazardous.



EXPLOSION HAZARD—Do not connect or disconnect while circuit is live unless area is known to be non-hazardous.

Substitution of components may impair suitability for Class I, Division 2 or Zone 2.

RISQUE D'EXPLOSION—Ne pas raccorder ni débrancher tant que l'installation est sous tension, sauf en cas l'ambiance est décidément non dangereuse.

La substitution de composants peut rendre ce matériel inacceptable pour les emplacements de Classe I, Division 2 ou Zone 2.

Chapter 1. General Information

Introduction

The IGV (Inlet Guide Vane) actuator controls the position of the inlet guide vanes of the LMS100 industrial gas turbine system. The actuator provides highly accurate position control. The actuator is a double-acting design that will close the guide vane on loss of electrical or hydraulic signals. An on board hydraulic filter is designed into the manifold to augment the reliability of the servo valve and actuator. The servo valve is an electrically redundant triple-coil design. Three ac-powered LVDTs provide feedback for the actuator.

The Woodward IGV actuator is shown in Figure 1-1. Optimum control of the inlet guide vane requires that the actuator accurately and quickly track the demand signals transmitted by the control. The IGV actuator has been designed to provide output forces that exceed the opening and closing requirements. The additional margin helps ensure that the system moves rapidly even under service conditions where the actuator has been contaminated or worn.

The IGV actuator features a modular design, and meets critical control characteristics. It is designed such that certain components are field replaceable including an on-board hydraulic filter, electrohydraulic servo valve, and triple LVDTs.

Functional Requirement	IGV Actuator
Position Accuracy	±1% full scale (over ±25 °F/±14 °C deviation from calibration)
Position Repeatability	±0.5% of full scale
Hydraulic Fluid Type	Petroleum-based hydraulic fluids as well as fire resistant hydraulic fluids such as Fyrquel EHC
Operating Hydraulic Supply Pressure	3000 psig (20 684 kPa) nominal (with potential variation of +/- 200 psig (1 379 kPa)
Proof Test Fluid Pressure Level	4800 psig (33 095 kPa) minimum per SAE J214 (Prod Test)
Minimum Burst Fluid Pressure	8000 psig (55 158 kPa) minimum per SAE J214
Fluid Filtration Required	10–15 μm at 75 Beta
Hydraulic Fluid Contamination Level	Per ISO 4406 code 18/16/13 max, code 16/14/11 preferred
Hydraulic Fluid Temperature	+50 to +160 °F (+10 to +71 °C)
Actuator Ambient Temperature	–40 to +180 °F (–40 to +82 °C)
Ingress Protection	IP54
Vibration Test Level	0.5 gp 5–100 Hz sine wave Random 0.01500 gr²/Hz from 10 to 40 Hz ramping down to 0.00015 gr²/Hz at 500 Hz
Shock	Limited to 30 G by servo valve
Slew Time	0% to 100% (extending) in 0.9 second max and 100% to 0% (retracting) in 0.7 second max
Hydraulic Fluid Connections	Supply Pressure–1.000 SAE Code 61 flange port (-16) Return Port–1.500 SAE Code 61 flange port (-24)
Servo Input Current Rating	-7.2 to +8.8 mA (null bias 0.5 ±0.32 mA)
Paint	Two part Epoxy
Actuation Forces (opening and	Retract Force — 30 468 lbf/135 528 N
closing at 3000 psig/20 685 kPa)	Extend Force — 28 282 lbf/ 125 804 N
Design Availability Objective	Better than 99.5% over an 8760 hour period

Table 1-1. IGV Actuator Functional Characteristics







Figure 1-1b. LMS100 IGV Actuator



Figure 1-1c LMS100+ IGV Actuator



Figure 1-2. LMS100 IGV Hydraulic Schematic



Table 1-2. Outline Drawing Notes

1 These general reference outline drawings apply to various Woodward IGV actuators. Consult Woodward for the latest outline drawing for your particular IGV actuator.

