

Product Manual 26618 (Revision B, 2/2015) Original Instructions



Governor Test Stand

Model 8909-1057 (5 Horsepower / 3.7 kW)

Installation, Operation, & Maintenance Manual



General Precautions Read this entire manual and all other publications pertaining to the work to be performed before installing, operating, or servicing this equipment.

Practice all plant and safety instructions and precautions.

Failure to follow instructions can cause personal injury and/or property damage.



Revisions

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Proper Use

Any unauthorized modifications to or use of this equipment outside its specified mechanical, electrical, or other operating limits may cause personal injury and/or property damage, including damage to the equipment. Any such unauthorized modifications: (i) constitute "misuse" and/or "negligence" within the meaning of the product warranty thereby excluding warranty coverage for any resulting damage, and (ii) invalidate product certifications or listings.



If the cover of this publication states "Translation of the Original Instructions" please note:

Translated Publications

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Contents

WARNINGS AND NOTICES	4
ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE AWARENESS	5
REGULATORY COMPLIANCE	6
CHAPTER 1. GENERAL INFORMATION	7
Introduction	
Description	
Test Stand Features	
Test Stand Applications	8
CHAPTER 2. INSTALLATION	
Shipping	
Receiving	
Location Requirements	
Electrical Connections	
Hydraulic Connections	
Accessories	
CHAPTER 3. OPERATION	15
Test Stand Upper Cabinet	
Switches on the Upper Cabinet Front Panel	
Governor Feedback	
Operator Control Panel	
To Calibrate a Governor	
Test Stand Jiggle Drive Boards	
CHAPTER 4. ACCESSORIES	
Introduction	
Universal Accessories	
CHAPTER 5. GOVERNOR CONNECTION INSTRUCTIONS	33
Adapter Plates and Drives	
Universal Connectors for Test	
CHAPTER 6. MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING	46
Oil Filter	
Base Contents	
Oil Reservoir	
Oil Heater	
Cleaning the Table Drive Motor Speed Reference	
Removal of Drive Adapter and Seal	
Electrical Circuits	
Fuses	
Drive Motor Maintenance	50
Vacuum Generator	
Oil Pressure Regulator	
Feedback Potentiometer	50 51
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Contents

CHAPTER 7. REPLACEMENT PARTS	55
Parts Information	
CHAPTER 8. PRODUCT SUPPORT AND SERVICE OPTIONS	70
Product Support Options	70
Product Service Options	70
Returning Equipment for Repair	71
Replacement Parts	71
Engineering Services	72
Contacting Woodward's Support Organization	72
Technical Assistance	73
REVISION HISTORY	74
DECLARATIONS	75

Illustrations and Tables

Figure 1-1. All-Electric Test Stand	8
Figure 2-1. Basic All-Electric Test Stand	10
Figure 2-2. Stop Clock Jumper	13
Figure 3-1. Test Stand Upper Cabinet Front Panel	15
Figure 3-2. Oil Controls on Side of Test Stand	17
Figure 3-3. Typical Rotary Output Connected to Feedback	18
Figure 3-4. Linear Output Connected to Feedback	18
Figure 3-5. Downstroke Output Connected to Feedback	18
Figure 3-6. Operator Control Panel	18
Figure 4-1. Test Stand with Most Options Installed	24
Figure 4-2. Variable DC Power Supply	26
Figure 4-3. Right-Angle Drive with EG-3 Actuator	27
Figure 4-4. Multiplication Drive Assembly with TG Adapter and Governor	28
Figure 4-5. Oil Level Control Kit on PG Governor	
Figure 4-6. PG Rail Switch Panel	
Figure 4-7. Load Control Indicator on PG Governor	
Figure 4-8. Optional Air Pressure Layout	
Figure 4-9. Functional Drawing of PG Rail Switch Panel	32
Figure 5-1. PG Power Case Connections, PG-PL Connections	
Figure 5-2. PGA Connections	
Figure 5-3. PG Lever, PG Dial, PG-PH Connections	
Figure 5-4. Test Stand Connections for UG Governors	
Figure 5-5. Test Stand Connections for SG, PSG and TG Governors	
Figure 5-6. Test Stand Connections for EGB Governors	
Figure 5-7. Connections for EGB and PG-200, -300, and -500 Governors	
Figure 5-8. Test Stand Connections for EG Actuators	
Figure 5-9. Adapters Needed for Various Governors	
Figure 5-10. Chart Matching Adapters to Governors	
Figure 5-11. Governor Bases (reference for Figure 5-10)	
Figure 6-1. Interior of Base	
Figure 6-2. Interior of Side Door	
Figure 6-3. Drive Adapter and Seal Installation	
Figure 6-4. Schematic of Oil Pressure System	
Figure 6-5a. Interior of the Upper Panel Door	
Figure 6-5b. Interior of the Upper Cabinet Front Panel	
Figure 6-5c. Interior Close Up of Back Door on the Test Stand	
Figure 6-6. Schematic of the Electric Test Stand	53
Figure 6-7. Wiring Layout Blocks of the Electric Test Stand	
Figure 7-1. Test Stand Cabinet	
Figure 7-2. Test Stand Drive and Hydraulic System	
Figure 7-3. Upper Cabinet Connections	
Figure 7-4. Inside Upper Cabinet Door	
Figure 7-5. Operator Control Panel	
Figure 7-6. Back of Upper Panel	
Figure 7-7 PGF Governor Switch Kit	69

Warnings and Notices

Important Definitions



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

- DANGER—Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
- WARNING—Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
- CAUTION—Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.
- NOTICE—Indicates a hazard that could result in property damage only (including damage to the control).
- IMPORTANT—Designates an operating tip or maintenance suggestion.

MARNING

Overspeed /
Overtemperature /
Overpressure

The engine, turbine, or other type of prime mover should be equipped with an overspeed shutdown device to protect against runaway or damage to the prime mover with possible personal injury, loss of life, or property damage.

The overspeed shutdown device must be totally independent of the prime mover control system. An overtemperature or overpressure shutdown device may also be needed for safety, as appropriate.

MARNING

Personal Protective Equipment

The products described in this publication may present risks that could lead to personal injury, loss of life, or property damage. Always wear the appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) for the job at hand. Equipment that should be considered includes but is not limited to:

- Eye Protection
- Hearing Protection
- Hard Hat
- Gloves
- Safety Boots
- Respirator

Always read the proper Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for any working fluid(s) and comply with recommended safety equipment.



Start-up

Be prepared to make an emergency shutdown when starting the engine, turbine, or other type of prime mover, to protect against runaway or overspeed with possible personal injury, loss of life, or property damage.



Automotive Applications On- and off-highway Mobile Applications: Unless Woodward's control functions as the supervisory control, customer should install a system totally independent of the prime mover control system that monitors for supervisory control of engine (and takes appropriate action if supervisory control is lost) to protect against loss of engine control with possible personal injury, loss of life, or property damage.

NOTICE

Battery Charging Device To prevent damage to a control system that uses an alternator or battery-charging device, make sure the charging device is turned off before disconnecting the battery from the system.

Electrostatic Discharge Awareness

NOTICE

Electrostatic Precautions

Electronic controls contain static-sensitive parts. Observe the following precautions to prevent damage to these parts:

- Discharge body static before handling the control (with power to the control turned off, contact a grounded surface and maintain contact while handling the control).
- Avoid all plastic, vinyl, and Styrofoam (except antistatic versions) around printed circuit boards.
- Do not touch the components or conductors on a printed circuit board with your hands or with conductive devices.

To prevent damage to electronic components caused by improper handling, read and observe the precautions in Woodward manual 82715, Guide for Handling and Protection of Electronic Controls, Printed Circuit Boards, and Modules.

Follow these precautions when working with or near the control.

- Avoid the build-up of static electricity on your body by not wearing clothing made of synthetic materials. Wear cotton or cotton-blend materials as much as possible because these do not store static electric charges as much as synthetics.
- 2. Do not remove the printed circuit board (PCB) from the control cabinet unless absolutely necessary. If you must remove the PCB from the control cabinet, follow these precautions:
 - Do not touch any part of the PCB except the edges.
 - Do not touch the electrical conductors, the connectors, or the components with conductive devices or with your hands.
 - When replacing a PCB, keep the new PCB in the plastic antistatic
 protective bag it comes in until you are ready to install it. Immediately
 after removing the old PCB from the control cabinet, place it in the
 antistatic protective bag.

Regulatory Compliance

European Compliance for CE Marking

EMC Directive: Declared to 2004/108/EC COUNCIL DIRECTIVE of

15 December 2004 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility and all applicable amendments, by

assessment.

Low Voltage Directive: Declared to 2006/95/EC COUNCIL DIRECTIVE of

12 December 2006 on the harmonization of the laws of Member States relating to electrical equipment designed for use within certain voltage limits.

Machinery Directive: Declared to 2006/42/EC COUNCIL DIRECTIVE of

17 May 2006 on the approximation of the laws of the

Member States relating to machinery.

Special Conditions for Safe Use



Woodward Test Stands should be installed in a restricted access area, for indoor, commercial use only, and should only be operated by trained personnel.



EXPLOSION HAZARD—Do not connect or disconnect while circuit is live unless area is known to be non-hazardous.

Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

The Woodward Basic Electric Drive Test Stand and its accessories have been assessed to the 2004/108/EC EMC directive. The Unit has been deemed to comply with the applicable standards under EN 61000-6-2 and EN 61000-6-4. The Electrical Drive Test Stand must be installed and operated with the restrictions listed in this manual.

The electrical and electronic governors that are tested on the Electrical Drive Test Stand have been assessed separately and may require that specific installation constraints be followed to comply with the EMC directive and harmonized standards listed. See each individual device's manual as applicable to the specific use of this test stand.

Chapter 1. General Information

Introduction



In case of any emergency, the test stand can be shut off completely using the emergency stop switch.

This manual describes the Woodward Basic Electric Drive Test Stand, 8909-1057 (3.7 kW / 5 hp) for testing most Woodward governors and actuators. This manual describes only the basic test stand. Chapter 4 includes information about the most common accessories.

Description

The Electric Test Stand is a self-contained unit built to provide oil pressure, rotation, and heated oil to test most types of Woodward and other makes of governors.

Internal circuits allow the operator to set a standard minimum speed of the drive motor and then regulate the speed through a potentiometer attached to the output of the governor being tested. All controls on the stand are conveniently located to permit efficient one-person operation.

Pneumatic pressure is not included in the basic stand. If air-pressure devices on the governor are to be tested, a separate air-pressure source must be provided to operate air pressure regulators or other options added to the test stand. The basic test stand does not require air pressure for its operation.

All electrical circuits on the test stand are protected against accidental damage from incorrect operation.



The oil pressure gauges can be damaged by excessive pressure. To prevent accidental damage, always set the oil pressure at 0 before shutting down the test stand.



The test stand does not test hydraulic amplifiers built by Woodward. The 5 hp test stand is required to test governors and actuators with outputs at or above 270 N·m (200 lb-ft).

Test Stand Features

The basic test stand features a reversible, variable-speed, 180 V (dc) motor, a magnetic pickup on the motor rotation, a digital tachometer, a portable potentiometer for governor output feedback, a 19 L / 5 gallon (US) oil sump with an oil heater and an oil pump.

All electrical controls are solid-state design, using semiconductor devices.

The basic stand tests UG-8, UG-32, UG-40, 3161, PG, and EGB-200, 300, and 500 governors with standard bases and drive shafts. Auxiliary kits (see Chapter 4) are required to test SG, PSG, EGB-2 through EGB-58, LSG-10, PG-PH, EG-3, EG-10, TG-13, 3199, UA, and PG-EG governors and actuators. The stand may also be used to test many governors not manufactured by Woodward.

Special bases and drive shafts may require an auxiliary kit.



Figure 1-1. All-Electric Test Stand

Test Stand Applications

The Electric Drive Test Stand provides a reliable governor drive and accurately calibrated gauges for conveniently setting up a governor off the engine or turbine.

The test stand is not an engine or turbine simulator. The user should not expect the stand to replace final calibration on the engine or turbine. The test stand does provide a quick, convenient method to set up a governor to factory specifications in preparation for final adjustments when the governor is installed on an engine or turbine.

The Woodward test stand lets the operator set the different pressures, speeds, shutdowns, limiters, and other governor variables and adjustments.

The test stand also provides a reliable and convenient source of heated oil to aid the operator in the accurate setup of a governor by quickly getting the governor to its operating temperature. The electric drive test stand has no provisions to simulate engine or turbine drive torque, drive torsionals, engine-generator couplings, turbocharger effects, or acceleration and deceleration effects.

The electric motor drive is relatively smooth and can provide a governor with completely different attributes than are found when the same governor is installed on an engine or turbine. Woodward test procedures are designed within the drive characteristics of the test stand.

In most cases, a governor set up on a test stand according to factory specifications will operate satisfactorily on an engine or turbine, although minor tuning may be necessary. The engine drive can present characteristics to the governor which cannot be duplicated or assessed on the test stand. In these cases, changes to the system and governor may be necessary before satisfactory operation of the complete system can be obtained. Changes may involve one or more internal governor parts.

The test stand permits the following checks and/or adjustments of the governor being tested:

- Governor pump pressure
- High speed and low speed stops
- Air, oil, water, or electric safety shutdown devices *
- Pneumatic or hydraulic speed setting *
- Solenoid and ac/dc-motor speed setting *
- Droop setting
- Terminal shaft range
- Limiter and/or load control functions *
- Electric/hydraulic actuators *
- Governor stability, as it is reflected by the test-stand drive
- A check for major leaks
- A facility for a technician to conduct a general check on governor assembly and operation *

*—Optional equipment may be required.

Governor response time can be adjusted on the test stand, but remember that the response is to the test-stand drive. The test stand cannot provide information about the characteristics of the linkage between the governor and the engine or turbine to be controlled or the installation environment.

Although the test stand presents definite limitations to determining the match of a governor to the total system, it can provide a great savings of time and protection to the system by enabling a known setting to be made before mounting the governor on an engine or turbine. A governor carefully and completely set up on a test stand should provide safe control of an engine or turbine while final adjustments are being made.

Should a governor work well on a test stand, but still present unacceptable control of an engine or turbine, check first for obvious fault or binding in the linkage or fault in the governor drive. If unacceptable control continues, contact someone familiar with engine/governor application problems for advice (refer to "How to Contact Woodward" in Chapter 8).

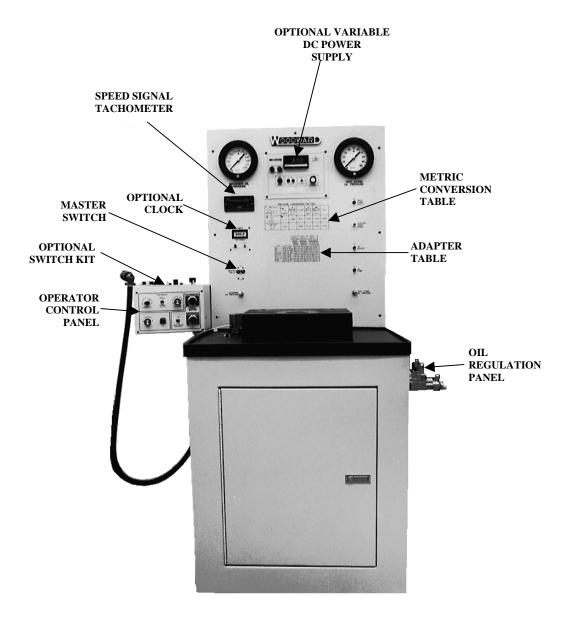


Figure 2-1. Basic All-Electric Test Stand

Chapter 2. Installation

Shipping

The basic Electric Drive Test Stand is shipped from the factory bolted to a wooden shipping platform. A shipping box is attached to the platform for protection of the test stand during shipment. Spare parts, additional mounting plates, test items, and accessories are shipped in accompanying cartons.

