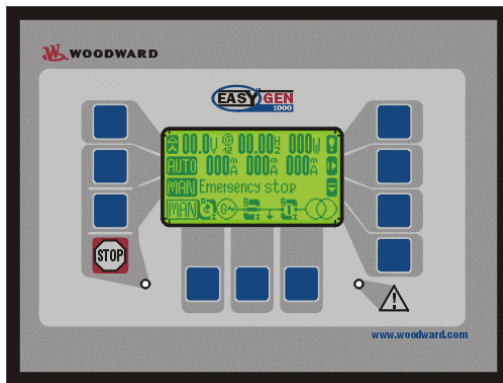




easYgen-1000
Genset Control



Installation

Software Version 2.0xxx



**WARNING**

Read this entire manual and all other publications pertaining to the work to be performed before installing, operating, or servicing this equipment. Practice all plant and safety instructions and precautions. Failure to follow instructions can cause personal injury and/or property damage.

The engine, turbine, or other type of prime mover should be equipped with an overspeed (overtemperature, or overpressure, where applicable) shutdown device(s), that operates totally independently of the prime mover control device(s) to protect against runaway or damage to the engine, turbine, or other type of prime mover with possible personal injury or loss of life should the mechanical-hydraulic governor(s) or electric control(s), the actuator(s), fuel control(s), the driving mechanism(s), the linkage(s), or the controlled device(s) fail.

Any unauthorized modifications to or use of this equipment outside its specified mechanical, electrical, or other operating limits may cause personal injury and/or property damage, including damage to the equipment. Any such unauthorized modifications: (i) constitute "misuse" and/or "negligence" within the meaning of the product warranty thereby excluding warranty coverage for any resulting damage, and (ii) invalidate product certifications or listings.

**CAUTION**

To prevent damage to a control system that uses an alternator or battery-charging device, make sure the charging device is turned off before disconnecting the battery from the system.

Electronic controls contain static-sensitive parts. Observe the following precautions to prevent damage to these parts.

- Discharge body static before handling the control (with power to the control turned off, contact a grounded surface and maintain contact while handling the control).
- Avoid all plastic, vinyl, and Styrofoam (except antistatic versions) around printed circuit boards.
- Do not touch the components or conductors on a printed circuit board with your hands or with conductive devices.

**OUT-OF-DATE PUBLICATION**

This publication may have been revised or updated since this copy was produced. To verify that you have the latest revision, be sure to check the Woodward website:

<http://www.woodward.com/pubs/current.pdf>

The revision level is shown at the bottom of the front cover after the publication number. The latest version of most publications is available at:

<http://www.woodward.com/publications>

If your publication is not there, please contact your customer service representative to get the latest copy.

Important definitions**WARNING**

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

**CAUTION**

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in damage to equipment.

**NOTE**

Provides other helpful information that does not fall under the warning or caution categories.

Woodward reserves the right to update any portion of this publication at any time. Information provided by Woodward is believed to be correct and reliable. However, Woodward assumes no responsibility unless otherwise expressly undertaken.

© Woodward
All Rights Reserved.

Revision History

Rev.	Date	Editor	Changes
NEW	05-04-29	TP	Release based on manual 37203
A	05-07-06	TP	Minor corrections, ground current measurement revision, language revision

Content

CHAPTER 1. GENERAL INFORMATION.....	7
CHAPTER 2. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE AWARENESS.....	8
CHAPTER 3. MARINE USAGE	9
Application.....	9
Wiring	9
Measurement	9
CHAPTER 4. HOUSING.....	10
Panel Cutout	10
Dimensions	11
Side View	12
Installation	13
CHAPTER 5. WIRING DIAGRAMS - OVERVIEW.....	14
Total Overview	15
Application Mode {0}	18
Application Mode {10}	19
Application Mode {10c}	20
Application Mode {20c}	21
CHAPTER 6. CONNECTIONS.....	22
Power Supply	22
Voltage Measuring (<i>FlexRange</i>)	23
Voltage Measuring: Generator	23
Voltage Measuring: Mains	27
Current Measuring	31
Generator	31
Mains Current ({20c} Only)	33
Ground Current	34
Power Measuring	35
Pickup.....	36
Discrete Inputs	37
Discrete Inputs: Bipolar Signals.....	37
Discrete Inputs: Operation Logic	38
Relay Outputs (Control Outputs And <i>LogicsManager</i>)	39
Analog Inputs (<i>FlexIn</i>)	41
Wiring Two-Pole Sensors	41
Wiring Single-Pole Sensors	42
Interfaces	43
Overview	43
CAN Bus (<i>FlexCAN</i>)	44
DPC - Direct Configuration Cable.....	45

CHAPTER 7. TECHNICAL DATA..... 46

CHAPTER 8. ENVIRONMENTAL DATA 49

CHAPTER 9. ACCURACY 50

CHAPTER 10. DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY 51

Illustrations and Tables

Illustrations

Figure 4-1: Housing - panel-board cutout	10
Figure 4-2: Housing - dimensions	11
Figure 4-3: Side view - without clamps	12
Figure 4-4: Side view - with clamps	12
Figure 5-1: Wiring diagram - total overview	15
Figure 5-2: Wiring diagram - application mode {0} - base mode	18
Figure 5-3: Wiring diagram - application mode {1o} - 1 CB mode	19
Figure 5-4: Wiring diagram - application mode {1oc} - 1 CB mode	20
Figure 5-5: Wiring diagram - application mode {2oc} - 2 CB mode	21
Figure 6-1: Power supply	22
Figure 6-2: Power supply - crank waveform at maximum load	22
Figure 6-3: Voltage measuring (<i>FlexRange</i>) - generator	23
Figure 6-4: Voltage measuring (<i>FlexRange</i>) - generator, 3ph 4w	24
Figure 6-5: Voltage measuring (<i>FlexRange</i>) - generator, 3ph 3w	25
Figure 6-6: Voltage measuring (<i>FlexRange</i>) - generator, 1ph 3w	26
Figure 6-7: Voltage measuring (<i>FlexRange</i>) - generator, 1ph 2w	26
Figure 6-8: Voltage measuring (<i>FlexRange</i>) - mains	27
Figure 6-9: Voltage measuring (<i>FlexRange</i>) - mains, 3ph 4w	28
Figure 6-10: Voltage measuring (<i>FlexRange</i>) - mains, 3ph 3w	29
Figure 6-11: Voltage measuring (<i>FlexRange</i>) - mains, 1ph 3w	30
Figure 6-12: Voltage measuring (<i>FlexRange</i>) - mains, 1ph 2w	30
Figure 6-13: Current measuring - generator	31
Figure 6-14: Current measuring - generator, L1 L2 L3	32
Figure 6-15: Current measuring - Generator, Phase Lx	32
Figure 6-16: Current measuring - mains current	33
Figure 6-17: Current measuring - generator, Phase Lx	33
Figure 6-18: Current measuring - ground current	34
Figure 6-19: Power measuring - direction of power	35
Figure 6-20: Pickup - principle overview	36
Figure 6-21: Pickup input	36
Figure 6-22: Minimal necessary input voltage depending on frequency	36
Figure 6-23: Discrete inputs - alarm/control input - positive signal	37
Figure 6-24: Discrete inputs - alarm/control input - negative signal	37
Figure 6-25: Discrete inputs - alarm/control inputs - operation logic	38
Figure 6-26: Relay outputs	39
Figure 6-27: Analog inputs (<i>FlexIn</i>) - wiring two-pole sensors	41
Figure 6-28: Analog inputs (<i>FlexIn</i>) - wiring single-pole sensors	42
Figure 6-29: Analog inputs (<i>FlexIn</i>) - wiring single- and two-pole sensors	42
Figure 6-30: Interfaces - overview	43
Figure 6-31: Interfaces - CAN bus (<i>FlexCAN</i>)	44
Figure 6-32: Interfaces - CAN bus - wiring of shielding	44
Figure 6-33: Interfaces - CAN bus - termination	44

Tables

Table 1-1: Manual - overview.....	7
Table 4-1: Housing - panel cutout	10
Table 5-1: Terminal overview, part 1	16
Table 5-2: Terminal overview, part 2	17
Table 6-1: Power supply - terminal assignment.....	22
Table 6-2: Voltage measuring (FlexRange) - terminal assignment - generator voltage.....	23
Table 6-3: Voltage measuring (<i>FlexRange</i>) - terminal assignment - generator, 3ph 4w.....	24
Table 6-4: Voltage measuring (<i>FlexRange</i>) - terminal assignment - generator, 3ph 3w.....	25
Table 6-5: Voltage measuring (<i>FlexRange</i>) - terminal assignment - generator, 1ph 3w.....	26
Table 6-6: Voltage measuring (<i>FlexRange</i>) - terminal assignment - generator, 1ph 2w.....	26
Table 6-7: Voltage measuring (FlexRange) - terminal assignment - mains voltage	27
Table 6-8: Voltage measuring (<i>FlexRange</i>) - terminal assignment - mains, 3ph 4w	28
Table 6-9: Voltage measuring (<i>FlexRange</i>) - terminal assignment - mains, 3ph 3w	29
Table 6-10: Voltage measuring (<i>FlexRange</i>) - terminal assignment - mains, 1ph 3w	30
Table 6-11: Voltage measuring (<i>FlexRange</i>) - terminal assignment - mains, 1ph 2w	30
Table 6-12: Current measuring - terminal assignment - generator current	31
Table 6-13: Current measuring - terminal assignment - generator, L1 L2 L3	Fehler! Textmarke nicht definiert.
Table 6-14: Current measuring - terminal assignment - generator, Phase Lx	32
Table 6-15: Current measuring - terminal assignment - mains current	33
Table 6-16: current measuring - terminal assignment - generator, Phase Lx	33
Table 6-17: Current measuring - terminal assignment - ground current	34
Table 6-18: Pickup - terminal assignment	36
Table 6-19: Discrete input - terminal assignment - alarm/control inputs.....	38
Table 6-20: Relay outputs - terminal assignment, part 1	39
Table 6-21: Relay outputs - terminal assignment, part 1	40
Table 6-22: Analog inputs (FlexIn) - terminal assignment - wiring two-pole sensors	41
Table 6-23: Analog inputs (FlexIn) - terminal assignment - wiring single-pole sensors	42
Table 6-24: Interfaces - connection overview.....	43

Chapter 1.