Installation Orientation:	Orientation vertical approximately as shown
	See elsewhere in this manual for other installation
	recommendations
Approximate Weight:	LMS100 IGV Actuator - 375 lb/170 kg
Service Manual Replacement Parts Servo Valve:	
O-rings for servo valve:	
Filter element: Manual: LVDT:	Consult Woodward for part number
Trip relay valve: Seal kit for trip relay valve:	
•	Hydraulia fluid
Temperature range:	Hydraulic fluid Hydraulic fluid 50 to 160 °F/10 to 71 °C ambient –40 to +180 °F/–40 to +82 °C with potential 1-hour excursions to 250 °F (121 °C)
External leakage	(none)
Actuation	
Cylinder bore:	5.00 inch diameter (127 mm)
Rod diameter:	2.00 inch diameter (51 mm)
Stroke:	2.17 inch (55.12 mm) or 2.24 inch (56.90 mm)
Static seals:	Elastomer per US MIL-R-83248 (Viton)
Operating fluid:	Petroleum-based hydraulic fluid as well as fire resistant hydraulic fluids such as Fyrquel EHC.
Operating hydraulic pressure:	2800 to 3200 psig/ 19 305 to 22 063 kPa
Servo valve flow rating:	25.0 US gal/min (95 L/min) at 1000 psid (6895 kPa) valve drop, 4-way
Electrical input rating:	±8 mA (sum of three coils)
First stage null bias:	$5 \pm 2\%$ Rated Flow Cylinder Port 1 to Drain and Pressure to Port 2
Null internal leakage at 3000 psid:	0.42 US gal/min (1.6 L/min) (New) 0.75 US gal/min (2.8 L/min) (R+R)
	Approximate Weight:Service ManualReplacement PartsServo Valve:O-rings for servo valve:Filter element:Manual:LVDT:Trip relay valve:Seal kit for trip relay valve:Description of IGV ActuatorProcess fluid:Temperature range:External leakageActuationCylinder bore:Rod diameter:Stroke:Static seals:Operating hydraulic pressure:Servo valve flow rating:First stage null bias:Null internal leakage at 3000



These general reference outline drawings apply to various Woodward IGV actuators. Consult Woodward for the latest outline drawing for your particular IGV actuator.

Chapter 2. IGV Actuator Operation

The IGV actuator is controlled by an electronic servo-control system (not included), which compares the demanded and actual actuator positions. The control system modulates the input current signal to the electrohydraulic servo valve to minimize the positioning system error. See Figure 1-2 for a functional schematic of the dual-acting actuator. Hydraulic oil enters the actuator via a removable element filter with integral high ΔP indicator and is subsequently split—a portion of the flow enters the nozzle flapper stage of the servo valve, which is used to position the second stage spool valve, and the other portion directed to the sequencing valve. If the pressure is above approximately 1000 psig, the sequencing valve will open and the flow is directed to the four-way second-stage spool valve of the electrohydraulic servo valve.

PC1 control pressure output from the servo valve is directed to the lower cavity ("head" end) of the hydraulic piston. When the force exerted by the hydraulic pressure exceeds the force of the opposing IGV force, the output piston extends, rotating the Inlet Guide Vane ring in the opening direction.

Three redundant LVDT position feedback transducers are mounted within each actuator. The LVDT sensor cores and support rods, connected to the main actuator output rod by an anti-rotation plate, which is coupled to a rod, which is guided in a bushing. This guide bushing maintains LVDT alignment to minimize core damage due to sliding wear and the associated loss of sensing accuracy.

Chapter 3. Standard Component Details

Triple Coil Electrohydraulic Servo Valve Assembly

The LMS100 IGV actuator uses a two stage hydraulic servo valve to modulate the position of the output shaft and thereby control the inlet guide vane. The first stage torque motor uses a triple-wound coil, which controls the position of the first- and second-stage valves in proportion to the total electrical current applied to the three coils.

If the control system requires a rapid movement of the actuator to open the inlet guide vanes, the current is increased well above the null current. In such a condition, supply oil is admitted to the appropriate actuator piston cavity. The flow rate delivered to the piston cavity is proportional to the total current applied to the three coils. Thus, the actuator stroke velocity and the vane opening are also proportional to the current supplied to the torque motor above the null point.

If the control system requires a rapid movement to close the inlet guide vanes, the total current is reduced well below the null current. In such a condition, the actuator "rod side" of the piston cavity is connected to the hydraulic supply circuit, and the actuator "head side" is connected to the hydraulic drain circuit. The flow rate returning from the lower piston cavity of the servo valve is proportional to the magnitude of the total current below the null value. The flow rate and closing velocity of the valve is in this case proportional to the total current below the null point.

Near the null current, the servo valve essentially isolates the piston cavities from the hydraulic supply and drain, and the piston pressure is balanced to maintain a constant position. The control system, which regulates the amount of current delivered to the coils, modulates the current supplied to the coil to obtain proper closed loop operation of the system.

Hydraulic Filter Assembly

The IGV actuator is supplied with an integrated, high-capacity filter. This broad-range filter protects the internal hydraulic control components from large oil-borne contaminants that might cause the hydraulic components to stick or operate erratically. The filter is supplied with a visual indicator which indicates when the pressure differential exceeds the recommended value, indicating that replacement of the element is necessary.

LVDT Position Feedback Sensors

The IGV actuator uses dual LVDTs for position feedback. The LVDTs are factory set to give 0.7 \pm 0.1 Vrms feedback in retracted position.