The basic stand weighs between 360 kg and 450 kg (800 lb and 1000 lb), depending on auxiliary options which have been installed.

The stand and shipping platform may be moved by nearly all types of fork lift equipment. Lift eyes are not provided and should a hoist have to be used, a sling must be used.

NOTICE

Do not attempt to move the test stand by lifting on the control panel, hydraulic fittings, or electrical connectors. Pressure gauges, which are often attached to the control panel, must be handled with particular care during unpacking and installation.

Receiving

The test stand has been painted before leaving the factory. Exposed metal surfaces have been coated with protective oil which may be removed with mineral spirits and a cloth. Upon receipt, inspect the test stand for external damage. Verify that attached gauges have not been damaged by the shipper. Refer to the packing slip to be sure the correct number of additional boxes or crates are present.

Storage

If the test stand is to be in storage for an extended time before installation (more than six months), follow Woodward manual 25075, *Commercial Preservation Packaging for Storage of Mechanical-Hydraulic Controls*. In addition, the unit contains power bus capacitors that should be powered regularly. The ambient storage conditions dictate the interval for powering the unit for power bus capacitors. If the test stand is out of service for long periods, we recommend that the unit be powered at no less than 12-month intervals to reduce the risk of damage on first power-up.

The safe storage temperature range is (-20 to +85) °C / (-4 to +185) °F.

Location Requirements

The test stand should be located on a concrete or reinforced floor. Although the stand is self-contained, the floor surface should be oil resistant in case of accidental hydraulic-oil spills. The test stand can contain 20 L / 5 gallons (US) or more of oil that could by accident be vented overboard. It is the responsibility of the installer to install an appropriate catch tank and connect it to the overboard oil vent.



Make sure that the catch tank is sealed to prevent splashing oil from the overflow tube, as the oil may be hot.

A minimum area of (1.2 x 1.2) m / (4 x 4) ft is required by the test stand and operator. Additional space to the front and back is recommended. Consider leaving space for the ability to access the interior of the test stand. If plans include testing larger, heavier governors, hoist facilities should be included.



The surface of the oil heater or oil tank can become hot enough to be a burn hazard. Use protective gear for product handling in these circumstances.



External fire protection is not provided in the scope of this product. It is the responsibility of the user to satisfy any applicable requirements for their system.



Hearing protection should be worn when working on or around the Governor Test Stand.

The area selected should be well lighted and have a constant room temperature. Operational room temperature is recommended to be 20 °C, but should be within ±15 degrees of 25 °C. Some governors are temperature-sensitive, and excessive ambient temperature change can make accurate governor calibration difficult or impossible.

Leveling Bolts

Four leveling bolts are packed with the test stand. These should be installed, as convenient, while removing the stand from the shipping platform. The bolts should be installed in the four tapped 0.750 inch holes in the corners of the base. After the stand is leveled, tighten the jam nuts.

Electrical Connections

The test stand requires a power supply of 3-phase (208 to 240) V, (50 or 60) Hz, with at least 9.0 kVA available. A permanently attached Protective Earth (PE) wire of sufficient gauge must be connected to the test stand chassis. A dedicated

customer PE connection, marked with a protective earth symbol ______, is provided inside the unit. A 40 A breaker is included in the main power switch. Additionally there is a main power quick-disconnect for operator shutdowns. We recommend that a dedicated external breaker be provided for the power mains feeding the test stand.

Connecting wiring should be made to meet local and national electrical codes. Flexible metal or solid metal conduit wiring can be used and is recommended.

Test Stand Wiring

Attach the three supply legs to the "Line" screw clamp lugs of the input filter FL1. Provide the shortest length of wire inside the test stand as possible, while maintaining a service loop. Attach the earth ground to the #10 grounding post located on the inside right-hand side of the upper cabinet marked with a protective earth symbol

It may be necessary to transpose the position of the A phase and B phase power leads to the master switch to obtain proper rotation of the oil-pump motor.

Stop Clock (optional)

Test stands equipped with a Stop Clock are factory-wired for 60 Hz power supply. If 50 Hz power is used, the jumper on the three pins located on the back side of the clock must be moved. The pins are located on the right side of the board. The jumper is small (the pins are 3.2 mm / 0.125 inch apart). Be sure to disconnect the power from the stand before changing the jumper. The clock will run slow if it is set for 60 Hz but is supplied with 50 Hz power. See Figure 2-2.

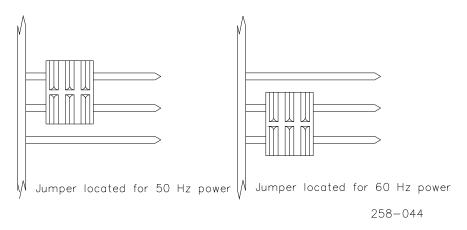


Figure 2-2. Stop Clock Jumper

The stop clock measures elapsed time for certain governor tests. The clock records seconds in 0.1 second intervals, and records up to 1999.9 seconds before reverting to 0.

Hydraulic Connections

All connections to test stand gauges are standard 1/4 inch (6.4 mm), 37-degree flare fittings. A standard 3/8 inch (9.5 mm), 37-degree flare fitting is supplied on the oil connection.

Filling the Oil Reservoir

The test stand is shipped with about 7.6 L / 2 gallons (US) of 20W50 engine oil in the oil reservoir. The oil level is above the heater element but below the oil-pump supply. The reservoir must be full before operating the stand. Fill the oil reservoir by pouring new, clean governor oil through the screen on the table top. Fill until oil shows in the center of the sight glass on the left-hand side of the lower stand.

The proper oil level should be maintained with oil visible in the center of the glass at all times. Check the oil level when the stand is idle and oil is not being used in a test governor.

The installer must install a catch tank on the side of the test stand to contain any overflow of oil from the overboard vent.



Make sure that the catch tank is sealed to prevent splashing oil from the overflow tube, as the oil may be hot.

Accessories

Vacuum accessories and air-pressure accessories, when specified, must be connected to an air-pressure source during installation. Most air-pressure accessories require a minimum of 690 kPa (100 psi) air pressure. The vacuum accessory kit requires a minimum of 550 kPa (80 psi) air and a flow of 14 L/min (0.5 ft³/min) to produce vacuum to test governor applications.

All air pressure accessories include pressure regulators which determine maximum pressure at air gauges.



Air pressure in excess of 862 kPa (125 psi) can damage the precision gauges on the stand.

Chapter 3. Operation

Test Stand Upper Cabinet



Many test stands have air pressure and/or vacuum accessories mounted on the sides of the upper cabinet. These accessories and special gauges, which are also mounted on the side of the upper cabinet, are described in Chapter 4 (Accessories).

The upper cabinet of the basic test stand includes two oil-pressure dials. The left-hand dial records the internal oil pressure of the governor being tested. The right-hand dial shows the oil pressure being generated by the test-stand pump. The oil-pressure connections are located at the bottom of the control panel. Test-stand oil pressure is also available at the governor-fill valve on the right-hand side of the lower cabinet.

The left-hand connection, labeled "Governor Oil Pressure," should be fitted to the pump-pressure test port in the governor. A hose is included with the basic stand for this purpose.

The right-hand connection, labeled "Test Stand Oil Pressure," goes to the lube oil shutdown connection, if present, or to other governor accessories which require a supply of pressure oil. Otherwise, it must be capped. A hose and a cap for use with the test-stand-pressure connection are supplied with the basic stand.

Switches on the Upper Cabinet Front Panel

See Figure 3-1 of the upper cabinet to identify the controls and switches.

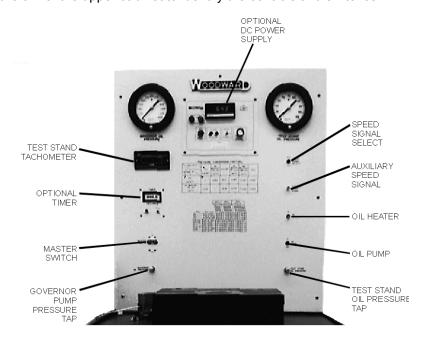


Figure 3-1. Test Stand Upper Cabinet Front Panel

Master Switch

A triple-toggle switch and 40 A circuit breaker activate power to all electrical functions of the test stand. Additionally, there is a main power quick-disconnect for operator shutdowns. All of these switches must be on for test stand operation. The main power quick-disconnect must be in the out position to be on.

Auxiliary Speed Signal BNC Connector

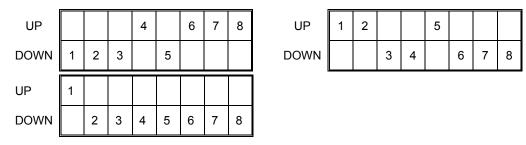
The auxiliary magnetic pickup wire from the speed multiplication drive accessory plugs into this connector on the back panel.

Speed Signal Select

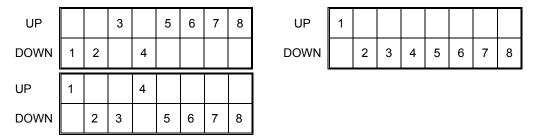
When this toggle switch is up (main), the digital tachometer on the back panel reads the speed of the main drive motor in rpm. When this toggle switch is down (aux), the digital tachometer on the back panel reads the speed of the multiplication drive final drive in rpm.

The tachometer converts frequency from a 60-tooth gear to rpm. A 60-tooth gear is used in both the main drive and the multiplication drive.

The tachometer is set at the factory to read test stand rotation in rpm. The number displayed is updated once a second. The switches are set as shown here to update once a second.



The update time can be changed to once every half second by removing the cover on the back of the tachometer and changing the switch setting as shown below.



Oil Heater

The Oil Heater switch turns the test stand oil heating system on and off. This switch should normally be left in the ON position. When the main power switch is turned OFF, it also turns off the oil heater. The oil heater is connected through the oil pump switch so that the heater will not turn on unless the pump is turned on.

The oil temperature is controlled by a thermostat located near the oil reservoir on the right side door of the lower cabinet section.

Test stand oil is normally heated to 93 °C (200 °F).



Normal thermostat setting of the oil heater is 93 °C (200 °F), hot enough to cause personal injury if oil is accidentally spilled. The heaters can be set for even hotter oil, which can be extremely dangerous if improperly handled.



Make sure that the catch tank is sealed to prevent splashing oil from the overflow tube, as the oil may be hot.

Oil Pump

The Oil Pump ON/OFF switch controls the oil pump in the test stand. This switch can be left ON at all times, if desired. The Oil Pressure Regulation Valve should always be opened when the test stand is shut down. (The Test Stand Oil Pressure Gauge reads nearly "0" with the oil pump running and the regulator open.)

Oil Pressure Control Valves

Oil pressure within the test stand, shown on the right-hand pressure dial, is controlled by the Pressure Regulator Valve on the right-hand side of the test stand.



A closed Pressure Regulator Valve on start-up may cause the oil pressure to exceed the range of the gauge. This may cause permanent damage to the gauge.

The Pressure Regulator Valve should always be set to minimum pressure before the test stand is started to prevent possible damage to the pressure gauge. After the oil pump has been started, the operator should use the Pressure Regulator Valve to set the desired pressure in the stand. The Pressure Regulator Valve may have to be readjusted as the test stand reaches operating temperature. Pump pressure is indicated on the right-hand dial on the test stand panel.

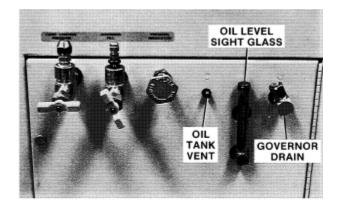


Figure 3-2. Oil Controls on Side of Test Stand

NOTICE

Opening the Pressure Regulator Valve before shutting down the stand is a good practice. The Regulator Valve must be open when starting the pump to avoid possible gauge damage.

Optional DC Power Supply

The center panel on the back panel is provided for dc power supply and related test equipment. The operation of the items included in this panel is explained in the Accessories portion (Chapter 4) of this manual.

Governor Feedback

Feedback Potentiometer

A portable potentiometer, driven by a combination of a return spring and monofilament line, provides the feedback needed to calibrate and check a governor. The test stand's universal output lever is attached to the output shaft of the actuator or governor under test. The monofilament line is then attached to the universal lever with the take-up spool either 20 degrees before the maximum stop or 20 degrees in front of the minimum stop. Figures 3-3, 3-4, and 3-5 show methods of connecting the feedback system to various governor outputs.

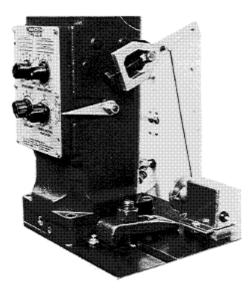


Figure 3-3. Typical Rotary Output Connected to Feedback

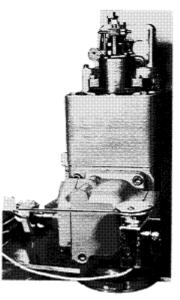


Figure 3-4. Linear Output Connected to Feedback

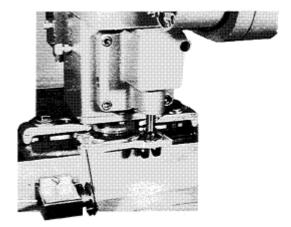


Figure 3-5. Downstroke Output Connected to Feedback



Figure 3-6. Operator Control Panel

Operator Control Panel

The Operator Control Panel, on the left-hand side of the test stand, provides the switches and controls which are needed to test most governors.



A number of switches and control lights needed to test electrical accessories on PG Rail governors are mounted in an Accessory Panel on top of the Operator Control Panel. These switches are described in Chapter 4 (Accessories).

Direct Acting/Reverse Acting Switch

This switch is up (at Direct Acting) when the output shaft of the governor being calibrated pulls the monofilament line from the feedback spool on increase fuel. This switch is down (at Reverse Acting) when the output shaft of the governor being calibrated pulls the monofilament line from the feedback spool on decrease fuel. The pulley on the feedback potentiometer must turn counterclockwise to increase when the switch is up and clockwise to increase when the switch is down. When the lever switch is down, the pulley takes up line on increased fuel.

Increase Speed, Centering

This adjustment sets the drive speed of the test stand, clockwise for increased speed and counterclockwise for reduced speed. Test stand drive speed is adjusted to center the output of the governor at a given governor speed setting. The electric motor circuits are protected from unintentional overloads by requiring that this potentiometer always be at the minimum (counterclockwise) setting before the START button can activate the drive circuit.