General Information

Type	English	German
easYgen-1000 Series		
easYgen-1000 - Installation	this manual ⇨	37320 GR37320
easYgen-1000 - Configuration		37321 GR37321
easYgen-1000 - Operation		37322 GR37322
easYgen-1000 - Application		37205 GR37205
easYgen-1000 - Interfaces		37262 GR37262
Additional Manuals		
IKD 1 - Manual Discrete expansion board with 8 discrete inputs and 8 relay outputs that can be coupled via the CAN bus to the control unit. Evaluation of the discrete inputs as well as control of the relay outputs is done via the control unit.	37135	GR37135
IKN 1 - Manual 20-channel NiCrNi temperature scanner that monitors the temperature values for exceeding or falling below a threshold value, measured through senders on the IKN 1. A configured relay on the board of the IKN 1 will trip. The IKN 1 can be coupled with the control unit using the CAN bus to display measuring values as well as alarms.	37136	GR37136
LeoPC1 - User Manual PC program for visualization, configuration, remote control, data logging, language upload, alarm and user management, and management of the event recorder. This manual describes the set up of the program and interfacing with the control unit.	37146	GR37146
LeoPC1 - Engineering Manual PC program for visualization, configuration, remote control, data logging, language upload, alarm and user management, and management of the event recorder. This manual describes the configuration and customization of the program.	37164	GR37164
GW 4 - Manual Gateway for transferring the CAN bus to any other interface or bus.	37133	GR37133
ST 3 - Manual Control to govern the air fuel ratio of a gas engine. The ratio will be directly measured through a Lambda probe and controlled to a configured value.	37112	GR37112

Table 1-1: Manual - overview

Intended Use The unit must only be operated in the manner described by this manual. The prerequisite for a proper and safe operation of the product is correct transportation, storage, and installation as well as careful operation and maintenance.



NOTE

This manual has been developed for a unit fitted with all available options. Inputs/outputs, functions, configuration screens, and other details described, which do not exist on your unit, may be ignored.

The present manual has been prepared to enable the installation and commissioning of the unit. Due to the large variety of parameter settings, it is not possible to cover every combination. The manual is therefore only a guide. In case of incorrect entries or a total loss of functions, the default settings may be taken from the list of parameters enclosed in the configuration manual 37320.

Chapter 2.

Electrostatic Discharge Awareness

All electronic equipment is static-sensitive, some components more than others. To protect these components from static damage, you must take special precautions to minimize or eliminate electrostatic discharges.

Follow these precautions when working with or near the control.

1. Before doing maintenance on the electronic control, discharge the static electricity on your body to ground by touching and holding a grounded metal object (pipes, cabinets, equipment, etc.).
2. Avoid the build-up of static electricity on your body by not wearing clothing made of synthetic materials. Wear cotton or cotton-blend materials as much as possible because these do not store static electric charges as easily as synthetics.
3. Keep plastic, vinyl, and Styrofoam materials (such as plastic or Styrofoam cups, cigarette packages, cellophane wrappers, vinyl books or folders, plastic bottles, etc.) away from the control, modules, and work area as much as possible.
4. **Opening the control cover may void the unit warranty.**
Do not remove the printed circuit board (PCB) from the control cabinet unless absolutely necessary. If you must remove the PCB from the control cabinet, follow these precautions:
 - Ensure that the device is completely voltage-free (all connectors have to be disconnected).
 - Do not touch any part of the PCB except the edges.
 - Do not touch the electrical conductors, connectors, or components with conductive devices or with bare hands.
 - When replacing a PCB, keep the new PCB in the plastic antistatic protective bag it comes in until you are ready to install it. Immediately after removing the old PCB from the control cabinet, place it in the antistatic protective bag.



CAUTION

To prevent damage to electronic components caused by improper handling, read and observe the precautions in Woodward manual 82715, *Guide for Handling and Protection of Electronic Controls, Printed Circuit Boards, and Modules*.

Chapter 3. Marine Usage



CAUTION

The following notes are very important for marine usage of the easYgen genset control and have to be followed.

Application



A DC/DC isolation converter must be used when the easYgen is used in an isolated power system application.

The configuration interface input (RS-232) using the DPC converter is for maintenance and configuration only. Please refer to chapter DPC - Direct Configuration Cable on page 45 for information about the use of the DPC in normal operation.

If the easYgen is to be used on bridge and deck zones, an EMI filter (i.e. TIMONTA FSS2-65-4/3) must be used for the power supply inputs.

Wiring



Terminal 48 must be grounded at the control of the unit.

Measurement



The easYgen will experience less than a 2% deviation in current measurements when exposed to electro-magnetic radiation.

Chapter 4.

Housing

Panel Cutout

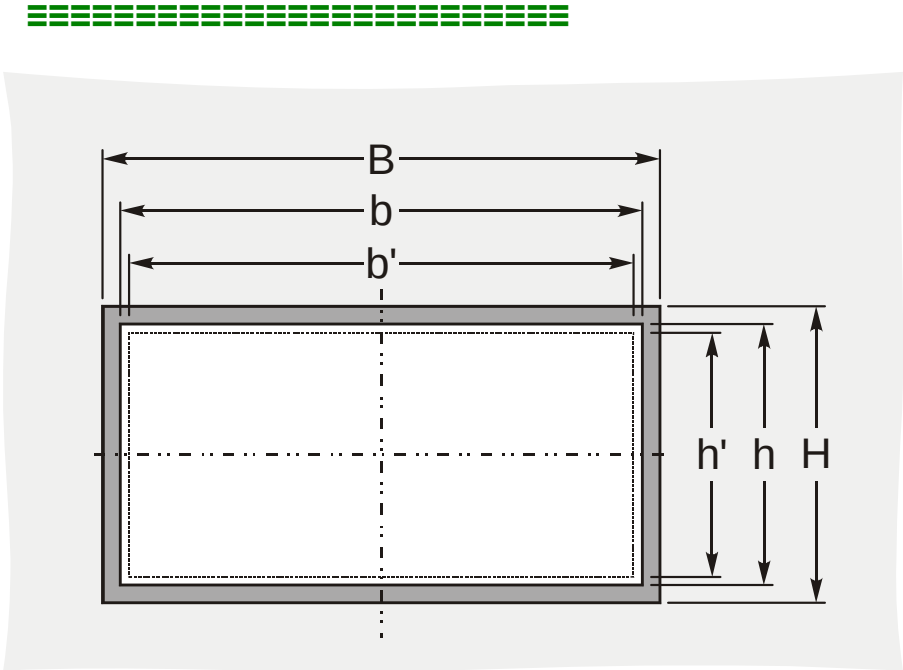


Figure 4-1: Housing - panel-board cutout

Measure	Description		Tolerance	
H	Height	Total	144 mm	---
h		Panel cutout	138 mm	+ 1.0 mm
h'		Housing dimension	136 mm	
B	Width	Total	192 mm	---
b		Panel cutout	186 mm	+ 1.1 mm
b'		Housing dimension	185 mm	
	Depth	Total	60.5	---