Chapter 4. Installation

General

See the outline drawing (Figure 1-1) for:

- Overall dimensions
- Hydraulic connections and fitting sizes
- Electrical connections
- Lift points
- Weight of the actuator

The design of the IGV actuator requires that the output shaft be mounted vertically. Additionally, a vertical actuator position is generally preferred to conserve floor space as well as ease of making electrical, fuel, and hydraulic connections and changing the hydraulic filter element.

The IGV actuator is designed for support by an actuator base. No additional supports are neither needed nor recommended.



EXPLOSION HAZARD—External fire protection is not provided in the scope of this product. It is the responsibility of the user to satisfy any applicable requirements for their system.



Due to typical noise levels in turbine environments, wear hearing protection when working on or around this product.



The surface of this product can become hot enough or cold enough to be a hazard. Use protective gear for product handling in these circumstances. Temperature ratings are included in the specification section of this manual.



Unpacking

The actuator is shipped with the turnbuckle linkage disconnected from the output shaft but included in the same shipping container along with necessary mounting hardware. Check the shipping container for all components before removing it from the area.

Hydraulic Connections

For the LMS100 IGV, there are two hydraulic connections that must be made to each actuator: Supply and Return. The connections to the actuator used on GE LMS100 model turbines are SAE Code 61 4-bolt flanges. The tubing up to the actuator must be constructed to eliminate any transfer of vibration or other forces into the actuator.

Make provisions for proper filtration of the hydraulic fluid that will supply the actuator. The system filtration should be designed to assure a supply of hydraulic oil with a maximum ISO 4406 contamination level of 18/16/13 and a preferred level of 16/14/11. The filter element included with the actuator is not intended to provide adequate filtration over the entire life of the actuator.

The hydraulic supply to the actuator is to be 1.000 inch (25.4 mm) tubing capable of supplying 18 US gal/min (68 L/min) at 2800 to 3200 psig (19 305 to 22 063 kPa).

The hydraulic return should be 1.500 inch (38.1 mm) tubing and must not restrict the flow of fluid from the actuator. The drain pressure must not exceed 30 psig (207 kPa) under any condition.

Electrical Connections



Due to the hazardous location listings associated with this product, proper wire type and wiring practices are critical to operation.



Do not connect any cable grounds to "instrument ground", "control ground", or any non-earth ground system. Make all required electrical connections based on the wiring diagram (Figure 1-3).

Recommend the use of cable with individually shielded twisted pairs. Shield all signal lines to prevent picking up stray signals from nearby equipment. Installations with severe electromagnetic interference (EMI) may require shielded cable run in conduit, double-shielded wire, or other precautions. Connect the shields at the control system side or as indicated by the control system wiring practices, but never at both ends of the shield such that a ground loop is created. Wires exposed beyond the shield must be less than 2 inches (51 mm). The wiring should provide signal attenuation to greater than 60 dB.

The servo valve cable should consist of three individually shielded twisted pairs. Connect each pair to one coil of the servo valve as indicated in Figure 1-3 (wiring diagram).

The LVDT cable must consist of four individually shielded twisted pairs. Use two separate pairs for each of the excitation voltages to the LVDT, and two separate pairs used for each of the feedback voltages from the LVDT, as indicated in Figure 1-3 (wiring diagram).

Electronic Settings

Dynamic Tuning Parameters

It is imperative to input the correct dynamic characteristics of this actuator into the control system ensuring the operation of the actuator/control system is within acceptable limits.



Figure 4-1. IGV Actuator Block Diagram

- A_c Hydraulic cylinder working area (in²) 19.63 in² extend area, 16.49 in² retract area
- K_{SV} Servo valve flow gain (in³/s) = 6.1 in³/s/mA
- K_L LVDT gain (Vrms/inch). Gain = 1.0181 Vrms/inch
- ξ servo valve damping ratio = 0.7
- $\hat{\omega}_n$ servo valve natural frequency (rad/s) = 520 rad/s (83 Hz)
- τ_L LVDT time constant (s) = 0.005 (depends on excitation/demodulation)
 - $[in^2 = square inches; 1 in^2 = 645.16 mm^2]$
 - $[in^3 = cubic inches; 1 in^3 = 16.387 mm^3]$

Null Current Adjustment

Every IGV actuator shipped contains documentation that gives the actual null current as measured by Woodward. It is imperative that the control system null current match the as-measured current for each IGV actuator in the system. Incorrect null current setting (with proportional control only) will result in position error.

Rigging Procedure

The actuator is shipped with documentation which contains the appropriate LVDT feedback signals for each LVDT in the fully retracted and extended positions (assuming 7.0 Vrms excitation at 3000 Hz).