Increase Gain-Sensitivity

This potentiometer, turned counterclockwise, retards the rate of response of the test stand drive motor to a speed change. On initial operation, this potentiometer should be set totally counterclockwise. After the test stand drive is set at the desired speed, the Increase Gain–Sensitivity potentiometer should be turned clockwise until the governor being tested loses stability. Response time can then be set in the counterclockwise direction until governor stability is reached under control of the feedback potentiometer connected to the governor output.

The response time set by the Increase Gain-Sensitivity potentiometer is not related to the ability of the governor to respond to speed changes, but rather to the ability of the governor to operate with acceptable stability.

The sensitivity pot may be locked in a desired position. To lock the setting, turn the button on the back of the adjustment clockwise. To unlock, turn the button counterclockwise.

Drive Motor Buttons

(Black button is the START button, red button is the STOP button.)

The electrical circuits in the test stand automatically open the run circuits when the stop switch is pushed in or when an overload occurs. The run circuit is always opened when the forward-reverse switch is moved.

When the run circuit is opened, it cannot be reinstated by the START button until the Increase Speed–Centering potentiometer is turned counterclockwise to "0". The START button likewise does not start the drive motor, as this must be done by advancing the Increase Speed-Centering potentiometer after the circuit is energized by the START button.

When the motor is stopped by use of the potentiometer, the run circuit does not open, and restarting is possible by adjusting the potentiometer.

Reversing the drive direction always opens the drive circuit, and the START button must be used, even if the speed adjusting potentiometer is at "0".

Drive Motor Direction (CW/CCW)

When this two-position switch is "up" (CW/clockwise) the drive shaft turns clockwise. When this switch is "down" (CCW/counterclockwise), the drive shaft turns counterclockwise.

If this switch is changed, it causes the motor circuit to open. The Centering (speed-adjustment) potentiometer then has to be moved to the zero-speed setting and the START button pushed before the motor can be restarted.

Load

The test stand is equipped with a control circuit which simulates load to an engine. When the Load switch is held down, the drive speed increases or decreases by an amount determined by the setting of the Load Potentiometer on the operator control panel. With the speed change, the governor under test should call for a change in fuel setting with the test-stand drive responding to the output of the portable feedback potentiometer. The load switch tests a governor's ability to return to normal after a load transient. The feature is also used to test droop settings.

To Calibrate a Governor

Select the drive adapter with the proper serration or keyway and the drive coupling (if needed) for the test stand motor. Select the proper pilot adapter plate to fit the governor base to the stand. Clamp the governor to the stand and adapter plate with the two hold-down clamps provided (see Chapter 5).

Attach the applicable oil lines between the governor and the test stand. The valve on the right-hand side of the test stand is the oil fill connection. A second valve on the side of the test stand is optional and provides pressure oil to test certain hydraulic options on governors. To fill a governor, first establish the desired oil pressure (indicated on the Test Stand Oil Pressure Gauge) by adjusting the pressure-regulating valve on the right-hand side of the test stand (70 kPa to 210 kPa / 10 psi to 30 psi is normally adequate). Connect a fill line to the governor and adjust flow to the governor with the fill valve.

Oil is drained through the slotted screen on the test stand table, through an oil return line to the side of the lower stand, or through the governor drive. The oil return line is generally preferred over the table drain because it allows return oil to retain its heat, without heating the table.

An optional oil level control is available to allow hot test stand oil to circulate through governors with self-contained sumps, reducing the warm-up time required before testing the governor. Oil from the oil level control option supplies the governor. The governor drain is then connected to the oil return line or opened onto the test stand table.

The drain line provided with the standard test stand is designed to connect to the oil return connection on the side panel. Most governors which do not have self-contained sumps drain through the base. These drains are automatically accommodated by the test stand. Proper flow is set by adjusting the oil fill valve on the side of the stand. In most cases, this valve is opened 1/4 to 1/2 a turn during the test of a governor. Governors with oil-feed through the base must be tested with the optional multiplication drive.

The test stand oil heater should be used whenever possible, as most governors are sensitive to temperature. Most governors reach operating temperature in about 30 minutes on the test stand.

A surface thermometer is supplied with the test stand. This thermometer should usually be attached to the lower portion of the governor case. Actual governor temperature is about 6 Celsius degrees (10 Fahrenheit degrees) hotter than indicated on the surface thermometer.

Turn on the test stand master switch. The pressure relief valve must be open to prevent pressure build-up when the pump is started. Be sure the oil heat thermostat, inside the side door of the stand, is set at the desired temperature (usually 93 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ / 200 $^{\circ}\text{F}$). Turn on the pump switch and the heater switch. Allow the test stand at least 30 minutes to heat the oil and the governor to the desired temperature.

When the governor is full of oil or the oil lines are connected, attach the universal lever to the output of the governor and adjust the monofilament line length to set the portable potentiometer in the middle of its travel. Set the lever position switch as necessary for the output of the governor.

Set the drive motor forward/reverse switch as necessary.

Starting the Test



Hearing protection should be worn when working on or around the Governor Test Stand.

Set the Sensitivity and Centering potentiometers on the control panel full counterclockwise. Push the black START button momentarily, then slowly turn up the Centering potentiometer until either the drive motor just starts to move or until the tachometer shows the desired number of rotations at minimum fuel according to the governor's test specification (TSP) available from Woodward.

The drive motor does not start when the START button is pushed. The Centering setting starts the drive motor as the setting is moved from the full counterclockwise position.

When the test stand drive is rotating the governor at the desired minimum fuel speed, turn the Sensitivity potentiometer clockwise until the governor becomes unstable. Then turn the adjustment counterclockwise until stability is just reached. The setting of the Sensitivity control does not hinder the ability to test the governor if stability can be attained. You may have to adjust the Centering pot as you turn up the Stability pot.

Make tests and adjustments as required by the appropriate TSP. Use the red button or the Centering potentiometer to shut down the test stand motor while leaving the oil heater and pump operating.

Load Switch

The Load control contains a potentiometer which can be set to momentarily raise or lower the test stand speed from the speed setting of the Centering potentiometer. A momentary (push button) switch includes this setting in the test stand drive circuit while the button is pushed, causing a reaction that is the same as that which occurs when load is added or removed from an engine or turbine.

When the momentary switch is pushed, it allows testing of a governor in relation to load changes. When the Load control is in about the middle of its travel, it shows little effect on drive speed. Turning the control clockwise allows the simulation of a reduction in load. Turning the control counterclockwise simulates an increase in load while the momentary switch is closed.

IMPORTANT

The governor being calibrated should be allowed to run on the test stand for at least 30 minutes before making final adjustments.

To start the motor after the STOP button is pushed, the Centering potentiometer must be turned to full counterclockwise, the START button pushed, and the Centering potentiometer turned slowly clockwise.

If motor direction is changed, the drive stops, and the Speed Adjustment potentiometer must be returned to full counterclockwise and the motor circuit re-engaged with the start button.

Test Stand Jiggle

Oscillation of governor output while under test can be caused by either the governor or the test stand.

To determine the source of output shaft instability (jiggle), disconnect the feedback pot. This "opens the loop" between the test stand drive and the governor.

If the jiggle continues, replace the governor with a known good governor. If the jiggle still occurs in open-loop operation, it is caused by the test stand or by the mechanical connection between the motor and the governor. If the jiggle stops when the loop is opened, it can be assumed the test stand drive is stable and the problem is caused by the governor or actuator under test, or by the feedback potentiometer. Refer to the schematic in this manual to check the operation of the feedback potentiometer.

Test stand jiggle that continues can be caused by the electrical drive of the stand, by the electrical supply to the stand, or by the connection between the drive shaft and the governor under test.

Troubleshooting Jiggle

To troubleshoot jiggle which continues when the test stand loop is open, follow this procedure as closely as possible:

- 1. Check the drive connection between the test stand and the governor. The connection must be correctly installed with the right fittings between the test stand motor and the drive shaft of the governor. The drive shaft must fit into the connecting linkage without binding. If the drive shaft is splined or serrated, make certain that the shaft slips into the connecting fittings freely enough to drop into place of its own weight. If a keyed drive shaft is used, there must be neither excessive backlash or binding in the connection. Irregularities in the connection or run-out in the shaft may cause jiggle.
- Mount a different governor on the stand to compare output before determining that the jiggle is in the electric test stand drive or electric supply.



HIGH VOLTAGE—Remove the test stand from electrical mains supply before checking or working on any of the drive components. Life-threatening voltages are present throughout the drive circuits.

- Tighten and inspect ALL terminal connections, including those on the dc drive motor. Cleaning and tightening these terminal connections can improve the operation of the electric test stand.
- 4. Check the incoming electric supply which must provide (200 to 260) V (ac) without high noise spikes. The motor alone can pull 40 A for short periods, and the entire stand can pull much more than this, especially if the oil heaters and other options are operating at the same time as the drive motor. The check of the entire power supply system is important if a new installation is causing jiggle. In the case of established stands which develop jiggle, check particularly for any changes which may have occurred in the supply wiring or the power source. Large cyclic electrical load changes from other machines can cause problems with test-stand operation.

Drive Boards

The drive boards cannot be checked with normally available test equipment. Contact Woodward in Fort Collins, Colorado, USA, if the boards are suspected as the cause of test-stand problems.



Most jiggle problems which persist after the test loop has been broken by separating the feedback potentiometer from the test governor can be found in the mechanical mounting of the governor to the test stand. Before any extensive testing of electrical drive components, be sure that all aspects of the mechanical mounting of the governor on the test stand table have been carefully inspected.

Chapter 4. Accessories

Introduction

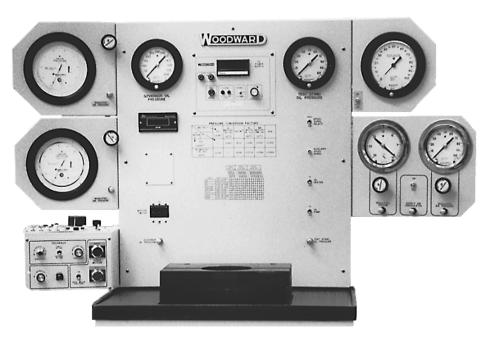


Figure 4-1. Test Stand with Most Options Installed

Several accessories are available for the Woodward Electric Test Stand. These range from drive multipliers for testing high-speed governors to special electrical services to allow testing of electric solenoids and electric-hydraulic actuators.

Universal Accessories

Air Pressure/Vacuum Accessories

Many Electric Test Stands feature an optional air pressure/vacuum accessory panel. The air pressure system accepts a maximum of 1380 kPa (200 psi) compressed air at a fitting on the upper back of the control panel. A filter is supplied at this fitting when the vacuum accessory is included on the stand. Various gauges are available to provide the accuracy of measurement and size of gauge needed by the particular test conditions.

NOTICE

Gauges used in the air pressure accessories can be damaged by pressures above the dial limit.

The air supply is made available at up to four locations:

- Through a pressure regulation valve and a 0–120 inches of mercury (0 kPa to 406 kPa) pressure gauge on the left-hand side of the stand
- Through a pressure regulation valve and a 0–100 psi (0–690 kPa) gauge on the left-hand side of the stand
- Through a pressure regulation valve and a 0–100 psi (0–690 kPa) gauge on the right-hand side of the stand (available with or without vacuum option)
- Through a toggle-controlled valve on the right-hand side of the stand, providing unregulated air at the same pressure as that supplied to the stand (available with vacuum option only)

Air Pressure Gauge

Gauges available for use with the air pressure supply include:

Auxiliary Panel 6995-721—Kit includes an air pressure regulator and auxiliary instrument panel to simulate air, oil, or water shutdown during governor calibration. Air pressure supplied must be between 550 kPa and 1380 kPa (80 psi and 200 psi). The air toggle switch, which permits the use of supply pressure air for certain governor options, is included in the panel. The same panel also holds the vacuum option.

0—120 Inches of Mercury Air Pressure Gauge (8959-087)—8.5 inch (216 mm) diameter, accuracy at 0.1 %. Mounted on the left side of the stand. Also available with a dual regulator and selector valve, part number 6995-075.

0–100 PSI Air Pressure Gauge (6995-071)—8.5 inch (216 mm) diameter gauge. Accuracy at 0.1 %. Mounted on the left side of the stand. Also available with dual regulator and selector valve.

0–100 PSI Air Pressure Gauge (6995-073)—8.5 inch (216 mm) diameter gauge. Accuracy at 0.1 %. Mounted on the right side of the stand.

Vacuum Option (6995-723)

Vacuum is provided by a venturi-principle vacuum generator located on the right-hand panel, behind the vacuum gauge. Requiring a minimum supply air pressure of 550 kPa (80 psi), the accessory provides up to 61 kPa (18 inches of mercury) of regulated vacuum recorded on a 0–30 inch (0–102 kPa) gauge. The gauge is accurate within 0.5 %. The vacuum generator uses less than 14 L/min (0.5 ft³/min) of shop air to provide the needed vacuum to test governor accessories.

When the vacuum option is installed, all the pressure air is filtered through a 20 μ m or better filter located at the connection with the shop air. The filter element is replaceable or may be washed. Remove the filter by unscrewing the sediment bulb at the bottom of the filter fitting.

Air from the vacuum generator is exhausted to the table drain area. Oil from the exhaust tube is an indication of an oil leak in the governor being tested. The vacuum generator may be removed from the stand and washed with ordinary shop solvents. Disassembly of the generator should not be necessary.

The vacuum accessory is designed to provide the vacuum needed to check limiters and lube-oil vacuum trips. The vacuum accessory is not designed to move oil or help in keeping the test stand clean and must not be used for this purpose, as excessive dirt or oil will plug the orifice in the venturi vacuum pump.

Variable DC Power Supply (5466-1068, installation kit 8928-7342)

The variable power supply provides (10 to 140) V (dc) power to permit testing electric speed-setting and solenoid devices used on many governors. The power supply is necessary to use the PGE (rail governor) switch set which mounts on the operator control panel. The device may also be used to test the mechanical side of EGB units.

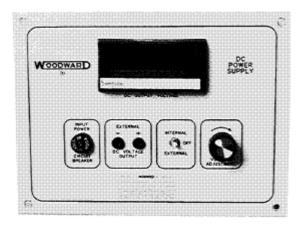


Figure 4-2. Variable DC Power Supply

Located in the center of the upper cabinet front panel, the optional device converts 110 V (ac) power to dc voltage. A three-position switch provides variable dc output up to 140 V (dc) to the optional PGE switch set when in the up (Internal) position. In the center position, no voltage is available from the dc option. In the lower (external) position, the output of the option is between 10 V and 140 V (dc) as set with the potentiometer and read on the digital voltmeter.

The external output is available only at the (+) and (–) jacks on the upper cabinet front panel, and no voltage is available from the switch set. A 2.5 A fuse protects the dc supply.

110 Volt Plug

A 110 V, single-outlet plug is provided on the side of the test stand for the convenience of the operator. The plug is protected by a 3 A "SloBlo" fuse.