Table 4-1: Housing - panel cutout

Dimensions

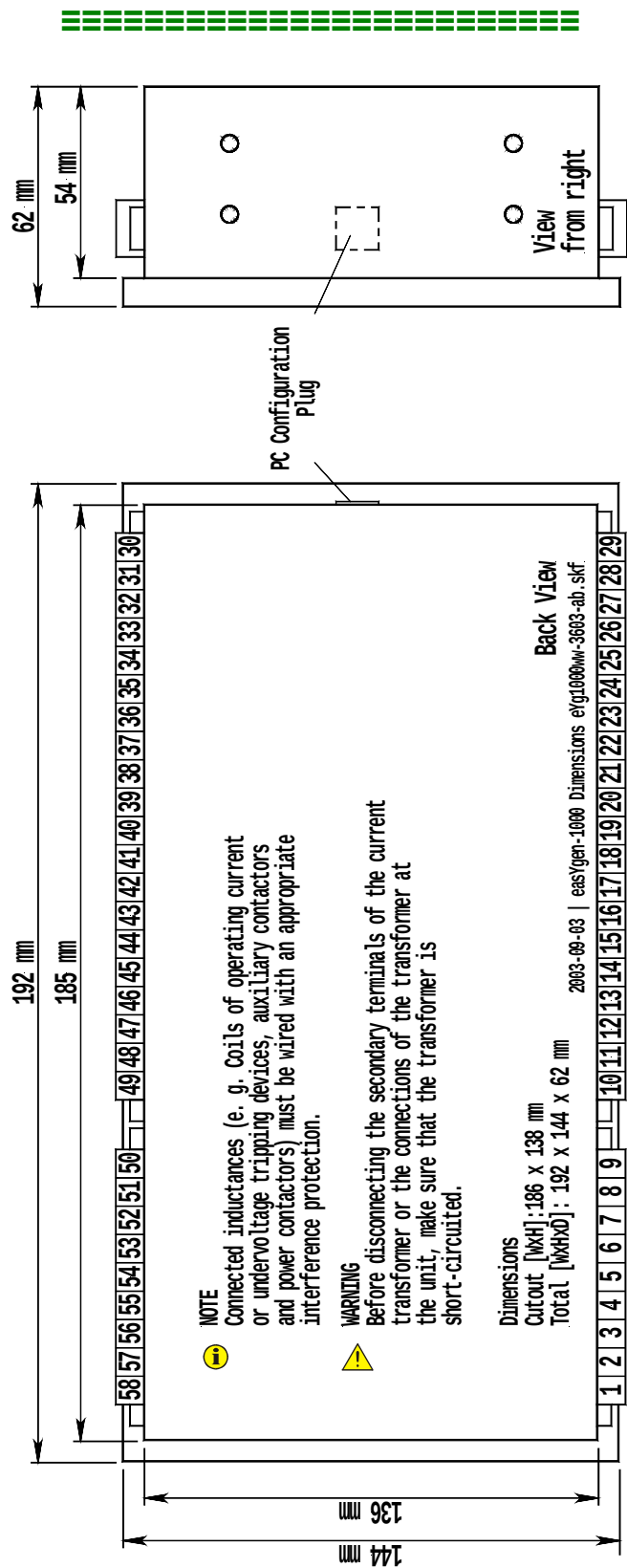


Figure 4-2: Housing - dimensions

Side View

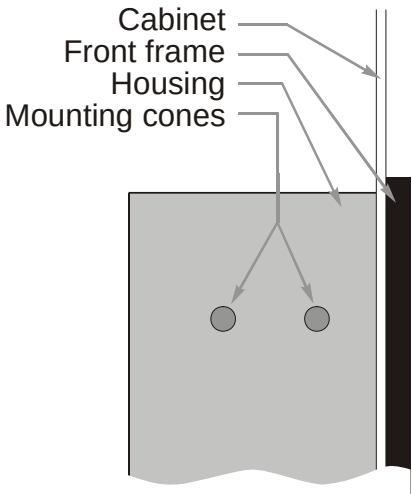


Figure 4-3: Side view - without clamps

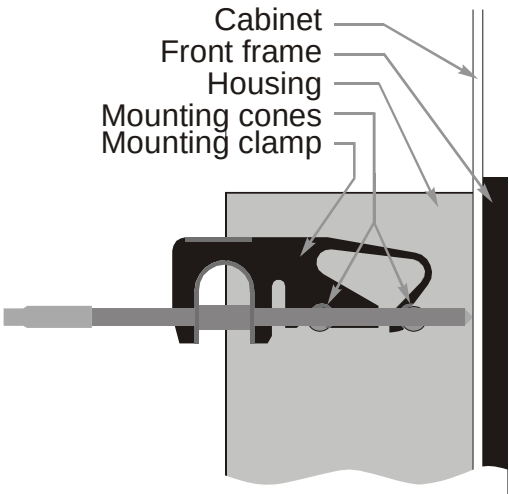


Figure 4-4: Side view - with clamps

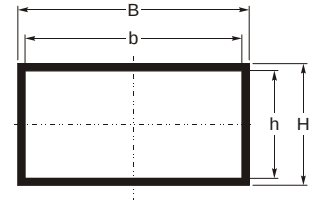
Installation



For installation into a panel door please proceed as follows:

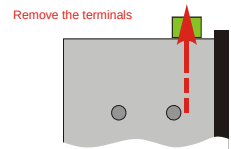
1. **Panel cutout**

Cut out the panel according to the dimensions in Figure 4-2.



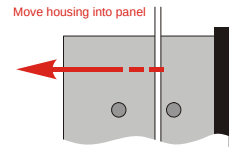
2. **Remove terminals**

Loosen the mounting screws and remove the wiring terminals from the unit.



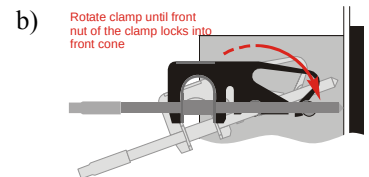
3. **Insert unit into cutout**

Insert the unit into the panel cutout. Verify that the unit fits correctly in the cutout. If the panel cutout is not large enough, enlarge it accordingly.



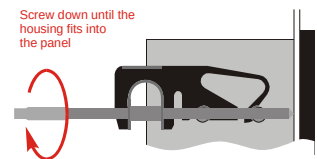
4. **Attach mounting clamps**

Rotate clamps according to the picture on the right until they snap into the mounting cones.



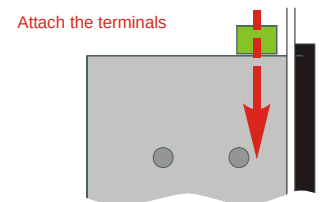
5. **Screw clamps**

Tighten the screw clamps until the housing is pressed and fixed against the panel. Be careful not to over tighten the clamps, which may cause the front frame to unsnap from the housing. If this occurs remove the unit from the panel and reattach the frame by pressing firmly against the housing.



6. **Reattach terminals**

Reattach the green wiring terminals, using the mounting screws to secure the terminals to the control unit.



Note: Using the gasket kit (P/N 8923-1043) increases the IP protection to IP42 from front. Mounting of the gasket is described in the manual supplied with the gasket kit.

Chapter 5.

Wiring Diagrams - Overview

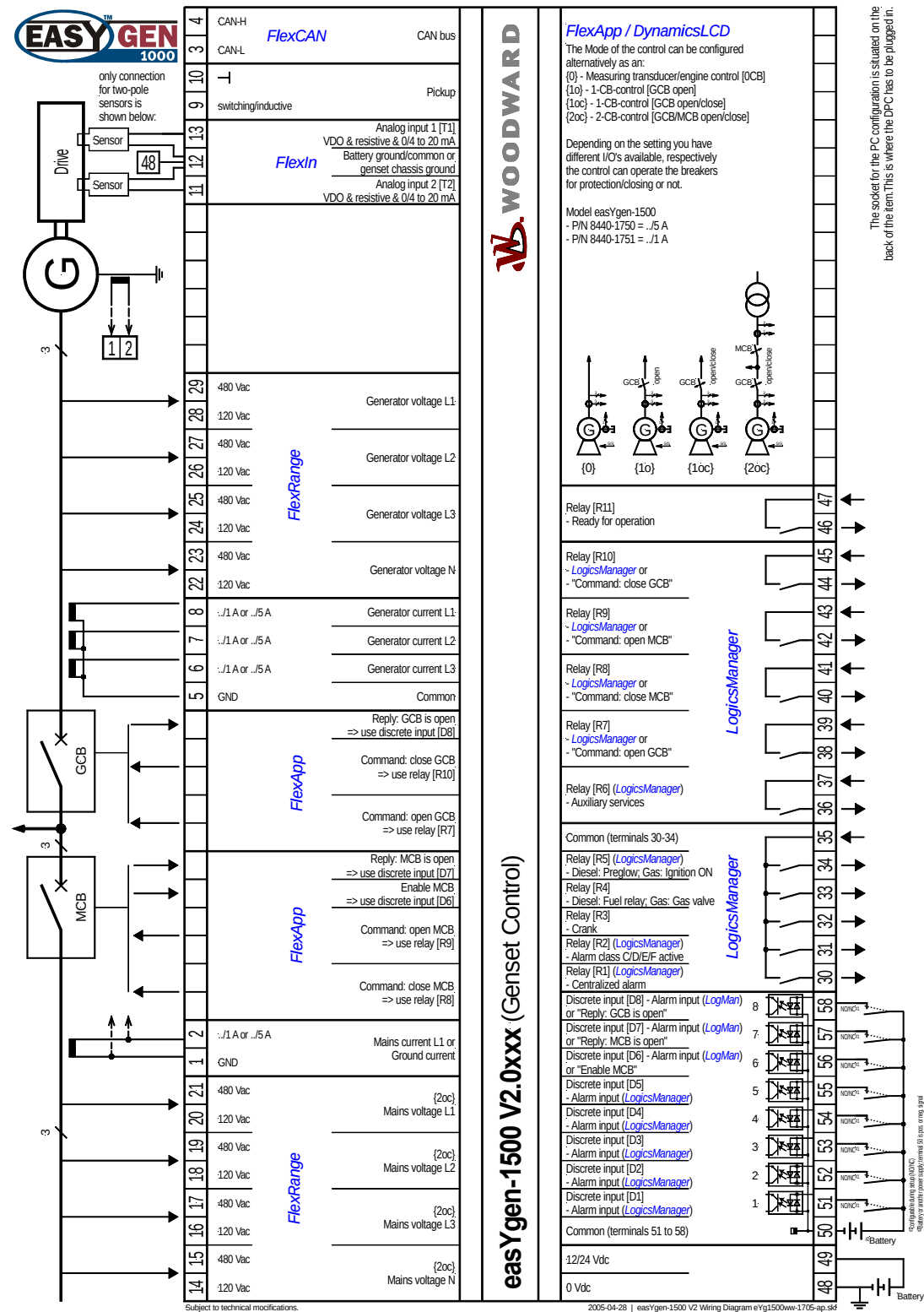


NOTE

Please refer to manual 37322 "Operation Manual" for selection of the application mode. Depending on application different terminals will be utilized.

- Application mode {0} - [BM] - Base Mode - page 18
 - Measuring of engine/generator parameters (i.e. voltages, currents, coolant temperature, oil pressure, etc.)
 - Engine start/stop
- Application mode {1o} - [GCB open] - 1-CB-Mode - page 19
 - Measuring of engine/generator parameters (i.e. voltages, currents, coolant temperature, oil pressure, etc.)
 - Engine start/stop
 - Engine/generator protection (relay output to open GCB)
- Application mode {1oc} - [GCB open/close] - 1-CB-Mode - page 20
 - Measuring of engine/generator parameters (i.e. voltages, currents, coolant temperature, oil pressure, etc.)
 - Engine start/stop
 - Engine/generator protection (relay output to open GCB)
 - GCB operation (relay output to close GCB)
- Application mode {2oc} - [GCB/MCB open/close] - 2-CB-Mode - page 21
 - Measuring of engine/generator parameters (i.e. voltages, currents, coolant temperature, oil pressure, etc.)
 - Engine start/stop
 - Engine/generator protection (relay output to open GCB)
 - GCB operation (relay output to close GCB)
 - MCB operation (relay output to open and close the MCB)
 - Mains failure detection (AMF auto mains failure operation) and automatic engine start/stop

Total Overview



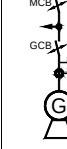
Wiring differences depend on application mode selected

The control may be programmed for one of four possible application modes. Terminals may have different functions depending on which mode is selected. The following table lists all of the control terminals and their associated function for each of the four application modes.