Once the control system is connected to the actuator and control of the actuator is established, set the command position to 0% of full stroke. Measure the feedback voltage from each LVDT. Adjust the Offset in the feedback loop until the feedback voltage matches the documented values for that position. Adjust the command position to 100% of full stroke. Adjust the Gain of the feedback loop until the LVDT feedback voltage matches the documented values. Set the command position to close the vane (actuator retract). Visually verify that the vane (actuator) is closed and that the feedback voltage from the LVDT is 0.7 ± 0.1 Vrms. This process may have to be repeated to ensure the feedback voltages at both the 0% and 100% command positions match the documented values.





Failure to properly install and rig the turnbuckle linkage assembly may result in the inability to control the position of the inlet guide vanes, and may result in damage to the IGV actuator or to the IGV system on the compressor.

NOTICE

After rigging the turnbuckle linkage assembly to the appropriate length between the IGV actuator clevis (yoke) and the turbine ring connection, the jam nuts on the turnbuckle assembly must be appropriately torqued to the values specified on the installation drawing. However, when performing this torque operation, the hexshaped turnbuckle linkage and/or the rod ends must be held in place, with an appropriate wrench or other tool, while the jam nuts are being torqued. The actuator assembly cannot absorb the torque from this operation. Failure to properly secure the turnbuckle and/or rod ends while torquing the jam nuts may result in damage to the actuator.

NOTICE

During field rigging of turnbuckle length, do not weld on any surface of the rod ends. Tack welds for anti-rotation should only be applied on the lock nuts and turnbuckle using the supplied weld strip, preferably more than 3.0 inches (76 mm) from the ends of the turnbuckle as shown in Figure 1-1.

Chapter 5. Maintenance and Hardware Replacement

Maintenance



Any cleaning by hand or with water spray must be performed while the area is known to be non-hazardous to prevent an electrostatic discharge in an explosive atmosphere.

The LMS100 IGV actuator requires no maintenance or adjustment in preparation for (or during) normal operation.

Grease the grease fitting on each rod end after the first 24 months of operation, and every 12 months thereafter, with grease meeting US MIL-G-23827A.

Woodward recommends routine checks of the DP gauge on the filter assembly to verify that the filter is not partially clogged. Replace the filter element when the DP indicator shows red.

In the event that any of the standard components of the actuator become inoperative, field replacement of components is possible. Contact a Woodward representative for assistance.

Hardware Replacement



EXPLOSION HAZARD—Do not connect or disconnect while circuit is live unless area is known to be non-hazardous.

Substitution of components may impair suitability for Zone 2 applications.



To prevent possible serious personal injury, or damage to equipment, be sure all electric power, hydraulic pressure, and vane force have been removed from the actuator before beginning any maintenance or repairs.



Due to typical noise levels in turbine environments, hearing protection should be worn when working on or around the IGV actuator.

See the outline drawing (Figure 1-1) for the location of items.

Hydraulic Filter Assembly/Cartridge

The hydraulic filter is located on the hydraulic manifold, hanging directly under the top manifold directly under the servo valve.

Replacement of Filter Assembly

- 1. Remove four 0.312-18 UNC socket head cap screws.
- 2. Remove the filter assembly from the manifold block.



- 3. Remove the two O-rings present in the interface between the filter and the manifold.
- 4. Obtain a new filter assembly.
- 5. Place two new O-rings in the new filter assembly.
- 6. Install the filter onto the manifold assembly. Be sure to place the filter in the correct orientation. See the outline drawing (Figure 1-1).
- 7. Install four 0.312-18 cap screws through the filter into the manifold, and torque to 20–27 lb-ft (27–37 N⋅m).

Replacement of Filter Cartridge



The filter contains a large amount of hydraulic fluid that may be spilled during filter removal.

- 1. Using a 1-5/16 inch (~33+ mm) wrench, loosen the bowl from the filter assembly.
- 2. Remove the filter element by pulling it downward.
- 3. Obtain a new filter element.
- 4. Lubricate the O-ring on the ID of the cartridge with hydraulic fluid.
- 5. Install the cartridge into the assembly by sliding the open end of the cartridge upward onto the nipple.
- 6. Install the filter bowl. Tighten to 25–30 lb-ft (34–41 N·m).

Servo Valve Replacement

The servo value is located on the hydraulic manifold directly above the filter assembly. Refer to the outline drawing (Figure 1-1).

- 1. Ensure that there is no residual hydraulic pressure within the actuator.
- 2. Disconnect the servo valve wires in the Junction Box.
- 3. Remove the four .312-18 socket head cap screws holding the servo valve to the manifold (Figure 1-1)
- 4. Discard the four O-rings between the servo valve and the manifold.
- 5. Obtain a replacement servo valve and verify part number and revision with the existing unit.
- 6. Remove the protective plate from the replacement servo valve and verify that O-rings are on all five counter bores of the servo valve.
- 7. Place the servo valve onto the hydraulic manifold. Be sure to orient the servo valve to match the original orientation. Be sure that all four O-rings remain in their proper location during assembly.
- 8. Install four 312-18 socket head cap screws and torque to 16-20 ft-lb.