Transformer Assembly (5435-053)

This transformer converts the three-phase 460 V supply to a three-phase 230 V supply needed by the test stand. A transformer is included in the transformer kit. The general purpose transformer converts 460 V source to 230 V. The 460 V mains supply voltage must be to the transformer, not to the test stand circuit breaker. We suggest that a shut-off switch or breaker be provided prior to the transformer to control the 460 V mains.

Right-Angle Drive Box (5332-603)

A right-angle drive box is available for installation on the Multiplication Drive Assembly. Horizontally mounted governors are then tested while mounted to the drive box. This accessory is necessary to test certain SG, PSG, EGB, EG, EGR, and EG-3 governors and actuators. The right-angle drive accessory permits base oil feed and drain of the governor or actuator.



Figure 4-3. Right-Angle Drive with EG-3 Actuator

TG-10 Adapter Kit (6995-629)

Requires Speed Multiplication Drive kit. Used to test TG-10, -13, and -17 governors (see Figure 4-3). Kit 6996-639 is available to test TG-13 governors used to control Ajax engines. This kit does not use the Multiplication Drive.

SG, PSG, and EG Adapter Kit (6995-637)

A mounting kit to permit testing SG and PSG governors. Requires Multiplication Drive and EG Actuator Tester for EG actuators (see Figure 4-4).

Multiplication Drive Assembly (4X) (5337-509)

The governor drive motor is capable of operating at 2000 rpm. The addition of a Multiplication Drive Assembly increases the upper speed limit. The multiplication drive fits on the test stand table. No additional power is added to the drive system with the addition of a multiplication drive, and the increased speeds are accompanied by a corresponding reduction in drive power. Multiplication Drive Assemblies are needed to test TG, SG, PSG, EG-10, EG-3, and EGB-2 governors and actuators or any other governor which has a maximum test drive speed in excess of 2000 rpm.

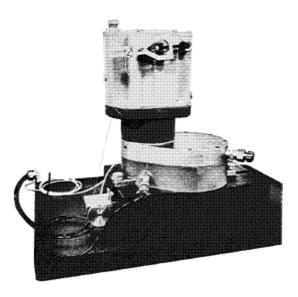


Figure 4-4. Multiplication Drive Assembly with TG Adapter and Governor

The drive assembly permits base oil feed or drain.

An alternate magnetic pickup is included with the multiplication drive assembly.

Governors which use engine oil through a connection in the base require the multiplication drive. The optional drive has fittings which allow connection to the governor fill valve. Oil then drains from the table back into the test stand drive.

If the Multiplication Drive Assembly is used to test governors that do not have drainage through the governor, fill the multiplication drive with the same oil that is in the test stand until the level is visible in the sight gauge.

Oil Level Control Kit (6995-727)

The Oil Level Control Kit provides a convenient method to circulate heated oil through a governor with a self-contained sump. The kit includes a level monitor to control the flow of heated oil through the governor. Governor drain to the test stand oil reservoir is through a butterfly control valve. Stable oil level requires that drain be slowed from an open setting when using the oil level control.

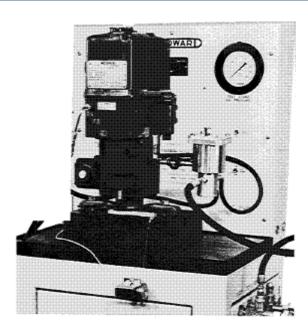


Figure 4-5. Oil Level Control Kit on PG Governor

PG Rail Switch Panel and Cranking Test (6995-751)

The PG rail switch panel is used to test rail governors with a solenoid speed setting. It requires the dc power supply. It includes five dedicated switches, three test points for Minimum Field, Wiper, and Maximum Field feedback, and three lights which indicate low water, lube oil pressure limit, and overload condition.

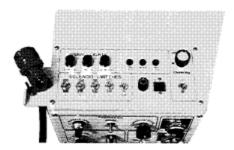


Figure 4-6. PG Rail Switch Panel

A special section allows setting a cranking speed for the test stand drive. The cranking speed makes it easy to switch between two drive speeds that are preset into the test stand.

A cable with a 16-pin connector is part of the kit. Pins N, P, R, and S are provided for numerous miscellaneous governor options. A mating plug is supplied to construct special purpose test equipment using the panel connections (see diagram of wiring and function of panel, Figure 4-9).

Cords and Electrical Connectors

Patch cords used between the PGE switch panel cord and various PGE governors are available for use with the PGE switch panel option.

Load Control Indicator (6995-949)

This is used to set load controls on some PG governors. It simulates the position of excitation settings for generators.

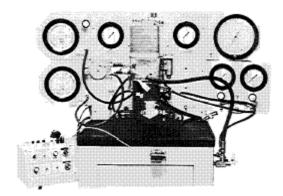


Figure 4-7. Load Control Indicator on PG Governor

5 HP, 3-Phase Option (8909-1057)

Part number 8909-1057 is the standard 5 hp test stand that has replaced the 3 hp test stand. The 3 hp test stand is no longer available, and the 5 hp test stand is the standard unit addressed in this manual. It provides a more powerful drive motor than the 3 hp did to permit testing of 271/407 and 678 N·m (200/300 and 500 lb-ft) governors on the test stand. All other features of the stand remain the same as on the previous 3 hp test stand. The motor driver and other electronics are changed on the 5 hp stand to accommodate the larger drive motor.

Auxiliary Oil Gauge (6995-725)

Available with either a 6 inch (152 mm) diameter gauge (6995-725) accurate to 0.25 % or an 8.5 inch (216 mm) diameter gauge (6995-719) accurate to 0.1 %. The gauge selected measures governor oil pressure and is mounted on the right side of the upper panel.

Optional Couplings

Coupling 3387-285 is available for testing certain 3199 actuators. Coupling 3387-283 is needed to drive some PG governors with 1.031" (26.19 mm) keyed drive shafts.

EGR Actuator Test Device (8959-063)

The EGR device allows testing of remote power cylinders (servos) and EGR actuators. The device provides a separate servo to measure output from the actuator. The servo may be removed from the device to provide facilities to test remote servos.

EG Actuator Tester (8909-059)

The EG tester fits on the top of the back panel of the test stand. It provides the dc current outputs needed to test the operation and repeatability of both compensated (integrated) and proportional electric actuators (see Woodward Manual 55021, *EG Actuator Tester 8909-041 & 8909-059*). The Actuator Tester is shown in Figure 4-4.

Testing Other Governors

Special kits are available to allow the use of the test stand with governors made by other manufacturers. Contact Woodward about these special adapter kits.

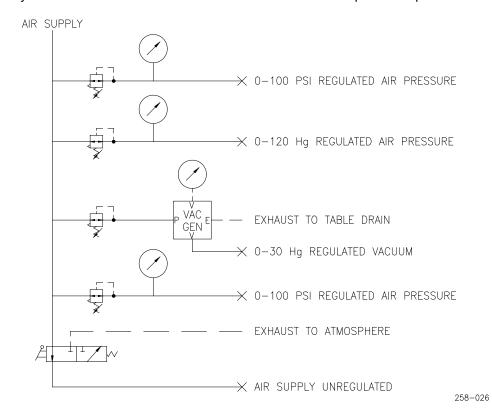


Figure 4-8. Optional Air Pressure Layout

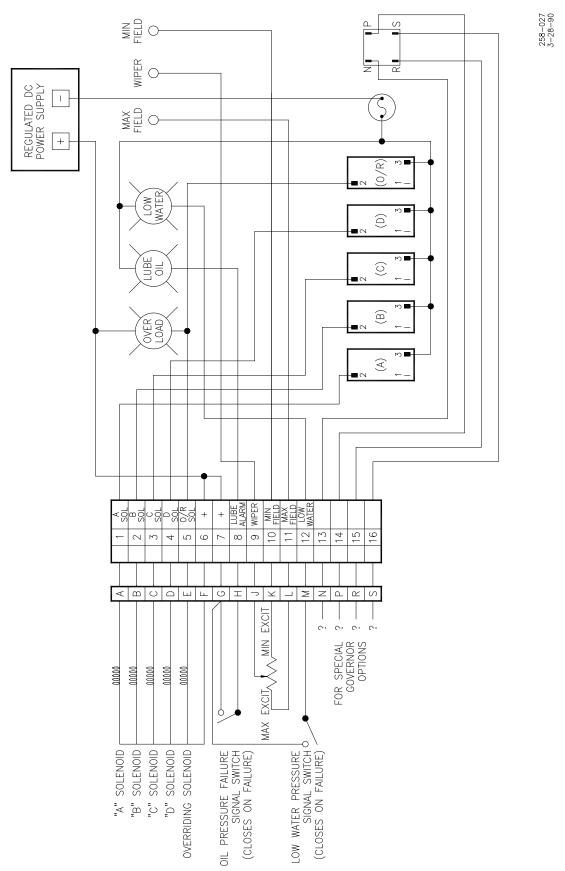


Figure 4-9. Functional Drawing of PG Rail Switch Panel

Chapter 5. Governor Connection Instructions

Adapter Plates and Drives

The drawings in this chapter contain locations for various electrical, pneumatic, and hydraulic connections available on Woodward governors and actuators. Consult the appropriate drawing to determine connections for the governor to be tested and calibrated on the test stand.

Governor	Figure No.	Governor	Figure No
PG-PL	5-1	UG-32, UG-40 dial and lever .	5-4
PG power case connectior	ıs5-1	TG-10, -13, -17	5-5
PGA, with compensated lo	ad control5-2	PSG	5-5
PG Dial			
PG-PH	5-3	EGB-2	5-6
PG Lever	5-3	EGB-10, 13, 25, 50	5-6
UG-8 PL	5-4	EG-3P, oil motor or pump type	e 5-7
UG-8 dial and lever	5-4	EG-10P, oil motor or pump type	pe 5-7

Figure 5-9 provides a selection chart for pilot-adapter plates and drive adapters which are needed to test individual governors. The chart is silk-screened on the Test Stand back panel for the convenience of the operator.

The part numbers are stamped on each of the adapter parts which accompany the test stand. Base types are further identified in Figure 5-9.

Figure 5-8 shows the various pilot adapter plates and drive adapters which are provided with the basic test stand. Additional adapters are available for special governor drives.

Universal Connectors for Test

The following items are included with each test stand to be used to attach a governor to the stand and to test the governor:

Three 914 mm (36 inch) long hoses with an 11.13 mm (0.438 inch) female swivel fitting at each end (the hoses fit 37 degree, 6.35 mm / 0.250 inch tube fittings).

- One for governor fill to governor case fittings, oil level control, or governor fill cup as appropriate
- One from governor pump pressure bulkhead to governor pump pressure port fitting
- One from test stand oil pressure bulkhead to any governor option requiring regulated oil pressure

A fourth hose is provided for the governor drain line from the governor to the drain fitting on the side door of the cabinet.

A serration wrench to be used on serrated output shafts of governors being tested.

Two governor hold down clamps with Tee nuts, 0.625-11 x 1.5 and x 2.5 hex head screws and flat washers.

A surface thermometer which has a magnetic connection to be used on the outside of governors being tested.

An extra oil filter replacement element for use should the original filter become clogged with dirt.(Automotive oil filters do not have adequate burst pressure ratings.)

Adapters, couplings and set screws are included to permit testing of most governors on the test stand.