Term.	Description	Type	Hardware	 {0} on page 18	 {1o} on page 19	 {1oc} on page 20	 {2oc} on page 21
1	Ground current ^{#NYI}	Measure	GND	✓	✓	✓	✓ ^{#CF} alternatively ✓ ^{#CF}
2			../1 A or ../5 A ^{#A}				
1	Mains current	Measure	GND	---	---	---	
2			L1: ../1 A or ../5 A ^{#A}				
3	CAN bus	Interface	CAN-L	✓	✓	✓	✓
4			CAN-H				
5	Generator current	Measure	GND				
6			L3: ../1 A or ../5 A ^{#A}	✓	✓	✓	✓
7			L2: ../1 A or ../5 A ^{#A}				
8			L1: ../1 A or ../5 A ^{#A}				
9	Pickup (magnetic MPU, discrete)	Measure	inductive/switching	✓	✓	✓	✓
10			GND				
11	Analog input	Measure	AI [T2] - alternat. ^{#CF}				
12			Battery ground/common or chassis ground	✓	✓	✓	✓
13			AI [T1] - alternat. ^{#CF}				
14	Mains voltage	Measure	N: 120 Vac				
15			N: 480 Vac				
16			L3: 120 Vac				
17			L3: 480 Vac	---	---	---	✓
18			L2: 120 Vac				
19			L2: 480 Vac				
20			L1: 120 Vac				
21			L1: 480 Vac				
22	Generator voltage	Measure	N: 120 Vac				
23			N: 480 Vac				
24			L3: 120 Vac	✓	✓	✓	✓
25			L3: 480 Vac				
26			L2: 120 Vac				
27			L2: 480 Vac				
28			L1: 120 Vac				
29			L1: 480 Vac				

#A - alternatively (different hardware); #NYI - not yet implemented; #CF - selection during and through configuration

Table 5-1: Terminal overview, part 1

Term.	Description	Type	Hardware	 {0} on page 18	 {1o} on page 19	 {1oc} on page 20	 {2oc} on page 21	
30	Relay [R1]	Relay	Make contact (NO)	LogMa ^{#R}	LogMa ^{#R}	LogMa ^{#R}	LogMa ^{#R}	
31	Relay [R2]		Make contact (NO)	LogMa ^{#R}	LogMa ^{#R}	LogMa ^{#R}	LogMa ^{#R}	
32	Relay [R3]		Make contact (NO)	Crank				
33	Relay [R4]		Make contact (NO)	Diesel: Fuel magnet; Gas: Gas valve				
34	Relay [R5]		Make contact (NO)	LogMa ^{#R}				
35	Common		Common	✓	✓	✓	✓	
36	Relay [R6]	Relay	Make contact (NO)	Auxiliary services				
37			Main contact					
38	Relay [R7]	Relay	Make contact (NO)	LogMa ^{#R}	Command: open GCB			
39			Main contact					
40	Relay [R8]	Relay	Make contact (NO)	LogMa ^{#R}	LogMa ^{#R}	LogMa ^{#R}	Command: close MCB	
41			Main contact					
42	Relay [R9]	Relay	Make contact (NO)	LogMa ^{#R}	LogMa ^{#R}	LogMa ^{#R}	Command: open MCB	
43			Main contact					
44	Relay [R10]	Relay	Make contact (NO)	LogMa ^{#R}	LogMa ^{#R}	Command: close GCB		
45			Main contact					
46	Relay [R11]	Relay	Make contact (NO)	Ready for operation / LogMa ^{#R}				
47			Main contact					
48	Power supply	Supply	0 Vdc	✓	✓	✓	✓	
49			12/24 Vdc					
50	Common	Input	Common	✓	✓	✓	✓	
51	Discrete input [D1]		Contact	LogMa ^{#D}	LogMa ^{#D}	LogMa ^{#D}	LogMa ^{#D}	
52	Discrete input [D2]		Contact	LogMa ^{#D}	LogMa ^{#D}	LogMa ^{#D}	LogMa ^{#D}	
53	Discrete input [D3]		Contact	LogMa ^{#D}	LogMa ^{#D}	LogMa ^{#D}	LogMa ^{#D}	
54	Discrete input [D4]		Contact	LogMa ^{#D}	LogMa ^{#D}	LogMa ^{#D}	LogMa ^{#D}	
55	Discrete input [D5]		Contact	LogMa ^{#D}	LogMa ^{#D}	LogMa ^{#D}	LogMa ^{#D}	
56	Discrete input [D6]		Contact	LogMa ^{#D}	LogMa ^{#D}	LogMa ^{#D}	#1	
57	Discrete input [D7]		Contact	LogMa ^{#D}	LogMa ^{#D}	LogMa ^{#D}	Repl:MCB	
58	Discrete input [D8]		Contact	LogMa ^{#D}	LogMa ^{#D}	Reply: GCB is closed		

#R - LogMa - Relay Manager (via the function **LogicsManager** the relays can be programmed freely)

#D - LogMa - Discrete Input Manager (via the function **LogicsManager** this discrete inputs can be programmed freely)

#1 - it may be configured, whether the release MCB is to be performed via [D6] or the MCB is always released (then, the input is LogMa^{#D})