LVDT Replacement

The LVDTs are located on the right side of the upper and lower manifolds when viewing the front (hydraulic port connections) of the actuator. Refer to the outline drawing (Figure 1-1).

- 1. Shut off the hydraulic supply to the IGV actuator and ensure that the actuator is in the fully retracted position. You may need to block it in this position.
- 2. Remove the LVDT covers by removing the four #10-32 UNF screws holding the access covers on the top and side of the LVDTs.
- 3. Disconnect the wires for the LVDT that is being removed.
- 4. Remove the #10-32 UNF locknuts and washers from the defective LVDT rod holding the 0.250 inch flats on the rod.
- 5. Lower the rod from the anti-rotation plate and allow it to rest on the LVDT.
- 6. Remove the two 0.250-20 UNC socket head cap screws holding the LVDT bracket to the upper and lower manifolds.
- 7. Carefully remove the LVDT assembly from the actuator by vertically lowering it away from the IGV. Take care not to damage the good LVDT housing and rod.
- 8. Obtain a replacement LVDT and verify part number and revision with the existing unit.
- Install the bottom #10-32 UNF locknut and washer on the replacement LVDT rod. Install the new rod into the anti-rotation plate, positioning the rod height to approximately match the other LVDT rod height.
- 10. Install the #10-32 UNF locknut and washer onto the LVDT rod but do not torque the nut at this time.
- 11. Carefully slide the replacement LVDT over the LVDT rod.



Be very careful not to force the LVDT at any time since this could damage the LVDT rod.

- Install the two 0.250-20 UNC socket head cap screws holding the LVDT bracket to the upper and lower manifolds and torque to 120–160 lb-in (13.6–18.1 N·m).
- 13. Connect the LVDT cable to the new LVDT.
- 14. Reattach the hydraulic drain connection.
- 15. Install the LVDT then, calibrate as described below.
- 16. Attach covers after calibration.

LVDT Calibration

1. Whenever replacing an LVDT, or whenever its core rod adjustment is disturbed, calibrate the LVDT output voltage in the following way.



Use care and follow all instructions after removal of supply pressure and blocking the actuator in extended position. Significant weight is being supported and the potential to cause bodily injury is high if all safety precautions are not followed.

- 2. If not replacing an LVDT but calibrating:
 - a. Ensure that the actuator it is in its fully retracted position. Shut off the hydraulic supply to the IGV actuator and block it in this position.
 - b. Remove the LVDT covers by removing the four #10-32 UNF screws holding the access covers on the top and side of the LVDTs.
- 3. Adjust the LVDT rod so that the output of the replaced LVDT is 0.7 ± 0.1 Vrms with the IGV actuator fully retracted (inlet guide vane closed).
- 4. Tighten the #10-32 UNF locknut to 32–35 lb-in (3.6–4.0 N·m).
- 5. Attach an accurate stroke measurement device (dial indicator or equivalent), capable of measuring 3 inches (76 mm) of stroke, to the IGV actuator body.

- Apply hydraulic pressure to the IGV actuator and manually command the actuator to retract stroke 2.17 ±0.02 inches (55.1 ±0.5 mm) or 2.24 ±0.02 inches (56.90 ±0.5mm) by manipulating the electronic controller.
- 7. Note and record the LVDT output voltages at this 2.17 inches (55.1 mm) or 2.24 inches (56.90mm) position.
- 8. Remove the actuator control command, returning the actuator to its rest (inlet guide vane closed) position.
- 9. Shut off the IGV actuator hydraulic supply.
- 10. Update the IGV actuator control logic with the new LVDT output voltage value.

Troubleshooting Charts

Faults in the IGV control may be associated with speed variations of the prime mover, but such speed variations may not always indicate system faults. Therefore, when improper IGV operation occurs, check all components, including the turbine for proper operation. Refer to applicable electronic control manuals for assistance in isolating the trouble. The following steps describe troubleshooting for the IGV actuator.

Disassembly of the IGV actuator in the field is **not** recommended due to the special tools and procedures required. Under unusual circumstances where disassembly becomes necessary, all work and adjustments should be made by personnel thoroughly trained in the proper procedures and tools.

When requesting information or service help from Woodward, it is important to include the part number and serial number of the actuator assembly in your communication.