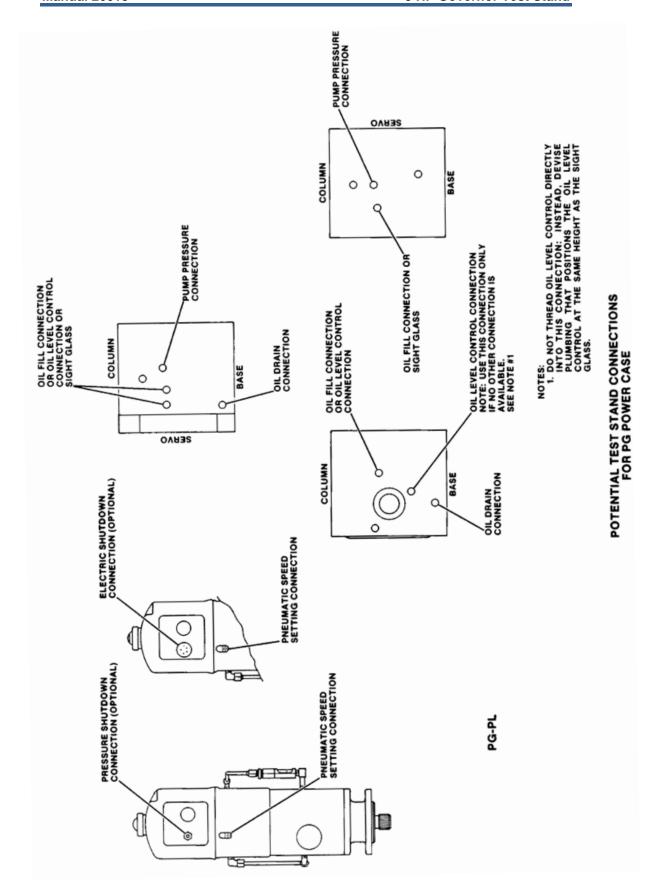


Figure 5-1. PG Power Case Connections, PG-PL Connections

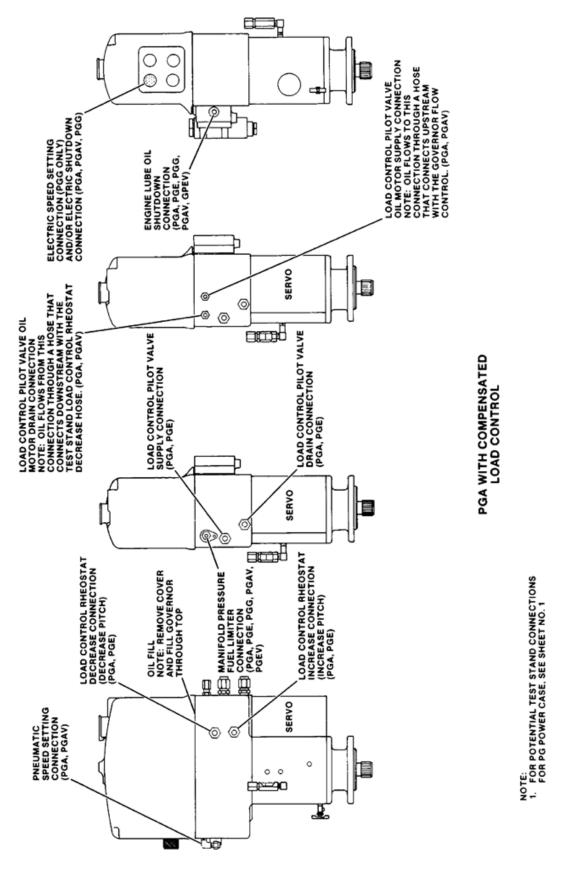


Figure 5-2. PGA Connections

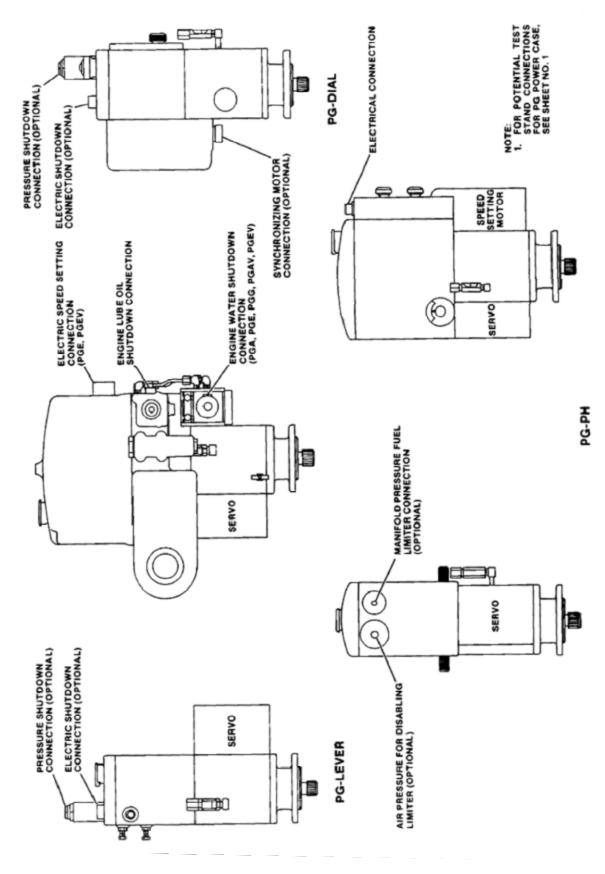


Figure 5-3. PG Lever, PG Dial, PG-PH Connections

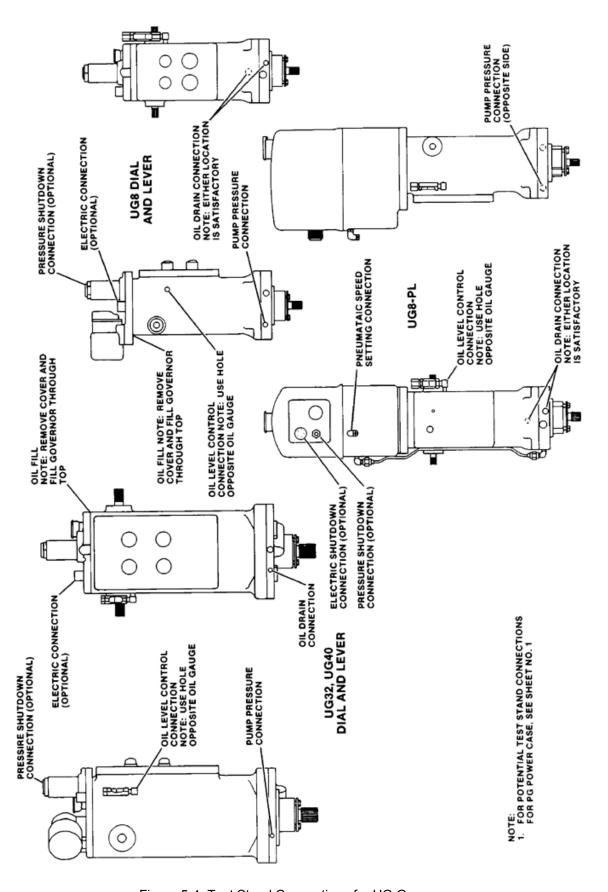


Figure 5-4. Test Stand Connections for UG Governors

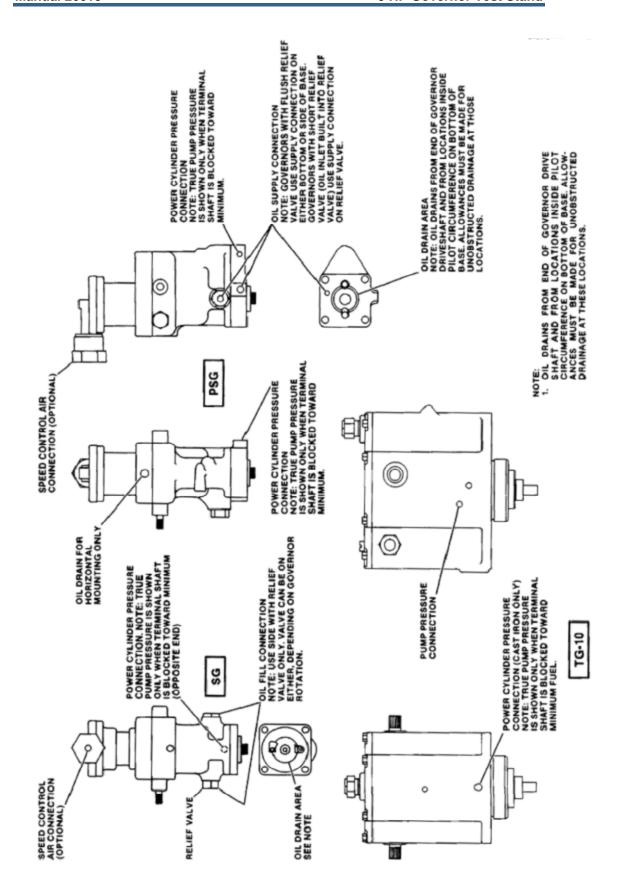


Figure 5-5. Test Stand Connections for SG, PSG and TG Governors

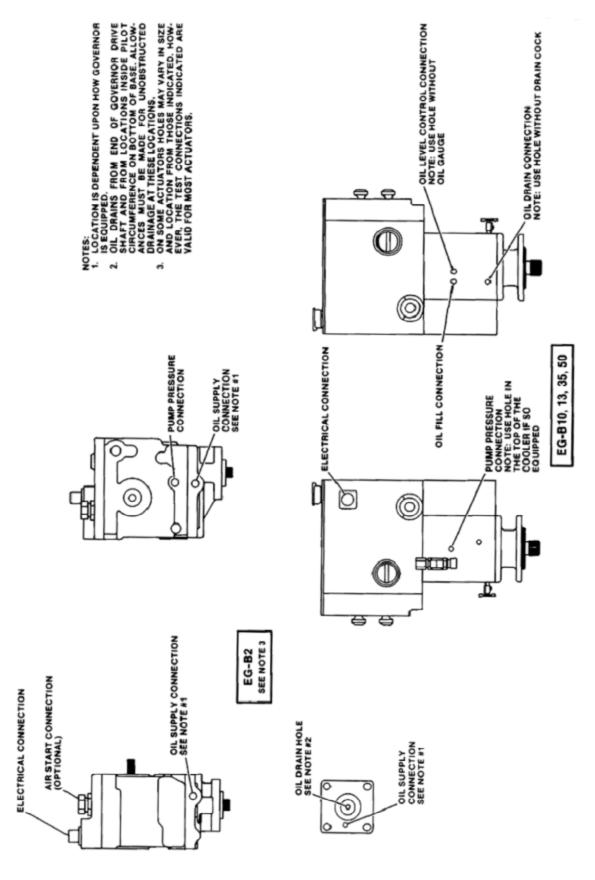
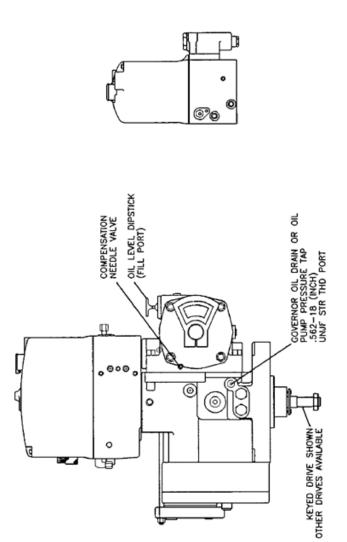
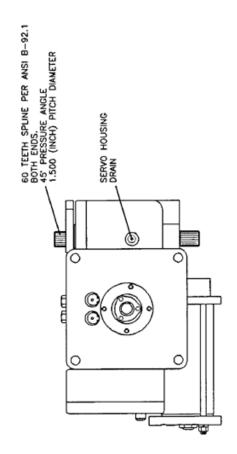


Figure 5-6. Test Stand Connections for EGB Governors





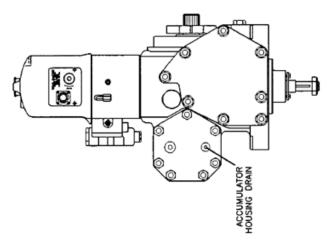


Figure 5-7. Connections for EGB and PG-200, -300, and -500 Governors

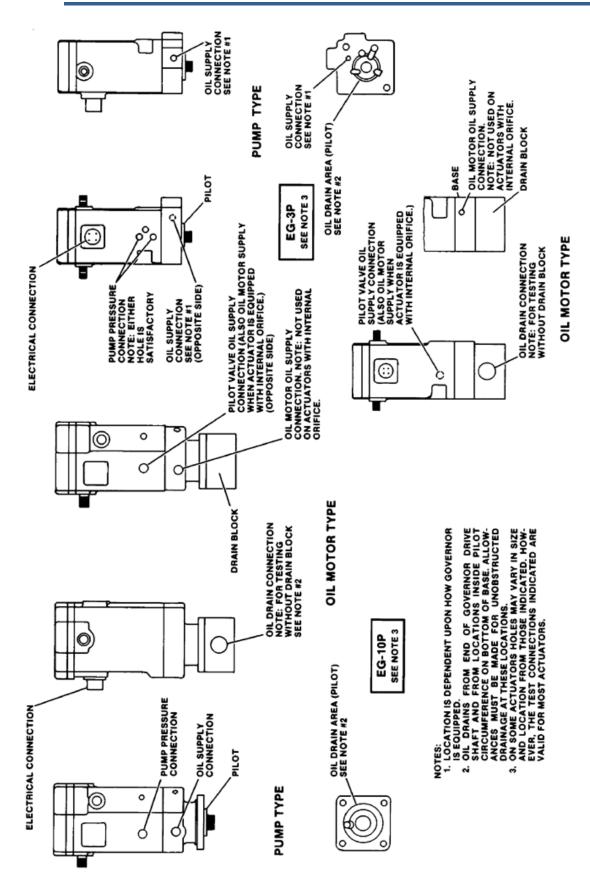


Figure 5-8. Test Stand Connections for EG Actuators



Figure 5-9. Adapters Needed for Various Governors

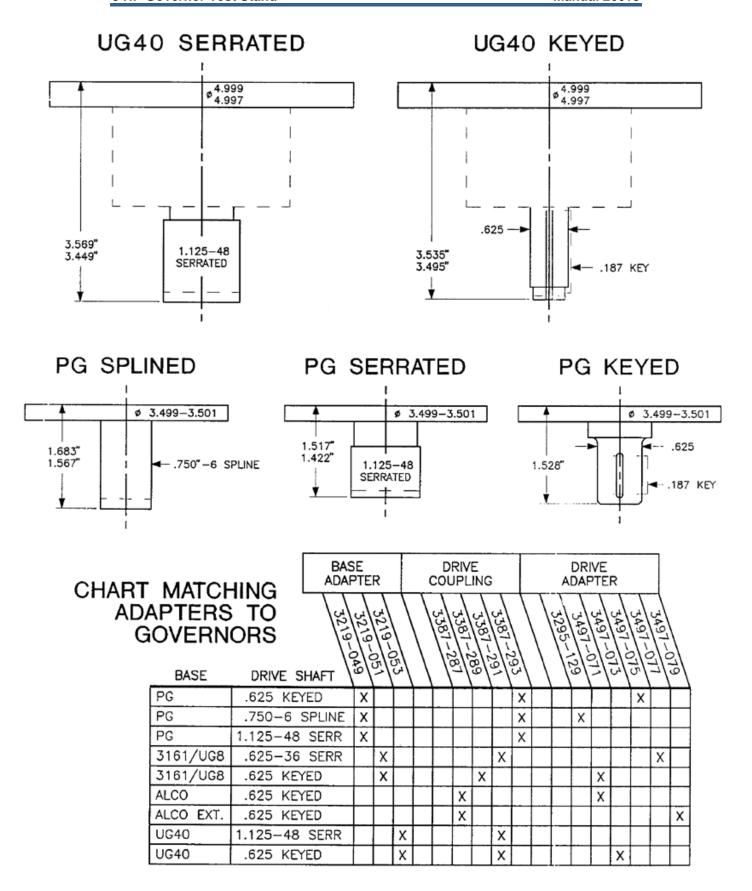


Figure 5-10. Chart Matching Adapters to Governors

UG8 SERRATED

UG8 KEYED 3.250-3.248 3.250-3.248 2.474" 2.404" 4.220" 625-36 SERR .625 .187 KEY ALCO PG EXTENDED KEYED ALCO PG KEYED ø 5.625 5.623 ø 5.625 5.623 5.817" 5.747" 6.832" 6.732" .625 .187 KEY .625 .187 KEY

Figure 5-11. Governor Bases (reference for Figure 5-10)

Chapter 6. Maintenance and Troubleshooting



Maintenance and service should only be performed by qualified personnel.

Oil Filter



Do not replace the Parker oil filter with an automotive type filter.

The oil filter inside the base of the test stand is manufactured by Parker, Filter Division, Metamora, Ohio (Parker part number 925023 / Woodward number 1327-131). The 25 µm spin-on filter element cannot be replaced with a standard automotive type filter, as an element with a burst point of 1724 kPa (250 psi) and a temperature range to 121 °C (250 °F) is required. The filter system should be inspected on a regular basis and serviced anytime the filter is dirty or the oil in the test stand becomes contaminated. Clean test stand oil is necessary to assure the most accurate results from the stand. It is important not to contaminate the governor being tested.



The 25 μ m filter is used for oil supply to mechanical governors with less than 2400 kPa 350 psi) pump pressure. For electrical actuator applications or for pump pressures greater than 2400 kPa (350 psi), use 10 μ m filter (Woodward number 1326-8001).

To change the oil in the test stand, remove the oil line from the table to the oil reservoir and lower the end to a pan on the floor. Oil leaves the reservoir by gravity. Replace the hose to the test stand table as soon as possible to avoid a possible flood of the test stand base. Add oil by pouring into the top of the table. Overfilling the system will cause oil to leak into the base of the test stand (see Figure 3-2).



Do not change the oil while it is still hot.



Oil causes many of the problems experienced with modern, quality governors. Take care that governors are calibrated while using the best oil possible. Do not contaminate the governor being tested with dirty test stand oil.

Base Contents

Figure 6-1 shows the interior of the base with the door in the front of the test stand open. The oil pump and motor are visible at the bottom of the figure.

Oil Reservoir

The oil reservoir is a welded steel box, about $(240 \times 240 \times 406)$ mm / $(9.5 \times 9.5 \times 16)$ inches. It holds about 19 L (5 US gallons) of oil. Oil should be added by pouring through the screen on the table. Drain the reservoir by disconnecting the hose that connects the table to the reservoir and bringing it to floor level. The pump draws oil from about mid point in the reservoir, preventing the oil level from dropping below the heater level. A hole in the top of the reservoir is a vent. The vent is extended out the side door. If the reservoir is overfilled, oil will leak from this vent. A catch tank must be installed on the side of the test stand to contain any overflow of oil from the overboard vent.



Make sure that the catch tank is sealed to prevent splashing oil from the overflow tube, as the oil may be hot.