Enab.MCB..Enable MCB

Table 5-2: Terminal overview, part 2

Application Mode {0}

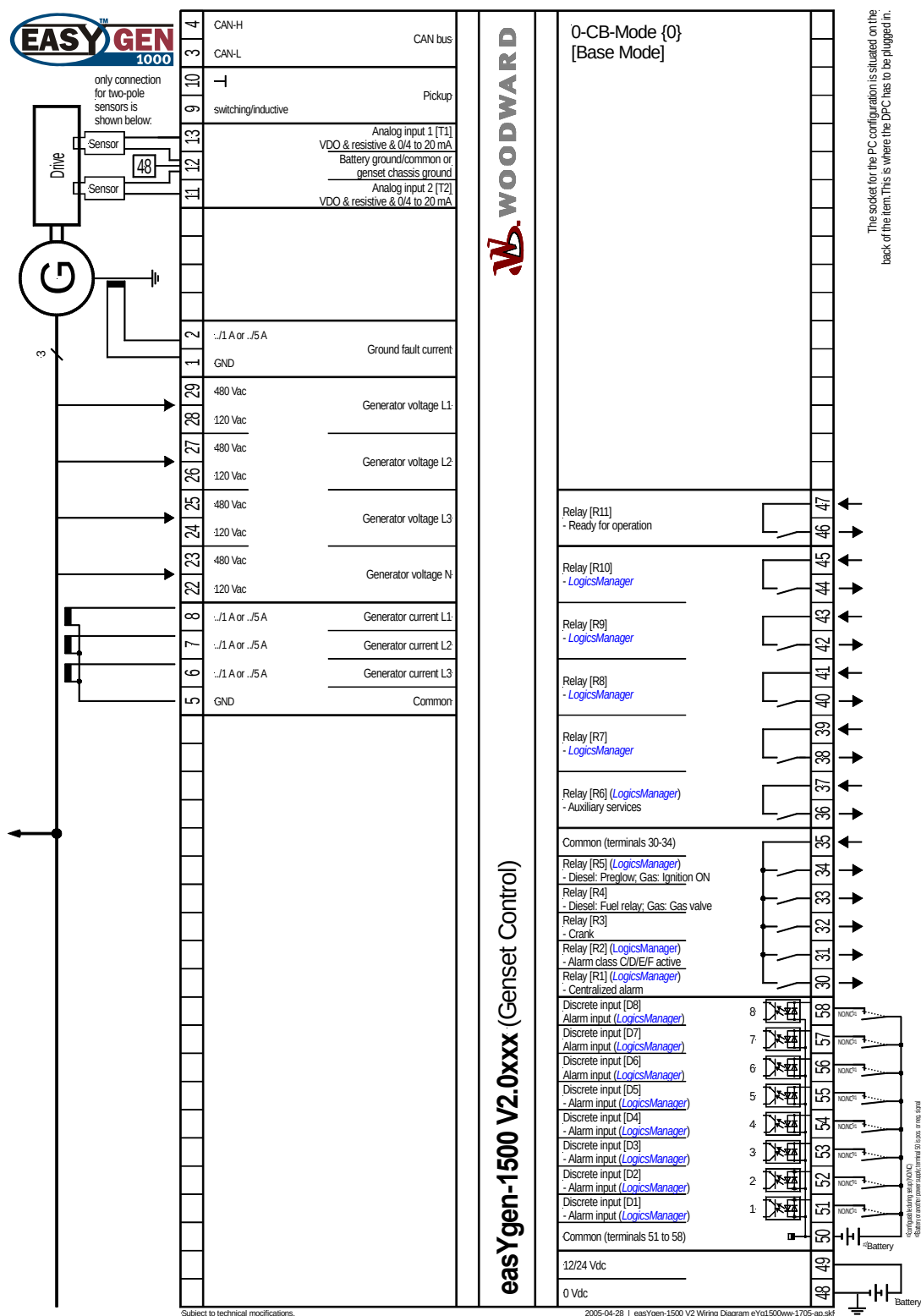


Figure 5-2: Wiring diagram - application mode {0} - base mode

Application Mode {1o}

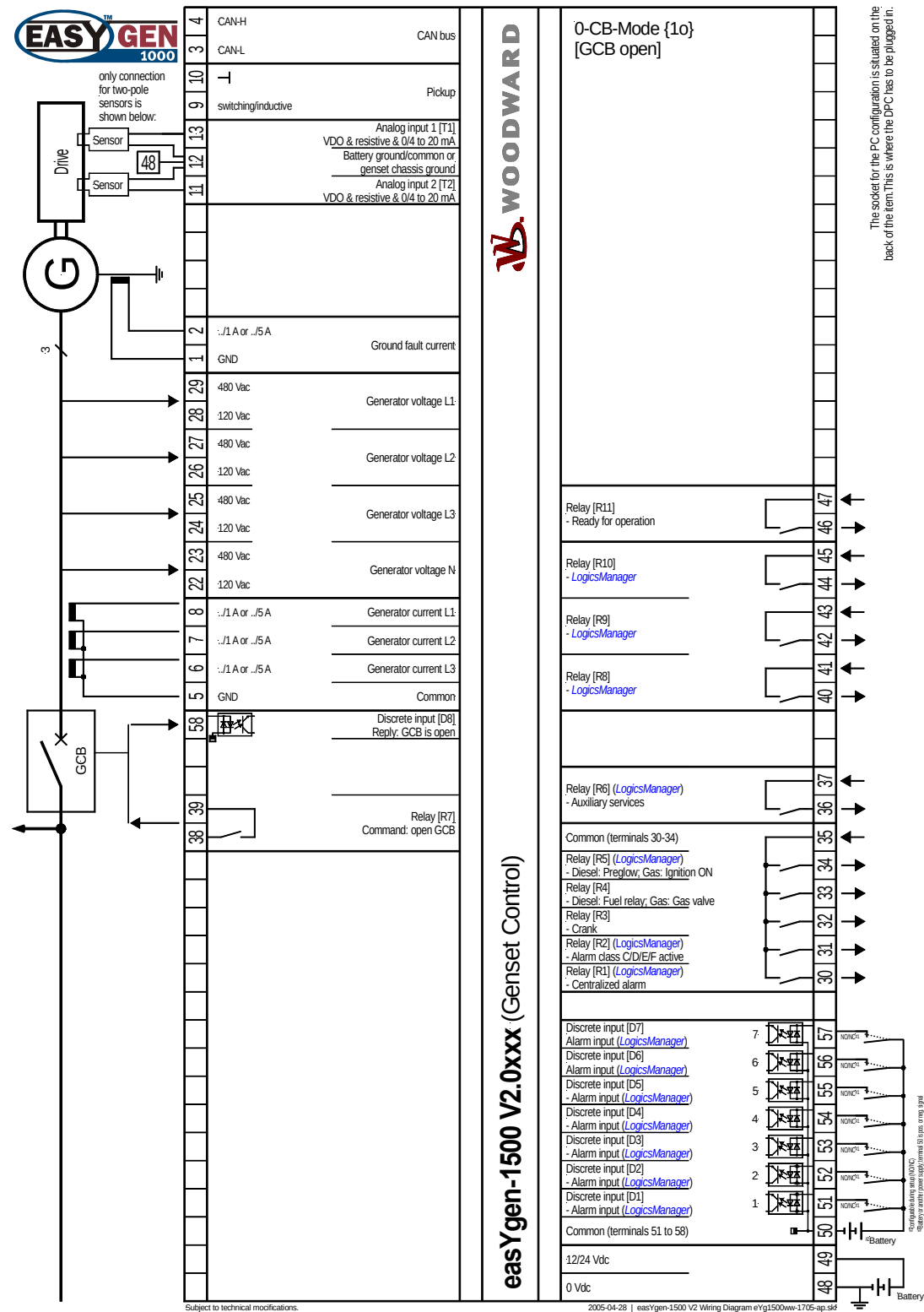
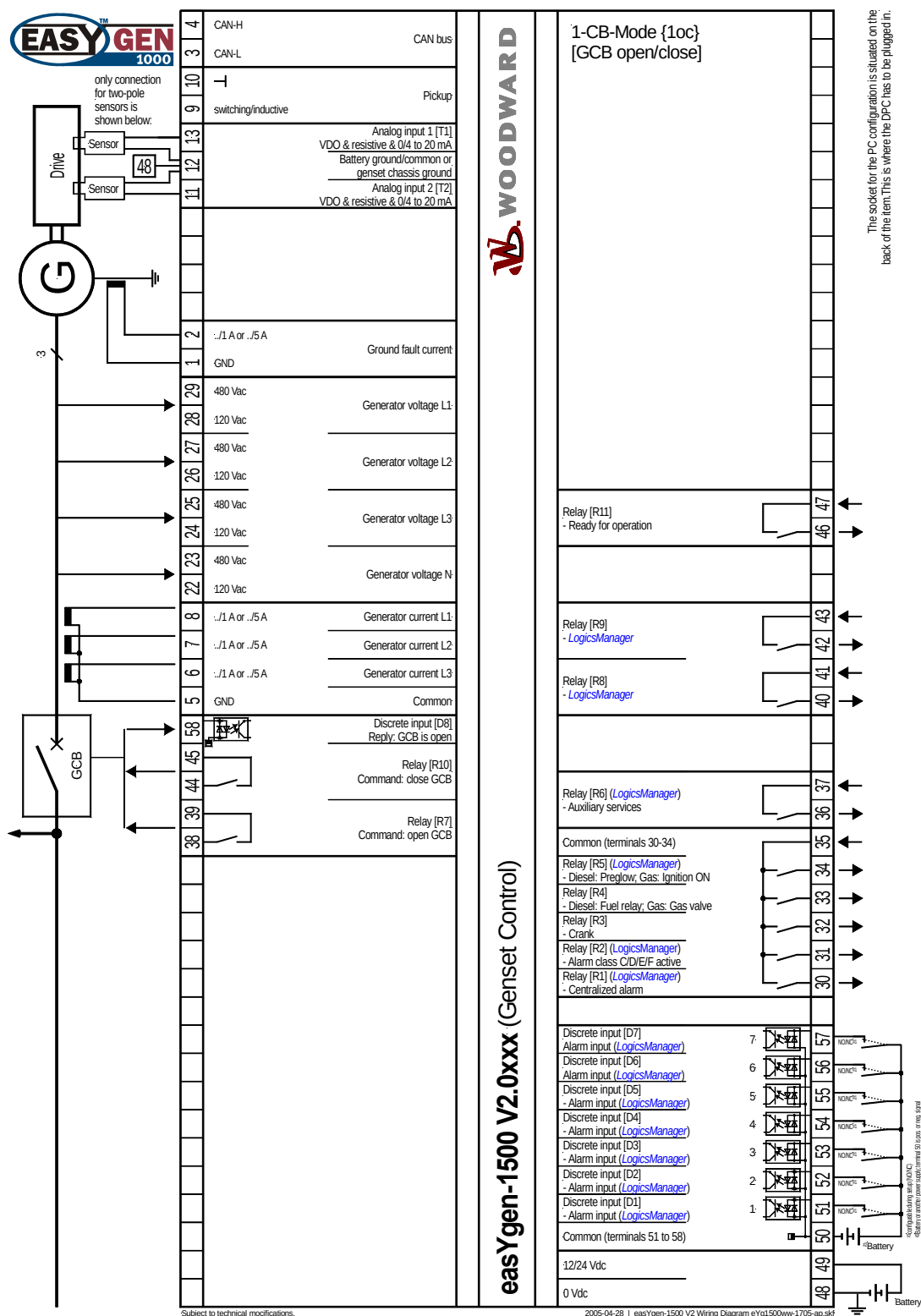


Figure 5-3: Wiring diagram - application mode {1o} - 1 CB mode

Application Mode {1oc}



Application Mode {2oc}

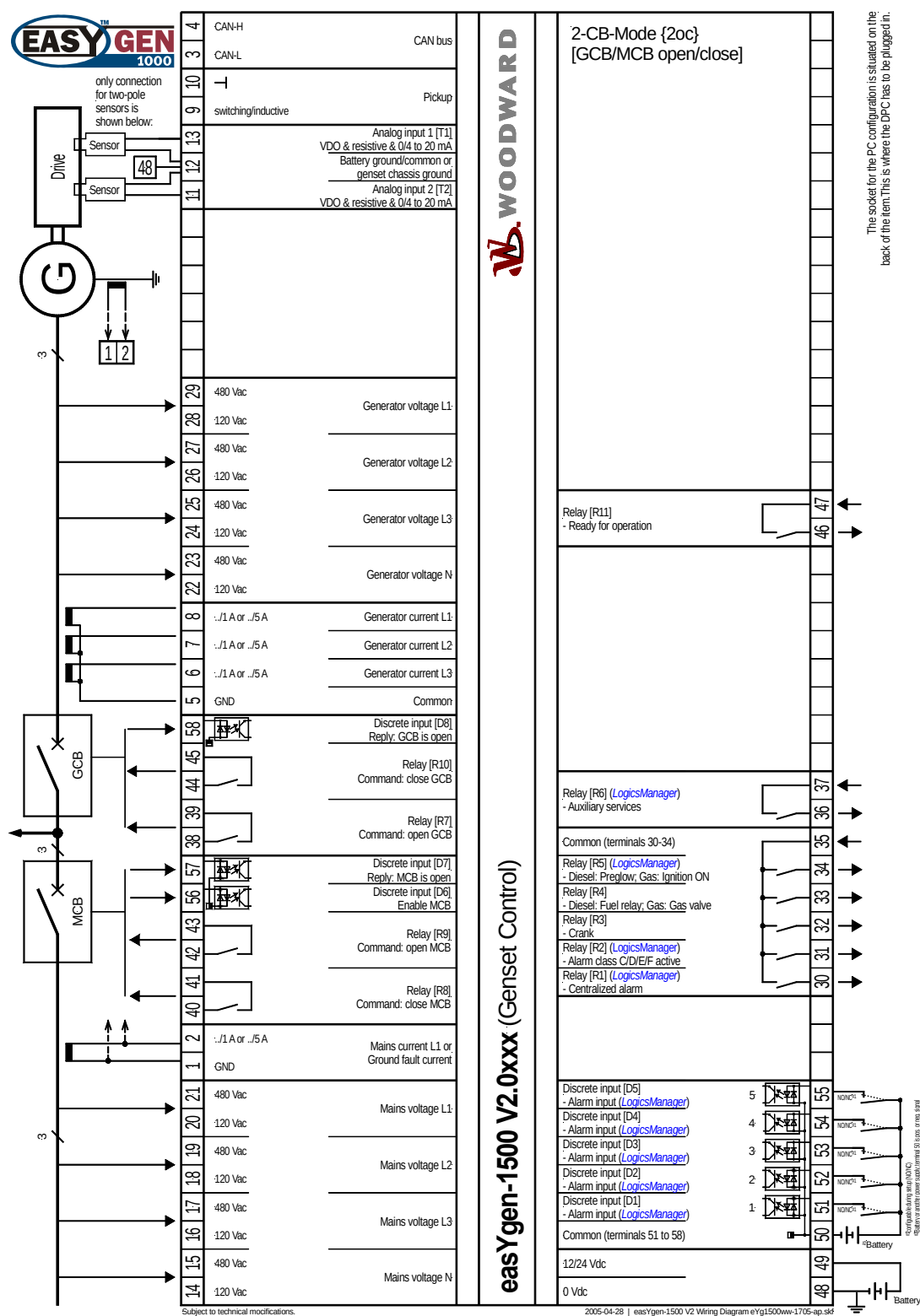


Figure 5-5: Wiring diagram - application mode {2oc} - 2 CB mode

Chapter 6.