Symptom	Possible Causes	Remedies
Symptom External hydraulic	Static O-ring seal(s) missing or	Replace O-rings fitted to user-serviceable
leakage	deteriorated	components (filter, servo valve, trip relay valve) as needed. Otherwise, return actuator to Woodward for service.
	Dynamic O-ring seal missing or deteriorated	Return actuator to Woodward for service.
Internal hydraulic leakage	Servo valve internal O-ring seal(s) missing or deteriorated	Replace servo valve.
	Servo valve metering edges worn	Replace servo valve.
	Piston seal missing or deteriorated	Return actuator to Woodward for service.
Actuator will not open (actuator retract)	Servo valve command current incorrect. (The sum of the current through the three coils of the servo valve must be greater than the null bias of the servo valve for the actuator to open.)	Trace and verify that all wiring is in accordance with the electrical schematic (Figure 1-3) and the GE system wiring schematic(s). Pay special attention to the polarity of the wiring to the servo valve and LVDT.
	Servo valve failure	Replace servo valve.
	Hydraulic supply pressure inadequate	Supply pressure must be greater than 2800 psig/19 306 kPa (3000 psig/20 685 kPa preferred).
Actuator will not close	Servo valve command current incorrect. (The sum of the current through the three coils of the servo valve must be less than the null bias of the servo valve for the actuator to close.)	Trace and verify that all wiring is in accordance with the electrical schematic (Figure 1-3) and the GE system wiring schematic(s). Pay special attention to the polarity of the wiring to the servo valve and LVDT.
	Servo valve failure	Replace servo valve.
	LVDT failure	Replace LVDT.
	Linkage broken	Return actuator to Woodward for service.
Actuator will not respond smoothly	Hydraulic filter clogged	Check the differential pressure indicator on the filter housing.
	Servo valve spool sticking	Verify hydraulic contamination levels are within recommendations of Chapter 1. The use of dither may improve performance in contaminated systems.
	Servo valve internal pilot filter clogged	Replace servo valve.
	Rod-end(s) worn out	Return actuator to Woodward for service.
	Piston seal worn out	Return actuator to Woodward for service.
Actuator seals wear out prematurely	Hydraulic contamination level is excessive	Verify hydraulic contamination levels are within recommendations of Chapter 1. The use of excessive dither may reduce life in contaminated systems.
	System is oscillating (seal life is proportional to distance traveled). Even small oscillations (on the order of $\pm 1\%$) at slow frequencies (on the order of 0.1 Hz) cause wear to accumulate rapidly.	Determine and eliminate the root cause of oscillation.

Table 5-1. Troubleshooting

Chapter 6. Product Support and Service Options

Product Support Options

If you are experiencing problems with the installation, or unsatisfactory performance of a Woodward product, the following options are available:

- Consult the troubleshooting guide in the manual.
- Contact the manufacturer or packager of your system.
- Contact the Woodward Full Service Distributor serving your area.
- Contact Woodward technical assistance (see "How to Contact Woodward" later in this chapter) and discuss your problem. In many cases, your problem can be resolved over the phone. If not, you can select which course of action to pursue based on the available services listed in this chapter.

OEM or Packager Support: Many Woodward controls and control devices are installed into the equipment system and programmed by an Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) or Equipment Packager at their factory. In some cases, the programming is password-protected by the OEM or packager, and they are the best source for product service and support. Warranty service for Woodward products shipped with an equipment system should also be handled through the OEM or Packager. Please review your equipment system documentation for details.

Woodward Business Partner Support: Woodward works with and supports a global network of independent business partners whose mission is to serve the users of Woodward controls, as described here:

- A **Full Service Distributor** has the primary responsibility for sales, service, system integration solutions, technical desk support, and aftermarket marketing of standard Woodward products within a specific geographic area and market segment.
- An Authorized Independent Service Facility (AISF) provides authorized service that includes repairs, repair parts, and warranty service on Woodward's behalf. Service (not new unit sales) is an AISF's primary mission.
- A **Recognized Turbine Retrofitter (RTR)** is an independent company that does both steam and gas turbine control retrofits and upgrades globally, and can provide the full line of Woodward systems and components for the retrofits and overhauls, long term service contracts, emergency repairs, etc.

A current list of Woodward Business Partners is available at <u>www.woodward.com/directory</u>.

Product Service Options

The following factory options for servicing Woodward products are available through your local Full-Service Distributor or the OEM or Packager of the equipment system, based on the standard Woodward Product and Service Warranty (5-01-1205) that is in effect at the time the product is originally shipped from Woodward or a service is performed:

- Replacement/Exchange (24-hour service)
- Flat Rate Repair
- Flat Rate Remanufacture

Replacement/Exchange: Replacement/Exchange is a premium program designed for the user who is in need of immediate service. It allows you to request and receive a like-new replacement unit in minimum time (usually within 24 hours of the request), providing a suitable unit is available at the time of the request, thereby minimizing costly downtime. This is a flat-rate program and includes the full standard Woodward product warranty (Woodward Product and Service Warranty 5-01-1205).

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This option allows you to call your Full-Service Distributor in the event of an unexpected outage, or in advance of a scheduled outage, to request a replacement control unit. If the unit is available at the time of the call, it can usually be shipped out within 24 hours. You replace your field control unit with the like-new replacement and return the field unit to the Full-Service Distributor.