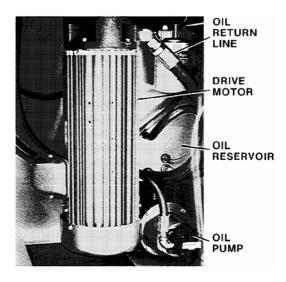


Figure 6-1. Interior of Base

Oil Heater

A 2000 W oil heater, shown in Figures 6-1 and 6-2, is near the bottom of the reservoir. The reservoir must be drained before the heater can be replaced. The heater extends from a 102 mm (4 inch) junction box into the reservoir. The heater is connected to the reservoir with 2.500-8 NPT threads.

The reservoir thermostat is mounted on the door, shown in Figure 6-2. The plate on the unit is graduated into degrees F and the knob should be turned to the proper setting (usually 93 °C / 200 °F).

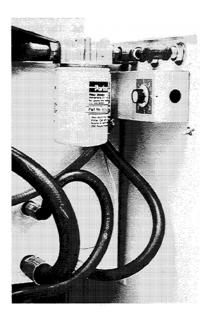


Figure 6-2. Interior of Side Door

The Type JH thermocouple is installed in the oil reservoir, thread size is 500 NPT. The thermocouple extends 50 mm (2 inches) into the reservoir.

All test stand oil plumbing is built from 3/8 inch (9.5 mm) pipe, hydraulic hose, and nylon tubing. Internal wiring in the base is twisted copper in flexible cables.

Cleaning the Table

The steel mesh screen on the table top is easily removed to allow access to the oil drain sump in the cast table. Remove the screen by lifting straight up. Keep the sump as clean as possible to avoid contamination of the test stand oil filter or the test governor.

Drive Motor Speed Reference

The magnetic pickup, which drives the tachometer, is located on the left-hand side of the table extension.

The magnetic pickup generates an electrical frequency proportional to the speed of the motor rotation. Since there are no moving parts, any problems are usually found in the distance between the pickup and the motor gear, in the wiring from the pickup to the tachometer, or in the tachometer.

To set the distance for the magnetic pickup (MPU): loosen the locknut and thread the MPU in until the tip of the pickup just touches the motor gear, then back the MPU out one-half turn. Reset the locknut. Do not have the pickup too close or too far from the gear on the motor. The MPU wire can pick up interference from the motor supply current cable, and this relationship should be inspected if problems are suspected.

Removal of Drive Adapter and Seal

The drive adapter is attached to the motor drive shaft with a set screw. See Figure 6-3 for removal of the adapter. The magnetic pickup must be removed before the pipe elbow can be removed. The pipe plug covers access to the set screw in the drive adapter. A worn-oil seal will result in oil leaking onto the top of the drive motor and from there into the base of the cabinet.

Electrical Circuits

Figure 6-6 is a schematic of the test stand control and drive circuits. Circuits are on the back door of the upper panel, front panel of the upper cabinet, and in the operator control panel portion of the cabinet.

Figure 6-5a or 6-5c shows the control circuits viewed with the test stand back door open. Call-outs on Figure 6-5a or 6-5c are for reference only. All circuits in the upper panel are solid state, and routine maintenance should not be necessary. Complete circuit boards may be replaced, if necessary. Additional gauges are normally mounted on the side of the upper panel. These additional gauges are seldom connected to the drive boards shown in Figures 6-5 and 6-6. Replacement potentiometers, switches, and mechanical parts may be obtained from Woodward. Information from the manufacturer of various elements included in the test stand is provided with the test stand. Problems may be directed to either the manufacturer of a specific element or to Woodward.

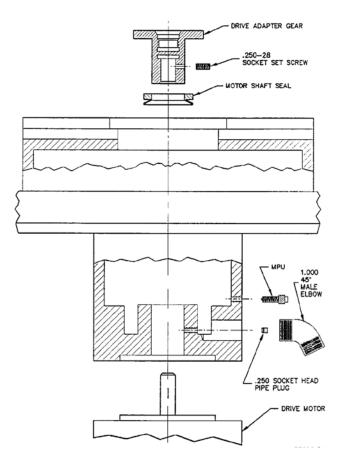


Figure 6-3. Drive Adapter and Seal Installation

Fuses

All circuits in the test stand are protected by fuses as indicated in the schematic. Refer to the photograph of the electrical panel for location of fuses. The stand has three fuses. Fuses 1 and 2 are 15 A, and fuse 3 is 3 A. A 40 A three-phase breaker is on the front of the cabinet to act as a power switch.

The PG Rail test panel is protected with a 2.5 A fuse accessible from the switch panel. A 1.5 A fuse protects the optional dc variable power supply.

Drive Motor Maintenance

The drive motor should have maintenance every 1000 to 1500 hours of operation (twice a year for full-time one-shift operation). To service the motor, remove the brushes and the cover on the bottom of the motor. Replace with new brushes if necessary. While the brushes are out, the commutation area should be blown out with compressed air or otherwise serviced according to the shop standards for motor service.

The drive adapter must be removed before the drive motor can be removed. Do not attempt to remove the motor from the test stand unless absolutely necessary.

The motor is a permanent magnet type, 230 V (dc), 1700 rpm, TEFC, NEMA C face with 4.5 inch (114 mm) pilot, vertical shaft operation, rated continuous duty with an attached conduit box. The shaft from the motor is 1.375 inch (34.92 mm) diameter with a 0.313 inch (7.95 mm) square by 2.000 inch (50.80 mm) key drive.

Vacuum Generator

The vacuum generator has no moving parts and should not require maintenance except to remove it and wash with shop solvent. Check for a reduced pressure air supply if vacuum pressure decreases. The filter on the left-hand side of the stand could cause reduced air supply. This filter may be removed and washed with solvent if necessary.

Oil Pressure Regulator

The pressure regulator valve is factory set to prevent overpressure of gauges on the stand. These settings should not be changed. Inability to attain desired test stand oil pressure is more likely to be caused by a low oil level, plugged oil filter, worn pump parts, or oil that is too thin at the temperature being used.

Feedback Potentiometer

The line on the feedback potentiometer is 5 ft (1.5 m) long, standard monofilament, 178 N (40 lb) test, fish line. Any quality monofilament line of sufficient test can be used to replace the feedback line. Nylon line is **not** recommended. Remove the magnet from the bottom of the case to access the feedback potentiometer. The feedback pulley is held onto the potentiometer shaft by a set screw located beneath the feedback spring. Loosen this set screw to remove the pulley from the potentiometer shaft. To set up a new potentiometer on a test stand, hold the pulley at one of the travel limits and position the potentiometer shaft to provide 0.5 Ω resistance measured inside the upper cabinet at TB 1, terminals 4 (CCW), 5 (wiper), and 6 (CW). Tighten the set screw. The potentiometer should now read 5.5 Ω of resistance at the other end of the pulley's travel.

The readings will be 0.5 Ω CCW and 5.5 Ω full CW.

Oil Pump Rotation

Oil Pump motor rotation is determined by the phases of the power feed to the test stand. To reverse the oil pump motor rotation, transpose the terminals on the master input power line filter.

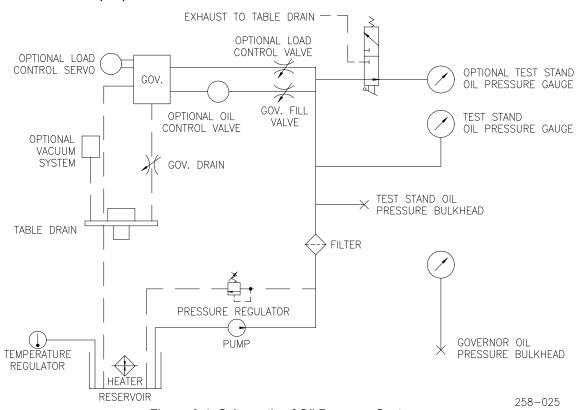


Figure 6-4. Schematic of Oil Pressure System

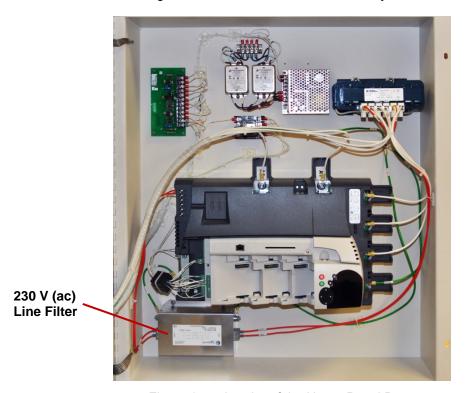


Figure 6-5a. Interior of the Upper Panel Door

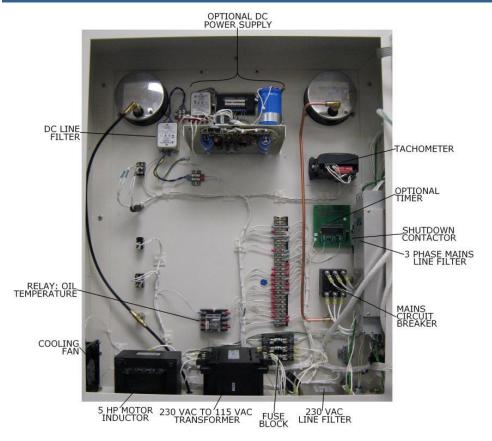


Figure 6-5b. Interior of the Upper Cabinet Front Panel

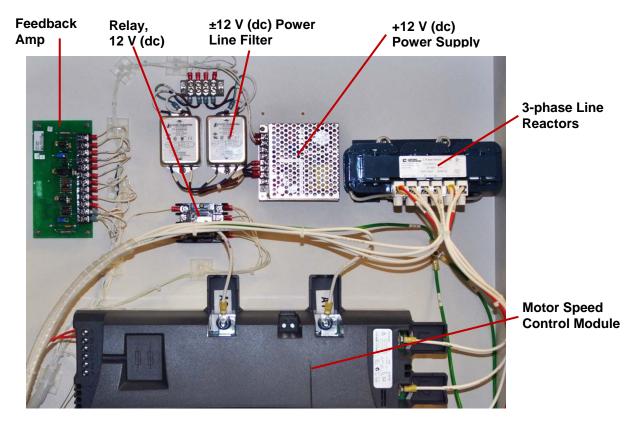


Figure 6-5c. Interior Close Up of Back Door on the Test Stand

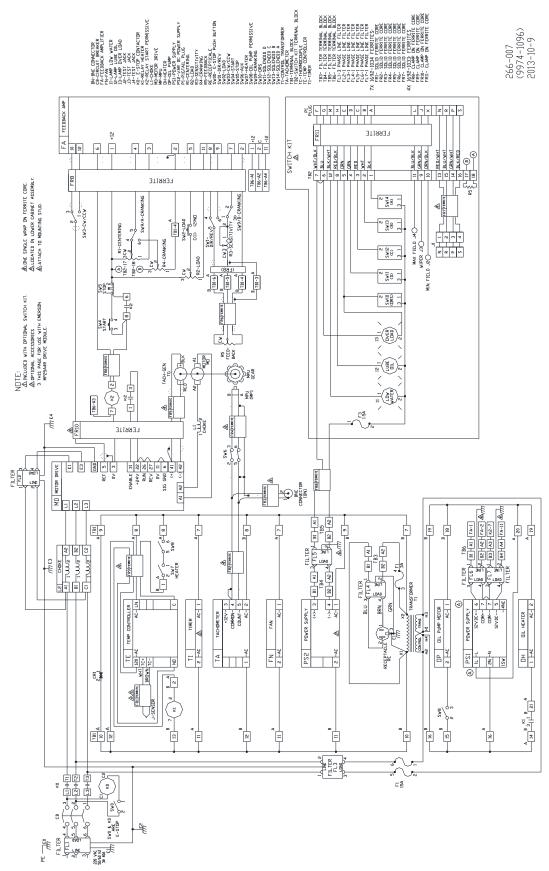


Figure 6-6. Schematic of the Electric Test Stand

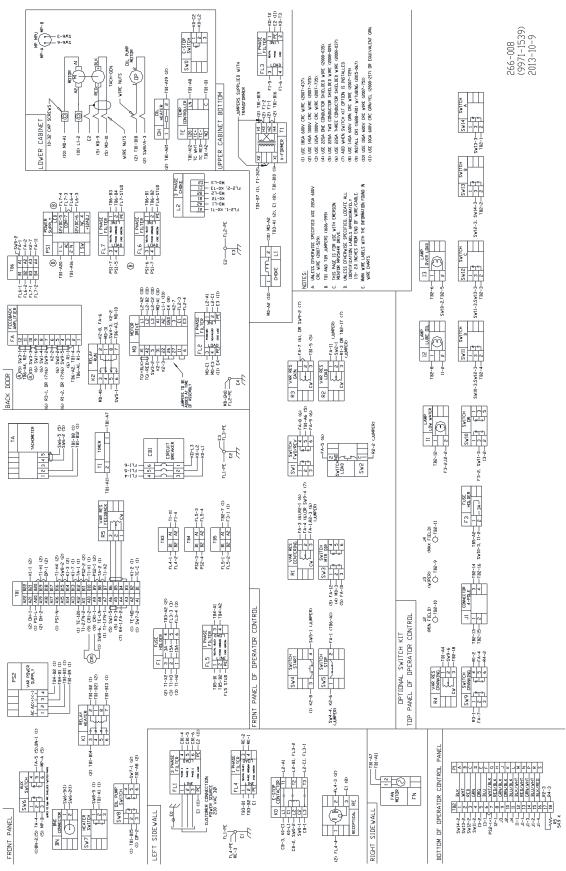


Figure 6-7. Wiring Layout Blocks of the Electric Test Stand

Chapter 7. Replacement Parts

Parts Information

When ordering parts, give the following information:

- The test stand type, serial number, and part number.
- Manual number (this is manual 26618).
- Part reference number given in the parts list and part name.