Connections



WARNING

All technical data and ratings indicated in this chapter are not definite! Only the values indicated in Chapter 7: Technical Data on page 46 are valid!

Power Supply

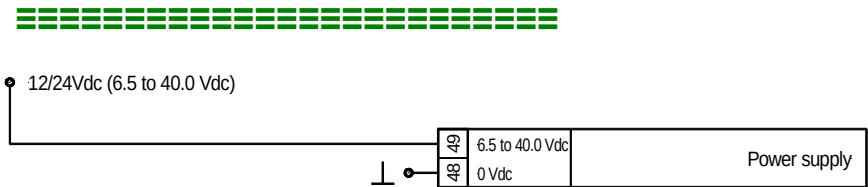


Figure 6-1: Power supply

Connect in application mode ...						
[BM]	[0CB]	[1CB]	[2CB]	Terminal	Description	A _{max}
✓	✓	✓	✓	48	0 Vdc reference potential	2.5 mm ²
✓	✓	✓	✓	49	12/24Vdc (6.5 to 40.0 Vdc), 15 W	2.5 mm ²

Table 6-1: Power supply - terminal assignment

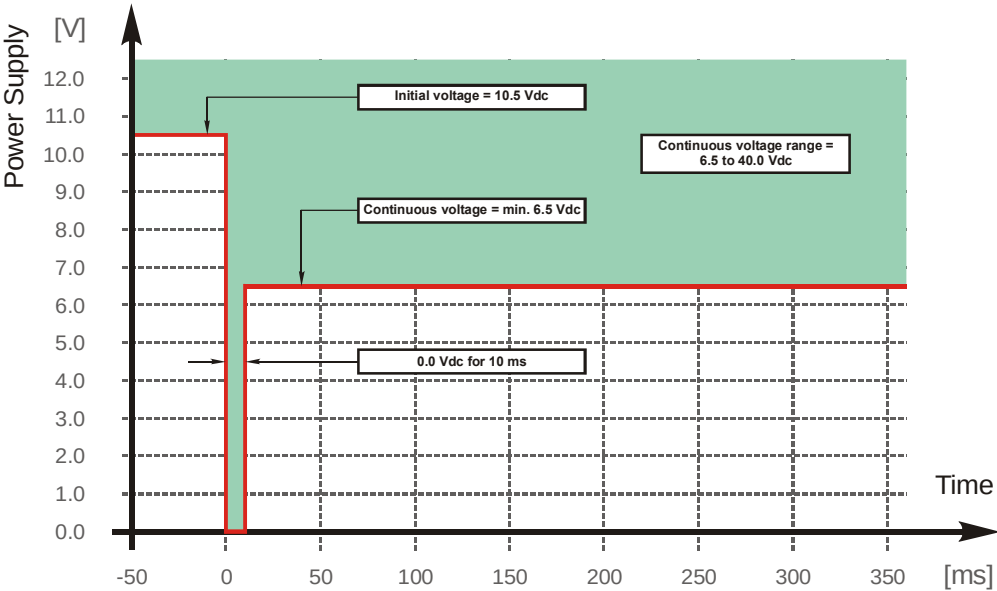


Figure 6-2: Power supply - crank waveform at maximum load

Voltage Measuring (*FlexRange*)



NOTE

DO NOT use both sets of voltage measuring inputs. The control unit will not measure voltage correctly if the 120v and 480v inputs are utilized simultaneously.

Voltage Measuring: Generator

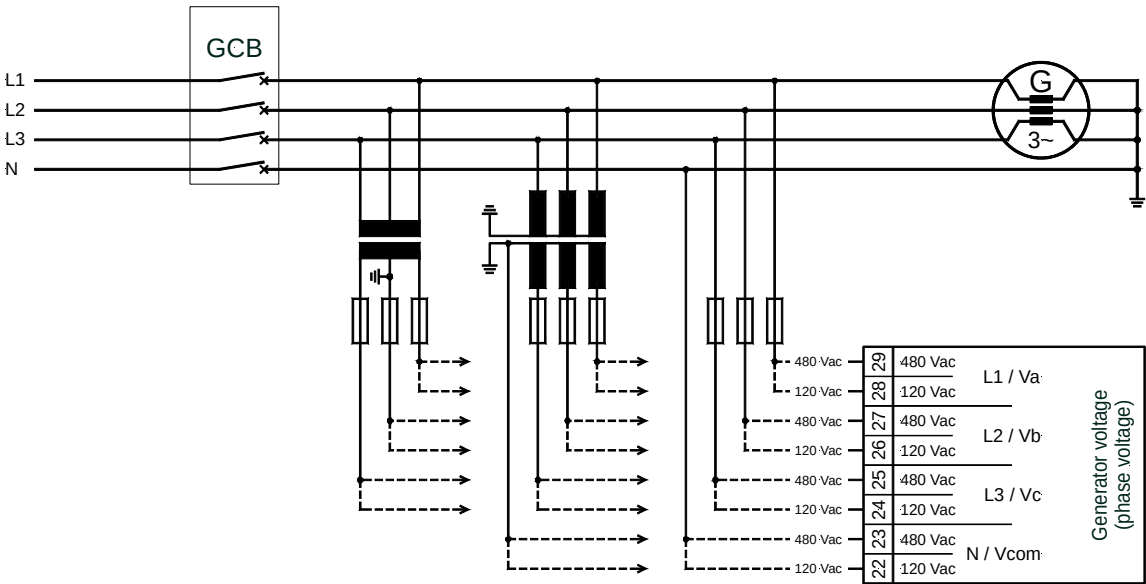


Figure 6-3: Voltage measuring (*FlexRange*) - generator

Connect in application mode ...						
[BM]	[0CB]	[1CB]	[2CB]	Terminal	Description	A _{max}
✓	✓	✓	✓	22	Generator voltage - phase N	120 Vac 2.5 mm ²
✓	✓	✓	✓	23		480 Vac 2.5 mm ²
✓	✓	✓	✓	24	Generator voltage - phase L3	120 Vac 2.5 mm ²
✓	✓	✓	✓	25		480 Vac 2.5 mm ²
✓	✓	✓	✓	26	Generator voltage - phase L2	120 Vac 2.5 mm ²
✓	✓	✓	✓	27		480 Vac 2.5 mm ²
✓	✓	✓	✓	28	Generator voltage - phase L1	120 Vac 2.5 mm ²
✓	✓	✓	✓	29		480 Vac 2.5 mm ²

Table 6-2: Voltage measuring (*FlexRange*) - terminal assignment - generator voltage

Voltage Measuring: Generator, parameter setting '3ph 4w' (3phase, 4wire)

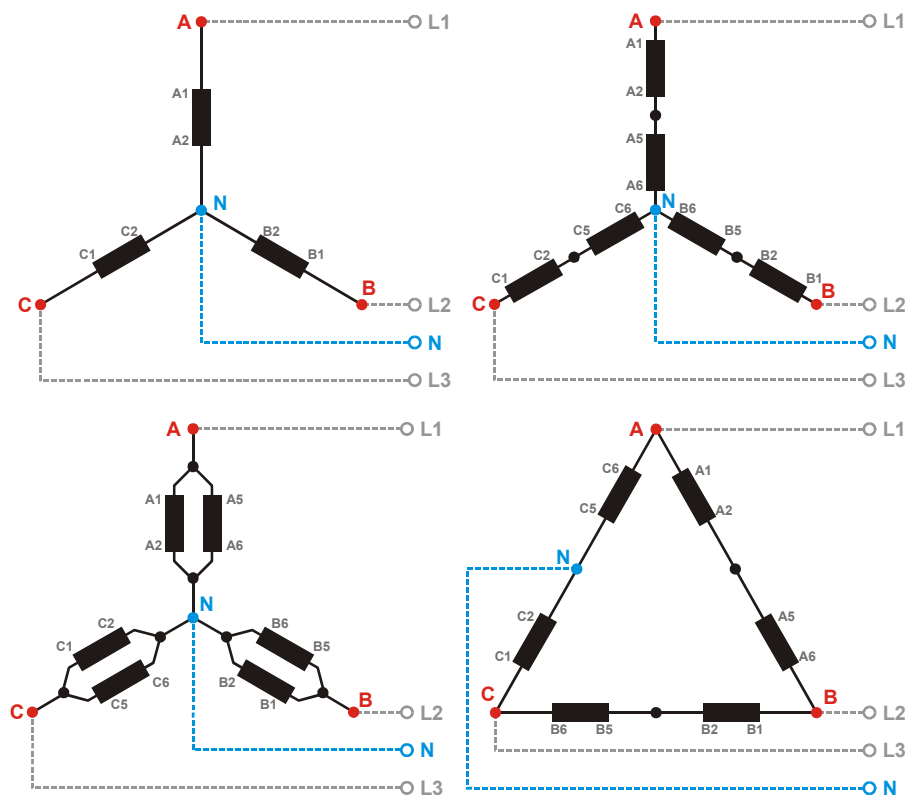


Figure 6-4: Voltage measuring (*FlexRange*) -generator, 3ph 4w

3ph 4w	Wiring terminals								Note
Rated voltage	120 Vac				480 Vac				1
Range (max.)	0 to 150 Vac				0 to 600 Vac				
easYgen	28	26	24	22	29	27	25	23	
Phase	L1	L2	L3	N	L1	L2	L3	N	

Table 6-3: Voltage measuring (*FlexRange*) - terminal assignment - generator, 3ph 4w

1 For different voltage systems, different wiring terminals have to be used. Incorrect measurements are possible if both voltage systems use the same N terminal.