Charges for the Replacement/Exchange service are based on a flat rate plus shipping expenses. You are invoiced the flat rate replacement/exchange charge plus a core charge at the time the replacement unit is shipped. If the core (field unit) is returned within 60 days, a credit for the core charge will be issued.

Flat Rate Repair: Flat Rate Repair is available for the majority of standard products in the field. This program offers you repair service for your products with the advantage of knowing in advance what the cost will be. All repair work carries the standard Woodward service warranty (Woodward Product and Service Warranty 5-01-1205) on replaced parts and labor.

Flat Rate Remanufacture: Flat Rate Remanufacture is very similar to the Flat Rate Repair option with the exception that the unit will be returned to you in "like-new" condition and carry with it the full standard Woodward product warranty (Woodward Product and Service Warranty 5-01-1205). This option is applicable to mechanical products only.

Returning Equipment for Repair

If a control (or any part of an electronic control) is to be returned for repair, please contact your Full-Service Distributor in advance to obtain Return Authorization and shipping instructions.

When shipping the item(s), attach a tag with the following information:

- Return authorization number
- Name and location where the control is installed
- Name and phone number of contact person
- Complete Woodward part number(s) and serial number(s)
- Description of the problem
- Instructions describing the desired type of repair

Packing a Control

Use the following materials when returning a complete control:

- Protective caps on any connectors
- Antistatic protective bags on all electronic modules
- Packing materials that will not damage the surface of the unit
- At least 100 mm (4 inches) of tightly packed, industry-approved packing material
- A packing carton with double walls

NOTICE

• A strong tape around the outside of the carton for increased strength

To prevent damage to electronic components caused by improper handling, read and observe the precautions in Woodward manual 82715, *Guide for Handling and Protection of Electronic Controls, Printed Circuit Boards, and Modules.*

Replacement Parts

When ordering replacement parts for controls, include the following information:

- The part number(s) (XXXX-XXXX) that is on the enclosure nameplate
- The unit serial number, which is also on the nameplate

Engineering Services

Woodward offers various Engineering Services for our products. For these services, you can contact us by telephone, by email, or through the Woodward website.

- Technical Support
- Product Training
- Field Service

Technical Support is available from your equipment system supplier, your local Full-Service Distributor, or from many of Woodward's worldwide locations, depending upon the product and application. This service can assist you with technical questions or problem solving during the normal business hours of the Woodward location you contact. Emergency assistance is also available during non-business hours by phoning Woodward and stating the urgency of your problem.

Product Training is available as standard classes at many of our worldwide locations. We also offer customized classes, which can be tailored to your needs and can be held at one of our locations or at your site. This training, conducted by experienced personnel, will assure that you will be able to maintain system reliability and availability.

Field Service engineering on-site support is available, depending on the product and location, from many of our worldwide locations or from one of our Full-Service Distributors. The field engineers are experienced both on Woodward products as well as on much of the non-Woodward equipment with which our products interface.

For information on these services, please contact us via telephone, email us, or use our website: <u>www.woodward.com</u>.

Contacting Woodward's Support Organization

For the name of your nearest Woodward Full-Service Distributor or service facility, please consult our worldwide directory at <u>www.woodward.com/directory</u>, which also contains the most current product support and contact information.

You can also contact the Woodward Customer Service Department at one of the following Woodward facilities to obtain the address and phone number of the nearest facility at which you can obtain information and service.

Products Used in Electrical Power Systems	Products Used in Engine Systems	Products Used in Industrial Turbomachinery Systems
Facility Phone Number	Facility Phone Number	Facility Phone Number
Brazil+55 (19) 3708 4800	Brazil+55 (19) 3708 4800	Brazil +55 (19) 3708 4800
China +86 (512) 6762 6727	China +86 (512) 6762 6727	China +86 (512) 6762 6727
Germany:	Germany +49 (711) 78954-510	India+91 (124) 4399500
Kempen +49 (0) 21 52 14 51	India+91 (124) 4399500	Japan+81 (43) 213-2191
Stuttgart - +49 (711) 78954-510	Japan+81 (43) 213-2191	Korea+82 (51) 636-7080
India+91 (124) 4399500	Korea+82 (51) 636-7080	The Netherlands+31 (23) 5661111
Japan+81 (43) 213-2191	The Netherlands+31 (23) 5661111	Poland+48 12 295 13 00
Korea+82 (51) 636-7080	United States+1 (970) 482-5811	United States+1 (970) 482-5811
Poland+48 12 295 13 00		
United States+1 (970) 482-5811		

Technical Assistance

If you need to contact technical assistance, you will need to provide the following information. Please write it down here before contacting the Engine OEM, the Packager, a Woodward Business Partner, or the Woodward factory:

General	
Your Name	
Site Location	
Phone Number	
Fax Number	
Prime Mover Information	
Manufacturer	
Turbine Model Number	
Type of Fuel (gas, steam, etc.)	
Power Output Rating	
Application (power generation, marine, etc.)	
Control/Governor Information	
Control/Governor #1	
Woodward Part Number & Rev. Letter	
Control Description or Governor Type	
Serial Number	
Control/Governor #2	
Woodward Part Number & Rev. Letter	
Control Description or Governor Type	
Serial Number	
Control/Governor #3	
Woodward Part Number & Rev. Letter	
Control Description or Governor Type	
Serial Number	
Symptoms	
Description	

If you have an electronic or programmable control, please have the adjustment setting positions or the menu settings written down and with you at the time of the call.

Revision History

Changes in Revision C—

- Added Figure 1-1c
- Updated Stroke value in Table 1-2
- Updated Declaration of Conformity and Declaration of Incorporation
- Updated Compliance information

Changes in Revision B—

• Updated Declaration of Conformity

Changes in Revision A—

• Updated Compliance information and Declarations

Declarations

	DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY
Manufacturer	OoC No.: 00212-04-EU-02-05 's Name: WOODWARD INC.
Manufacturer's Contact	Address: 1041 Woodward Way Fort Collins, CO 80524 USA
Model Name(s)/Nu	mber(s): IGV (Inlet Guide Vane) Actuator with junction box: 9904-1351 and similar
The object of the declaration describ is in conformity with the following Union harmonization leg	relevant States relating to equipment and protective systems intended for use in
Markings in addition to CE	narking: 🕼 Category 3 Group II G, Ex nA IIC T3 Gc, IP54
Applicable St	undards: EN 60079-0:2012/A11:2013 - Explosive atmospheres - Part 0: Equipment - General requirements EN 60079-15:2010 - Explosive atmospheres Part 15: Equipment protection by type of protection "n"
This declaration of confe We, the undersigned, hereby decl	rmity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer are that the equipment specified above conforms to the above Directive(s). MANUFACTURER
We, the undersigned, hereby decl	are that the equipment specified above conforms to the above Directive(s).
This declaration of confe We, the undersigned, hereby decl Signature	MANUFACTURER
We, the undersigned, hereby decl	are that the equipment specified above conforms to the above Directive(s).
We, the undersigned, hereby decl Signature Full Name	MANUFACTURER
We, the undersigned, hereby decl Signature Full Name Position	An UFACTURER MANUFACTURER Christopher Perkins Engineering Manager
We, the undersigned, hereby decl Signature Full Name Position	MANUFACTURER Christopher Perkins
We, the undersigned, hereby decl Signature Full Name Position V Place	Anufacture above conforms to the above Directive(s).
We, the undersigned, hereby decl Signature Full Name Position	And the equipment specified above conforms to the above Directive(s). MANUFACTURER Christopher Perkins Engineering Manager Voodward, Fort Collins, CO, USA

DECLARATION OF INCORPORATION Of Partly Completed Machinery 2006/42/EC

File name: Manufacturer's Name: Manufacturer's Address:	00212-04-EU-02-01 WOODWARD INC. 1041 Woodward Way. Fort Collins, CO, 80524 USA
Model Names:	Inlet Guide Vane (IGV) Actuators
This product complies, where applicable, with the following Essential Requirements of Annex I:	1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7

The relevant technical documentation is compiled in accordance with part B of Annex VII. Woodward shall transmit relevant information if required by a reasoned request by the national authorities. The method of transmittal shall be agreed upon by the applicable parties.

The person authorized to compile the technical documentation:

Name: Dominik Kania, Managing Director Address: Woodward Poland Sp. z o.o., ul. Skarbowa 32, 32-005 Niepolomice, Poland

This product must not be put into service until the final machinery into which it is to be incorporated has been declared in conformity with the provisions of this Directive, where appropriate.

The undersigned hereby declares, on behalf of Woodward Governor Company of Loveland and Fort Collins, Colorado that the above referenced product is in conformity with Directive 2006/42/EC as partly completed machinery:

	MANUFACTURER
	CLPel
Signature	
-	Christopher Perkins
Full Name	
	Engineering Manager
Position	
	Woodward Inc., Fort Collins, CO, USA
Place	63-MAY-2016
Date	

Document: 5-09-1182 (rev. 16)

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We appreciate your comments about the content of our publications.

Send comments to: icinfo@woodward.com

Please reference publication **26528**.





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Email and Website—www.woodward.com

Woodward has company-owned plants, subsidiaries, and branches, as well as authorized distributors and other authorized service and sales facilities throughout the world.

Complete address / phone / fax / email information for all locations is available on our website.