Parts List for Figure 7-1

Ref. No.	Part Name	Quantity
26618-1	Upper Cabinet Assy	1
26618-2	Cover, Vent	1
26618-3	Screw, 6-32 X 0.438	4
	Elastic hex nut, 6-32	4
	Ext tooth lock washer, #6	4
26618-4	Lower Cabinet Assy	1
26618-5	Table, Test Stand	1
	Screw 0.500-13 X 0.625	4
	Washer, 0.540 X 1.248 X 0.103	4
26618-5a	Screen, Test Stand Table	1
26618-6	Oil Sight Gauge	1
26618-7	Nipple, 0.125 NPT Close	
26618-8	90 Degree Elbow Fitting	1
26618-9	Pressure Relief Valve	1
26618-10	Governor Fill Valve	1
26618-11	Load Control Pressure Valve (option) or Cover Assembly	
26618-12	Test Stand Door Latch	1
26618-13	Cap Screw, 0.750-10 x 2.5	4
	0.750-10 Jam Nut	
26618-14	Test Stand Door Latch	
26618-15	Operator Module Assembly	
26618-16	-4 Bulkhead Connector, Female	
26618-17	Circuit Breaker	
	Screw, 6-32 X 0.312	
	Ext tooth lock washer, #6	
	Terminal	
26618-18	Stop Clock (Optional)	
26618-19	Digital Tachometer	
26618-20	Pressure Gauge, 0-600 PSI	
26618-21	Pressure Gauge, 0-100 PSI	
26618-22	DPDT Toggle Switch	
26618-23	Coaxial Connector	
26618-24	Switch, SPST Toggle	
26618-25 th	hrough 26618-50	Not Used

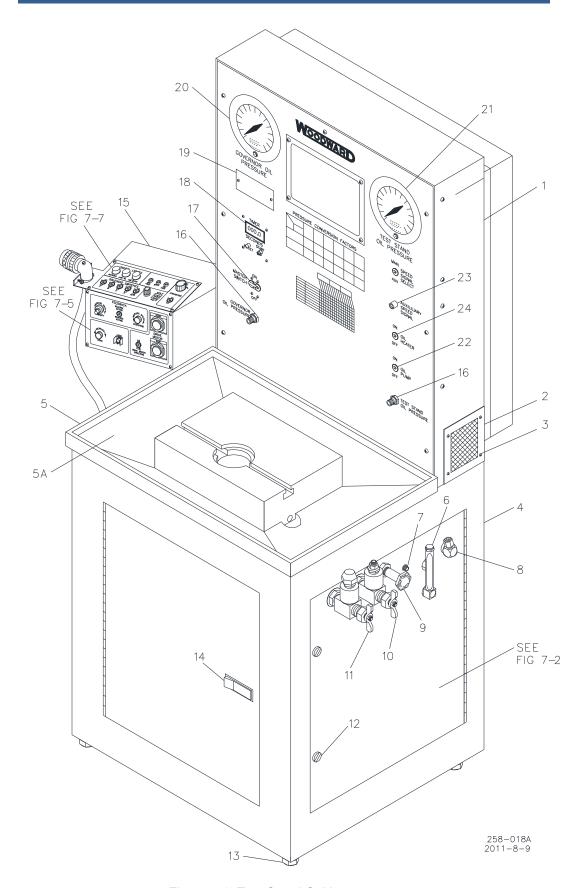


Figure 7-1. Test Stand Cabinet

Parts List for Figure 7-2

Ref. No.	Part Name	
26618-51	Valve, Needle	1
26618-52	Connector, 0.125 NPTF/.250 OD Tube	1
26618-53	Cap, 370 -4 Flare	1
26618-54	Nipple, 0.375 NPT Bulkhead	1
26618-55	Valve, 3/8 In. NPT, 30-100 PSI Relief	
26618-56	Jam Nut, 0.438-20	
26618-57	Cross Tee, 0.375-18	
26618-58	Socket Plug, 0.375-18	
26618-59	Filter and Fitting	
20010-09	Reducer, 0.750 to 0.375 NPT	۱۰۰۰
00040.00		
26618-60	Elbow, 0.375 NPT 900, Street	
26618-61	Nipple, 0.375 NPT x 4	1
26618-62	Elbow, Male, 0.375 NPT x 0.500 tube	
26618-63	Hose, 25 Inches long, 375 NPT	
26618-64	Elbow, 0.375 NPT 900, Street	1
26618-65	Elbow, Male, 0.375 NPT x 0.500 tube	1
26618-66	Motor Mounting Pads	
26618-67	Nut, Hex 0.312-18	
200.00.	Flat 0.312 Washer	
26618-68	Pump Motor, Oil	
20010-00	Conduit, 3/8"	
	Connector Coelite 0.275 V 45 DEC	33 (04 (111)
	Connector, Sealtite 0.375 X 45 DEG	1
	Connector, Wire (2 #12)	3
26618-69	Hose, 19 Inches long, 0.500 Male NPT	
26618-70	Oil Tank	
	Washer, 0.250 lock	
	Nut, elastic hex 0.250-20	4
26618-71	Heater, Immersion	1
	Coupling, 0.375 Sealtite	
	Conduit, 3/8"	
26618-72	Temperature Regulator	1
20010-72	8-32 Elastic Hex Nut	ا
	Conduit, 3/8"	43 (109 011)
	Connector, Sealtite 0.375 X 45 DEG	ا
	Nut, 1/2" Conduit Lock	
26618-74	Filter, oil, spin on	
26618-75 th	rough 26618-76	
26618-77	Hose, 23 Inches, 0.375 Male NPT x 37 0	
26618-78	Connector, 0.500 Male NPTF x 0.500 Diam	1
26618-79	Type J Thermocouple Sensor	1
26618-80	Teflon Tubing	
26618-81	Hose, 1" x 25" Hydraulic	1
	rough 26618-85	
26618-86	Drive Motor	
20010 00	1/2 ID adhesive-lined tubing	
	Connector, Wire	
	Tubing, 0.145 Solder Sleeve	
	Terminal, ring #10	
	Nut, Hex 10-32	
	Screw, PH 10-32	
	0.375 Sealtite coupling	1
	Conduit, 3/8"	
26618-87	25 Amp Choke	
	Washer, flat #10	
	Nut, 10-32 elastic hex	
	Screw, 6-32 x 0.500 PH 10-32, 0.375	ຳ
26618-88	230-460 to 115 V Transformer	
20010-00		
	Washer, flat 0.250	
00046 55	0.250-20 Elastic Hex Nut	
26618-89	0.375 Sealtite Coupling	
26618-90	Strain Relief Bushing or Rubber Grommet	2

Ref. No.	Part Name	Quantity
26618-91	Washer, No. 10 x 0.032	4
26618-92	Magnetic Pickup	
	Thread Seal	
	Washer	
	Plug, 2 pin & bushing (discard 1 sleeve)	
26618-93	Washer, 0.250 x 0.032	8
26618-94 th	rough 26618-95	Not Used
26618-96	Screw, Sock Set, 0.260-28 x 0.250	
26618-97	Elbow, Male 45 Degree, 1.000 OD Tube	
26618-98	Sock Plug, 0.250-18	
26618-99	Drive Adapter	
26618-100	Seal, Motor Shaft	

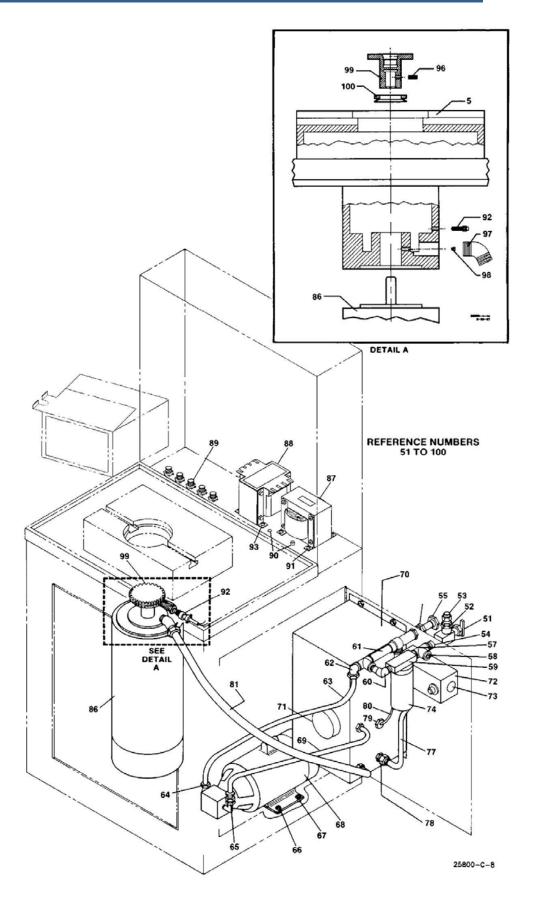


Figure 7-2. Test Stand Drive and Hydraulic System

Parts List for Figure 7-3

Ref. No.	Part Name	Quantity
26618-2a	Cover, Vent	1
26618-3a	Screw, PH 6-32 0.500	4
	Ext tooth lock washer, #6	8
	Nut, 6-32 elastic hex	
26618-101	Screw, 0.250-20 X 0.500	
	Washer, ext tooth lock 0.250	
	Nut, 0.250-20 elastic hex	4
26618-102	Plug, 0.500 Diam. Nylon	3
26618-103	Screw, 6-32 X 0.375	
26618-104	Receptacle, 15 A/125 V Single	1
26618-105	Connector, Strain Relief	1
26618-106	Lock, 1.000 Conduit	1
26618-107	Bushing, Strain Relief	
26618-108	Plug or Bushing for Switch Kit Wiring	
26618-109 th	nrough 26618-122	

60

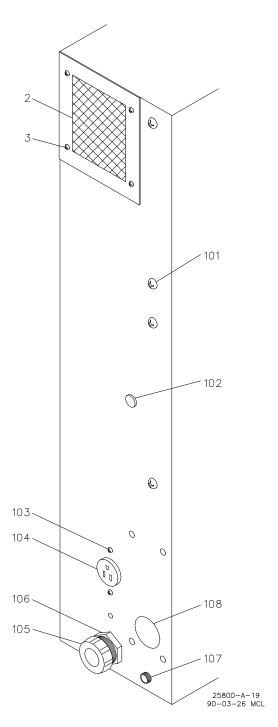


Figure 7-3. Upper Cabinet Connections

Parts List for Figure 7-4

Ref. No.	Part Name	Quantity
26618-123	±12 Volt Power Supply	1
	Screw, 4-40 x 0.250	4
26618-124a	±12 V DC Power Line Filter	1
	Nut, 10-32 Elastic Hex	2
	Washer, ext tooth #8	2
26618-124b	±12 V DC Power Line Filter	
	Nut, 10-32 Elastic Hex	2
	Washer, ext tooth #8	2
26618-125	Feedback Amp Board Assembly	1
	Nut, 6-32 Elastic Hex	4
	Jumper, 2 Section, Terminal Block	
26618-126	Block, 4 Pole Terminal	
	Nut, 6-32 Elastic Hex	
26618-127	3 Phase Line Reactors	1
	Nut, 0.250-20 Elastic Hex	4
	Washer, Flat 0.250	4
26618-128	Motor Speed Control Module	1
	Nut, 0.250-20 Elastic Hex	4
	Washer, ext tooth lock 0.250	4
26618-129	12 Volt Relay	
	8-Pin, Surface Mount Socket	
	Screw, 6-32 x 0.500	2
26618-130	230 V (ac) Line Filter	1
	Nut, 10-32 Elastic Hex	4
	Washer, ext tooth lock, #10	4
26618-131 th	hrough 26618-150	. Not Used

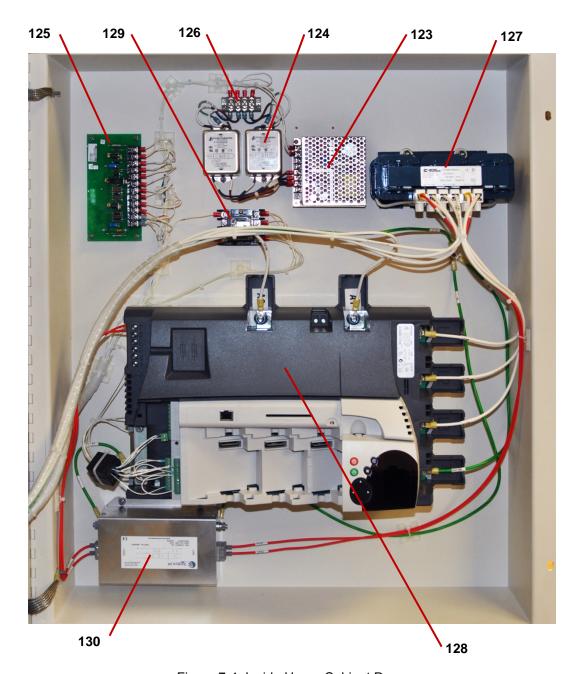


Figure 7-4. Inside Upper Cabinet Door

Parts List for Figure 7-5

Ref. No.	Part Name	Quantity
26618-151	Plate, Switch Kit Cover	1
26618-152	Screw, 8-32 X 0.250	4
26618-153	Not Used	
26618-154	Plug, 1.375 Diam. Steel	1
26618-155	Not Used	
26618-156	Switch, Push button Start	1
	Nameplate, Start	1
26618-157	Panel, Operator Module	1
26618-158	Knob, 0.995 OD Knurled	2
26618-159	Potentiometer, 10K, 2 W, 10-turn	
26618-160	Switch, Push button Stop	1
	Nameplate, Stop	1
26618-161	Switch, SPDT Push Button Blk	1
26618-162	Dial, 15 Turn 0.875 Diam	
26618-163	Potentiometer, 200K, 2 W, 10-turn	1
26618-164	Potentiometer, 10K, 2 W, 1-turn	1
26618-165	Switch, DPDT Toggle	2
26618-166	Screw, 8-32 X 0.250	
26618-167 th	nrough 26618-175	

64

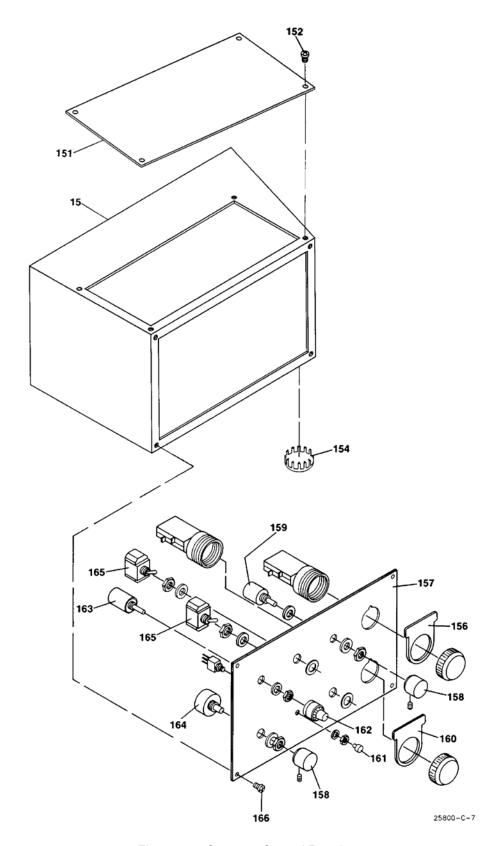


Figure 7-5. Operator Control Panel

Parts List for Figure 7-6

Ref. No.	Part Name	Quantity
26618-176	Elbow, 0.250 Tube/.250 Female NPT	
26618-177	Tube, 0.250 OD Copper	
26618-178	Elbow, 0.250 Tube/.125 Male NPT	
26618-179	Tee, 0.250 Tube/.125 Male PTF	1
26618-180	Tubing, 0.250 OD Flex. Nylon	AR
26618-181	3-Fuse Fuse Block	1
	Nut, 6-32 elastic hex	2
	Washer, #10 x 0.032	
	Fuse, 3 A 500 V	
	Fuse, 15 A 500 V	
26618-182	Relay, DPDT 120 V AC	
	8 Pin Surface Mount Socket	
	Screw, 6-32 x 0.500	
26618-183	22 Pole Terminal Block	
20010 100	Nut, 6-32 elastic hex	
	Marker, Terminal Block	
	Jumper, 2 Section Terminal Block	۱
	Varistor	
26618-184		
20010-104	DC supply kit for PGE SW option Kit	
	(or) Standard Cover Plate	
	Screw, PH 10-32. 0.500	
	Nut, locking 10-32	4
00040 004	Washer, ext tooth lock, #10	
26618-201	Cooling Fan	1
	Screw, PH 6-32 2.000	
	Nut, 6-32 elastic hex	
	Ext tooth lock washer, #6	
26618-202	Large Ferrite RF Suppressor	4
26618-203	Small Ferrite RF Suppressor	
26618-204	230 V (ac) Line Filter	1
	Ext tooth lock washer, #6	
	Nut, 6-32 elastic hex	
26618-205	Two Pole Terminal Block	
	Nut, 6-32 elastic hex	
26618-206	120 V (ac) Line Filter	
	Washer, ext tooth #8	2
	8-32 elastic hex nut	2
26618-207	230 V (ac) Three Phase Mains Line Filter	1
	Washer, ext tooth lock, #10	4
	Nut, 10-32 elastic hex	4
26618-208	Shut Down Contactor	
	Nut, 10-32 elastic hex	
26618-209	Optional Timer	1
	(or) Standard Cover	
	Nut, 6-32 elastic hex (Cover Only)	
	Screw, 6-32 x 0.500	4
	Ext tooth lock washer, #6	
26618-210	Door Grounding Strap	
20010-210	Nut, locking 10-32	
26619 211 +	hrough 26618 250	