Voltage Measuring: Generator, parameter setting '3ph 3w' (3phase, 3wire)

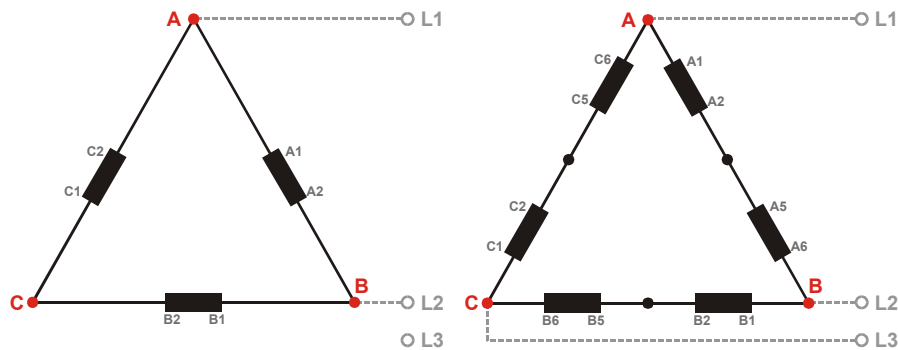


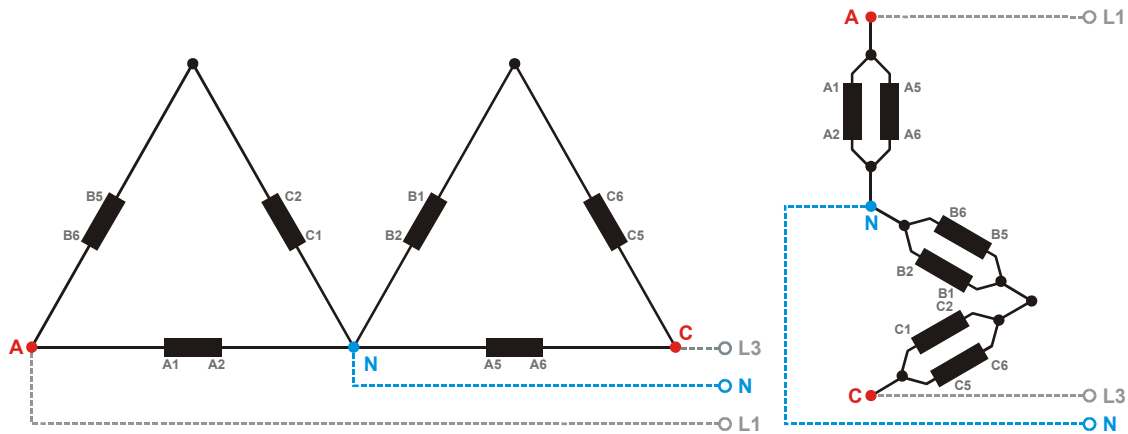
Figure 6-5: Voltage measuring (FlexRange) - generator, 3ph 3w

3ph 3w	Wiring terminals								Note
Rated voltage	120 Vac				480 Vac				2
Range (max.)	0 to 150 Vac				0 to 600 Vac				
easYgen	28	26	24	22	29	27	25	23	
Phase	L1	L2	L3	---	L1	L2	L3	---	

Table 6-4: Voltage measuring (FlexRange) - terminal assignment - generator, 3ph 3w

2 For different voltage systems, different wiring terminals have to be used.

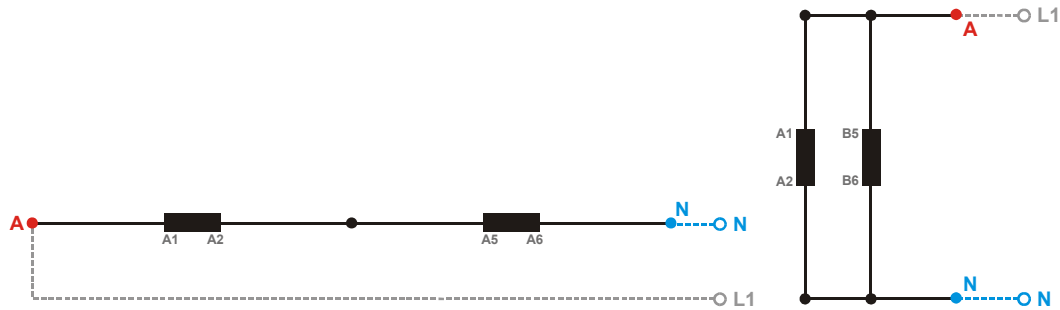
Voltage Measuring: Generator, parameter setting '1ph 3w' (1phase, 3wire)

Figure 6-6: Voltage measuring (*FlexRange*) - generator, 1ph 3w

1p 3w	Wiring terminals								Note
Rated voltage	120 Vac				480 Vac				3
Range (max.)	0 to 150 Vac				0 to 600 Vac				
easYgen	28	26	24	22	29	27	25	23	
Phase	L1	N	L3	N	L1	N	L3	N	

Table 6-5: Voltage measuring (*FlexRange*) - terminal assignment - generator, 1ph 3w

Voltage measuring: Generator, parameter setting '1ph 2w' (1phase, 2wire)

Figure 6-7: Voltage measuring (*FlexRange*) - generator, 1ph 2w

1ph 2w	Wiring terminals								Note
Rated voltage	120 Vac				480 Vac				3
Range (max.)	0 to 150 Vac				0 to 600 Vac				
easYgen	28	26	24	22	29	27	25	23	
Phase	L1	N	N	N	L1	N	N	N	

Table 6-6: Voltage measuring (*FlexRange*) - terminal assignment - generator, 1ph 2w

3 For different voltage systems, different wiring terminals have to be used. Incorrect measurements are possible if both voltage systems use the same N terminal.

Voltage Measuring: Mains

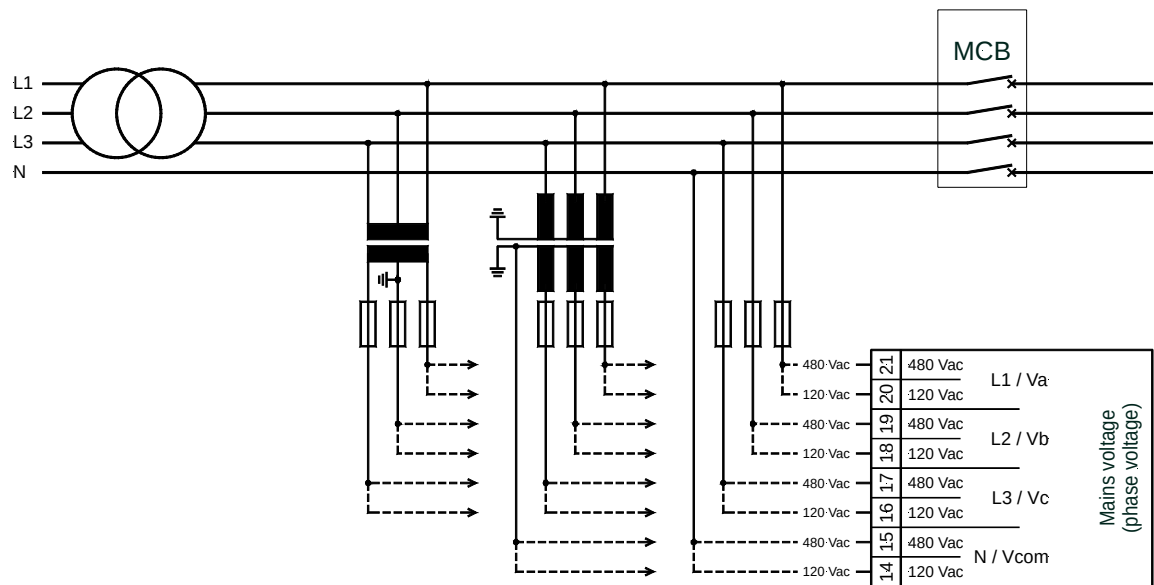


Figure 6-8: Voltage measuring (*FlexRange*) - mains

Connect in application mode ...			
[BM]	[0CB]	[1CB]	[2CB]
---	---	---	✓
---	---	---	✓
---	---	---	✓
---	---	---	✓
---	---	---	✓
---	---	---	✓
---	---	---	✓

Terminal	Description	A_{max}
14	Mains voltage - phase N	120 Vac
15		480 Vac
16	Mains voltage - phase L3	120 Vac
17		480 Vac
18	Mains voltage - phase L2	120 Vac
19		480 Vac
20	Mains voltage - phase L1	120 Vac
21		480 Vac

Table 6-7: Voltage measuring (*FlexRange*) - terminal assignment - mains voltage

Voltage Measuring: Mains, parameter setting '3ph 4w' (3phase, 4wire)

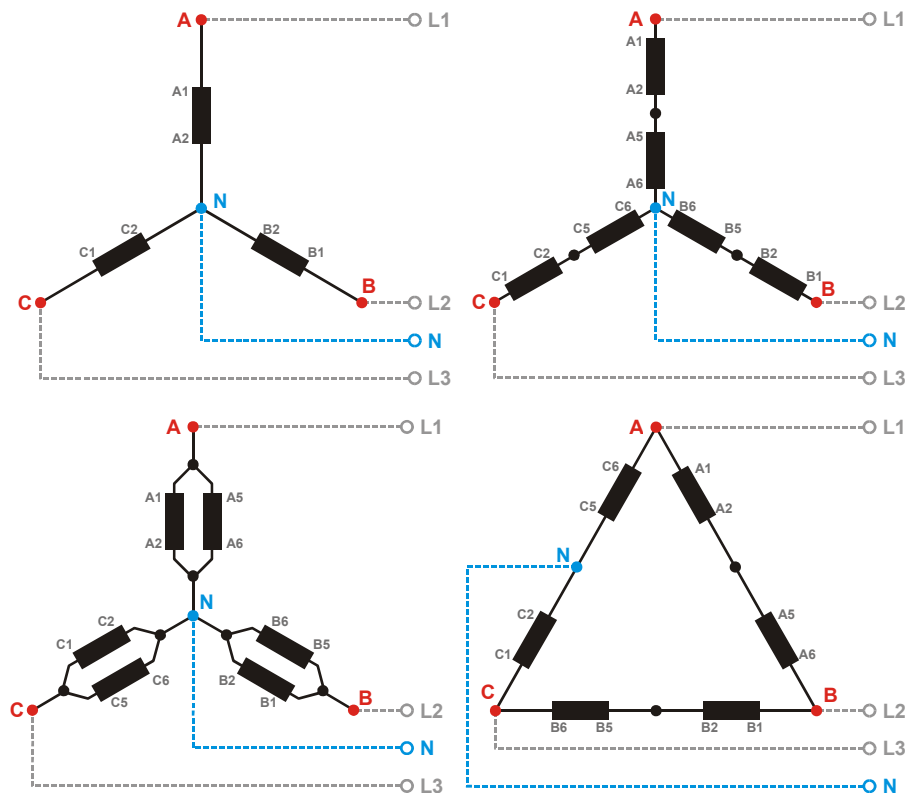


Figure 6-9: Voltage measuring (FlexRange) - mains, 3ph 4w

3ph 4w	Wiring terminals								Note
Rated voltage	120 Vac				480 Vac				4
Range (max.)	0 to 150 Vac				0 to 600 Vac				
easYgen	20	18	16	14	21	19	17	15	
Phase	L1	L2	L3	N	L1	L2	L3	N	

Table 6-8: Voltage measuring (FlexRange) - terminal assignment - mains, 3ph 4w

4 For different voltage systems, different wiring terminals have to be used. Incorrect measurements are possible if both voltage systems use the same N terminal.