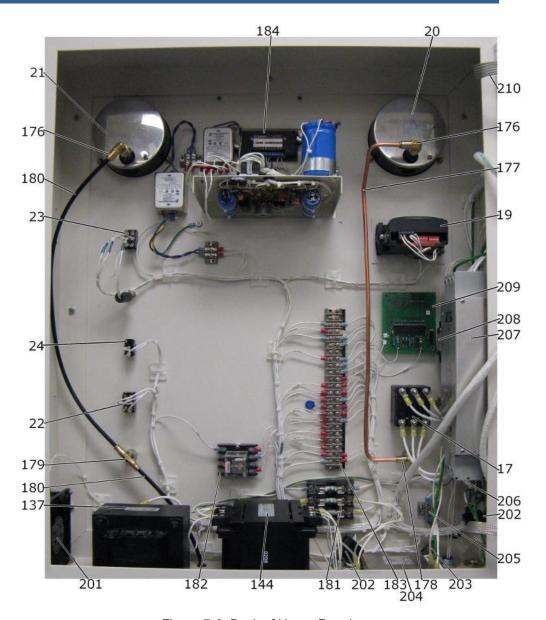


Figure 7-6. Back of Upper Panel

Parts List for Figure 7-7

Ref. No.	Part Name	Quantity
26618-251	Instrument Panel	1
26618-252	Knob, 0.995 OD, Knurled	1
26618-253	Potentiometer, 10K, 2 Watt, 1 Turn	
26618-254	Switch Locking Ring	
26618-255	Switch Indicating Plate	6
26618-256	Switch, DPDT, Toggle	1
26618-257	Switch, SPDT, Toggle	5
26618-258	Jack, Black Test, 0.175 ID	3
26618-259	Fuse Holder, 3 AG	1
26618-260	Fuse, 1.5 Amp, 3 AG, Slo-Blo	1
26618-261	Screw, 6-32 x 0.500	2
26618-262	Elastic Lock Nut, 6-32	2
26618-263	4-Pin Socket and 4-Pin Plug	1
26618-264	Lens, Lamp	3
26618-265	Lamp, 120 V, Slide Base	3
26618-266	Lamp Holder	3
26618-267	Screw, 8-32 x 0.250	4
	Washer, ext tooth #8 (not shown)	4
Not Shown:	Cable Assembly and DC Power Supply which are supplied with t	the switch kit.
26618-268 a	and above	Not Used

68

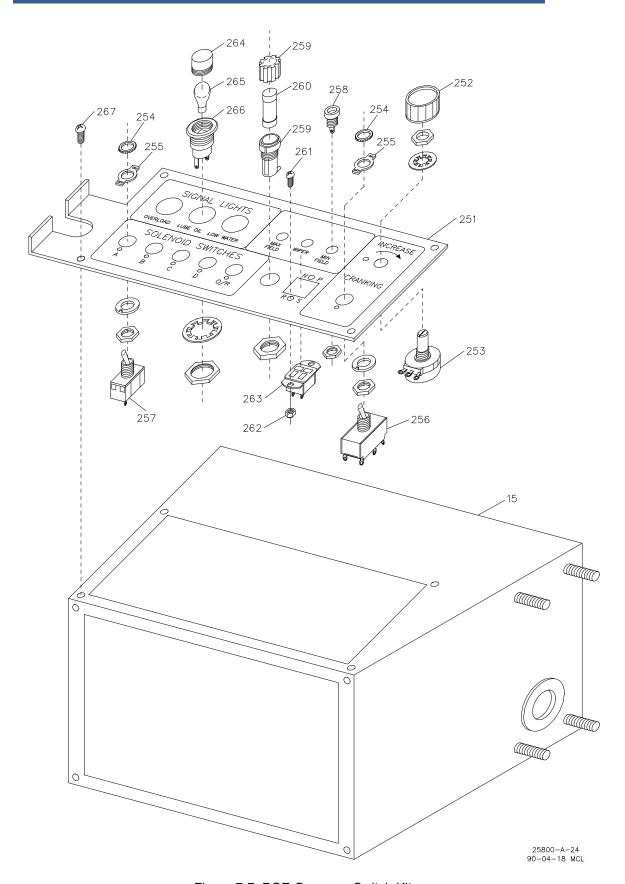


Figure 7-7. PGE Governor Switch Kit

Chapter 8. Product Support and Service Options

Product Support Options

If you are experiencing problems with the installation, or unsatisfactory performance of a Woodward product, the following options are available:

- 1. Consult the troubleshooting guide in the manual.
- Contact the OE Manufacturer or Packager of your system.
- 3. Contact the **Woodward Business Partner** serving your area.
- Contact Woodward technical assistance via email
 (EngineHelpDesk@Woodward.com) with detailed information on the
 product, application, and symptoms. Your email will be forwarded to an
 appropriate expert on the product and application to respond by telephone
 or return email.
- 5. If the issue cannot be resolved, you can select a further course of action to pursue based on the available services listed in this chapter.

OEM or Packager Support: Many Woodward controls and control devices are installed into the equipment system and programmed by an Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) or Equipment Packager at their factory. In some cases, the programming is password-protected by the OEM or packager, and they are the best source for product service and support. Warranty service for Woodward products shipped with an equipment system should also be handled through the OEM or Packager. Please review your equipment system documentation for details.

Woodward Business Partner Support: Woodward works with and supports a global network of independent business partners whose mission is to serve the users of Woodward controls, as described here:

- A Full-Service Distributor has the primary responsibility for sales, service, system integration solutions, technical desk support, and aftermarket marketing of standard Woodward products within a specific geographic area and market segment.
- An Authorized Independent Service Facility (AISF) provides authorized service that includes repairs, repair parts, and warranty service on Woodward's behalf. Service (not new unit sales) is an AISF's primary mission.
- A Recognized Engine Retrofitter (RER) is an independent company that
 does retrofits and upgrades on reciprocating gas engines and dual-fuel
 conversions, and can provide the full line of Woodward systems and
 components for the retrofits and overhauls, emission compliance upgrades,
 long term service contracts, emergency repairs, etc.

A current list of Woodward Business Partners is available at www.woodward.com/directory.

Product Service Options

Depending on the type of product, the following options for servicing Woodward products may be available through your local Full-Service Distributor or the OEM or Packager of the equipment system.

- Replacement/Exchange (24-hour service)
- Flat Rate Repair
- Flat Rate Remanufacture

Replacement/Exchange: Replacement/Exchange is a premium program designed for the user who is in need of immediate service. It allows you to request and receive a like-new replacement unit in minimum time (usually within 24 hours of the request), providing a suitable unit is available at the time of the request, thereby minimizing costly downtime.

This option allows you to call your Full-Service Distributor in the event of an unexpected outage, or in advance of a scheduled outage, to request a replacement control unit. If the unit is available at the time of the call, it can usually be shipped out within 24 hours. You replace your field control unit with the like-new replacement and return the field unit to the Full-Service Distributor.

Flat Rate Repair: Flat Rate Repair is available for many of the standard mechanical products and some of the electronic products in the field. This program offers you repair service for your products with the advantage of knowing in advance what the cost will be.

Flat Rate Remanufacture: Flat Rate Remanufacture is very similar to the Flat Rate Repair option, with the exception that the unit will be returned to you in "likenew" condition. This option is applicable to mechanical products only.

Returning Equipment for Repair

If a control (or any part of an electronic control) is to be returned for repair, please contact your Full-Service Distributor in advance to obtain Return Authorization and shipping instructions.

When shipping the item(s), attach a tag with the following information:

- return number:
- name and location where the control is installed;
- name and phone number of contact person;
- complete Woodward part number(s) and serial number(s);
- description of the problem;
- instructions describing the desired type of repair.

Packing a Control

Use the following materials when returning a complete control:

- protective caps on any connectors;
- antistatic protective bags on all electronic modules;
- packing materials that will not damage the surface of the unit;
- at least 100 mm (4 inches) of tightly packed, industry-approved packing material;
- a packing carton with double walls;
- a strong tape around the outside of the carton for increased strength.



To prevent damage to electronic components caused by improper handling, read and observe the precautions in Woodward manual 82715, *Guide for Handling and Protection of Electronic Controls, Printed Circuit Boards, and Modules*.

Replacement Parts

When ordering replacement parts for controls, include the following information:

- the part number(s) (XXXX-XXXX) that is on the enclosure nameplate;
- the unit serial number, which is also on the nameplate.

Engineering Services

Woodward's Full-Service Distributors offer various Engineering Services for our products. For these services, you can contact the Distributor by telephone or by email.

- Technical Support
- Product Training
- Field Service

Technical Support is available from your equipment system supplier, your local Full-Service Distributor, or from many of Woodward's worldwide locations, depending upon the product and application. This service can assist you with technical questions or problem solving during the normal business hours of the Woodward location you contact.

Product Training is available as standard classes at many Distributor locations. Customized classes are also available, which can be tailored to your needs and held at one of our Distributor locations or at your site. This training, conducted by experienced personnel, will assure that you will be able to maintain system reliability and availability.

Field Service engineering on-site support is available, depending on the product and location, from one of our Full-Service Distributors. The field engineers are experienced both on Woodward products as well as on much of the non-Woodward equipment with which our products interface.

For information on these services, please contact one of the Full-Service Distributors listed at www.woodward.com/directory.

Contacting Woodward's Support Organization

For the name of your nearest Woodward Full-Service Distributor or service facility, please consult our worldwide directory published at www.woodward.com/directory.

You can also contact the Woodward Customer Service Department at one of the following Woodward facilities to obtain the address and phone number of the nearest facility at which you can obtain information and service.

Products Used In Electrical Power Systems	Products Used In Engine Systems	Products Used In Industrial Turbomachinery Systems
FacilityPhone Number	FacilityPhone Number	FacilityPhone Number
Brazil+55 (19) 3708 4800	Brazil+55 (19) 3708 4800	Brazil+55 (19) 3708 4800
China+86 (512) 6762 6727	China+86 (512) 6762 6727	China+86 (512) 6762 6727
Germany:	Germany +49 (711) 78954-510	India+91 (129) 4097100
Kempen+49 (0) 21 52 14 51	India+91 (129) 4097100	Japan+81 (43) 213-2191
Stuttgart +49 (711) 78954-510	Japan+81 (43) 213-2191	Korea +82 (51) 636-7080
India+91 (129) 4097100	Korea+82 (51) 636-7080	The Netherlands- +31 (23) 5661111
Japan+81 (43) 213-2191	The Netherlands- +31 (23) 5661111	Poland+48 12 295 13 00
Korea +82 (51) 636-7080	United States +1 (970) 482-5811	United States +1 (970) 482-5811
Poland+48 12 295 13 00		
United States +1 (970) 482-5811		

For the most current product support and contact information, please visit our website directory at www.woodward.com/directory.

Technical Assistance

If you need to contact technical assistance, you will need to provide the following information. Please write it down here before contacting the Engine OEM, the Packager, a Woodward Business Partner, or the Woodward factory:

General	
Your Name	
Site Location	
Phone Number	
Fax Number	
Prime Mover Information	
Manufacturer	
Engine Model Number	
Number of Cylinders	
Type of Fuel (gas, gaseous, diesel, dual-fuel, etc.)	
Power Output Rating	
Application (power generation, marine, etc.)	
Control/Governor Information	
Control/Governor #1	
Woodward Part Number & Rev. Letter	
Control Description or Governor Type	
Serial Number	
Control/Governor #2	
Woodward Part Number & Rev. Letter	
Control Description or Governor Type	
Serial Number	
Control/Governor #3	
Woodward Part Number & Rev. Letter	
Control Description or Governor Type	
Serial Number	
Symptoms	
Description	

If you have an electronic or programmable control, please have the adjustment setting positions or the menu settings written down and with you at the time of the call.

Revision History

Changes in Revision B—

Updated drawings and photos to show new power supply (Figures 6-5a, 6-5c, 6-6, 6-7, 7-4)

Changes in Revision A—

• Updated air pressure gauge information on page 19

Declarations

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Manufacturer's Name: WOODWARD GOVERNOR COMPANY (WGC)

Manufacturer's Address: 1000 E. Drake Rd.

Fort Collins, CO, USA, 80525

Model Name(s)/Number(s): 8909-1057 & 8909-560 Governor Test Stand

Conformance to Directive(s): EMC Directive: Declared to 2004/108/EC COUNCIL

DIRECTIVE of 15 December 2004 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic

compatibility and all applicable amendments, by assessment.

Low Voltage Directive: Declared to 2006/95/EC COUNCIL

DIRECTIVE of 12 December 2006 on the harmonization of the laws of Member States relating to electrical equipment designed

for use within certain voltage limits.

Machinery Directive: Declared to 2006/42/EC COUNCIL DIRECTIVE of-17 May 2006 on the approximation of the laws

of the Member States relating to machinery.

Applicable Standards: EN61000-6-4:2011: EMC Part 6-4: Generic Standards -

Emissions for Industrial Environments

EN61000-6-2:2005: EMC Part 6-2: Generic Standards -

Immunity for Industrial Environments

EN 60204-1:2006: Safety of Machinery - Electrical Equipment of

Machines -- Part1: General Requirements

We, the undersigned, hereby declare that the equipment specified above conforms to the above Directive(s).

Signature

Suhail Horan

Full Name

Compliance Engineering Supervisor

Position

WGC, Fort Collins, CO, USA

Place

August 15, 2012

Date

5-09-1183 Rev 16, 22-Jan-2009

00417-04-CE-02-01

We appreciate your comments about the content of our publications.

Send comments to: icinfo@woodward.com

Please reference publication 26618B.





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Email and Website—www.woodward.com

Woodward has company-owned plants, subsidiaries, and branches, as well as authorized distributors and other authorized service and sales facilities throughout the world.

Complete address / phone / fax / email information for all locations is available on our website.