Voltage Measuring: Mains, parameter setting '3ph 3w' (3phase, 3wire)

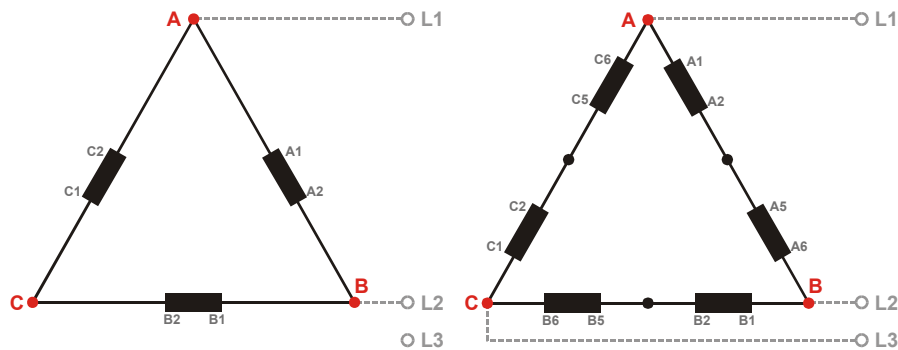


Figure 6-10: Voltage measuring (FlexRange) - mains, 3ph 3w

3ph 3w	Wiring terminals								Note
Rated voltage	120 Vac				480 Vac				5
Range (max.)	0 to 150 Vac				0 to 600 Vac				
easYgen	20	18	16	14	21	19	17	15	
Phase	L1	L2	L3	---	L1	L2	L3	---	

Table 6-9: Voltage measuring (FlexRange) - terminal assignment - mains, 3ph 3w

5 For different voltage systems, different wiring terminals have to be used.

Voltage Measuring: Mains, parameter setting '1ph 3w' (1phase, 3wire)

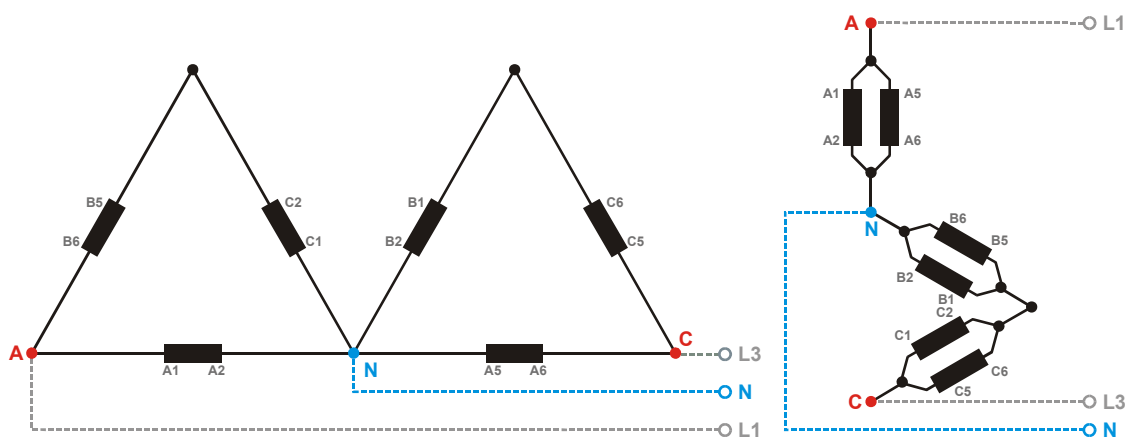


Figure 6-11: Voltage measuring (*FlexRange*) - mains, 1ph 3w

1p 3w	Wiring terminals								Note
Rated voltages	120 Vac				480 Vac				6
Range (max.)	0 to 150 Vac				0 to 600 Vac				
easyGen	20	18	16	14	21	19	17	15	
Phase	L1	N	L3	N	L1	N	L3	N	

Table 6-10: Voltage measuring (*FlexRange*) - terminal assignment - mains, 1ph 3w

Voltage Measuring: Mains, parameter setting '1ph 2w' (1phase, 2wire)

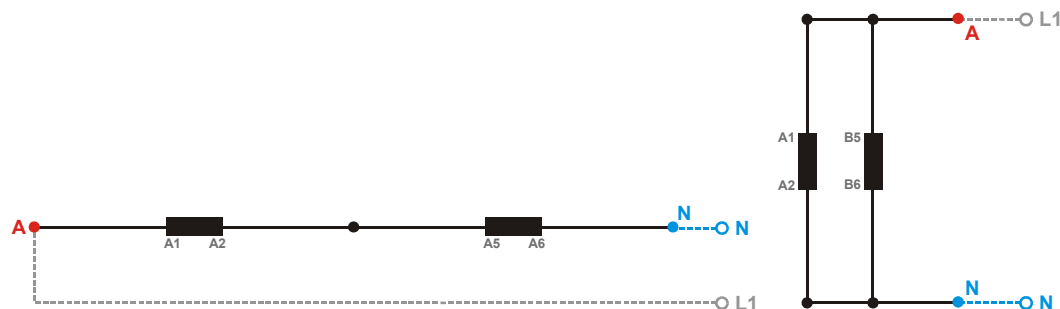


Figure 6-12: Voltage measuring (*FlexRange*) - mains, 1ph 2w

1p 2w	Wiring terminals								Note
Rated voltages	120 Vac				480 Vac				6
Range (max.)	0 to 150 Vac				0 to 600 Vac				
easYgen	20	18	16	14	21	19	17	15	
Phase	L1	N	N	N	L1	N	N	N	

Table 6-11: Voltage measuring (*FlexRange*) - terminal assignment - mains, 1ph 2w

6 For different voltage systems, different wiring terminals have to be used. Incorrect measurements are possible if both voltage systems use the same N terminal.

Current Measuring



CAUTION

Before disconnecting the current transformer/CT secondary connections or the connections of the current transformer/CT at the device, ensure that the current transformer/CT is short-circuited.

Generator



NOTE

Please connect the wires of the current transducer "L (x)" as near as possible to the unit.



NOTE

Generally, one line of the current transformers secondary is to be grounded.

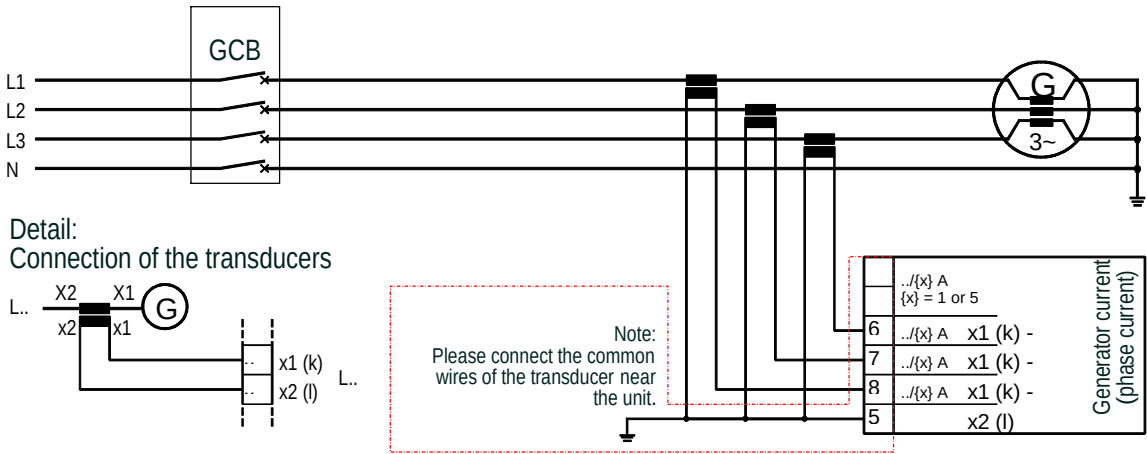


Figure 6-13: Current measuring - generator

Connect in application mode ...			
[BM]	[OCB]	[ICB]	[2CB]
✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓

Terminal	Description	A_{max}
5	Generator current - phases L1/L2/L3 - transformer terminals x2 (l)	2.5 mm ²
6	Generator current - phase L3 - transformer terminal x1 (k)	2.5 mm ²
7	Generator current - phase L2 - transformer terminal x1 (k)	2.5 mm ²
8	Generator current - phase L1 - transformer terminal x1 (k)	2.5 mm ²

Table 6-12: Current measuring - terminal assignment - generator current

Current Measuring: Generator, parameter setting 'L1 L2 L3'

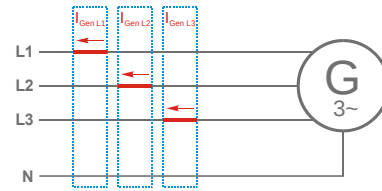


Figure 6-14: Current measuring - generator, L1 L2 L3

L1 L2 L3	Wiring terminals				Notes
easYgen	8	7	6	5	
Phase	L1	L2	L3	GND	

Table 6-13: Current measuring - terminal assignment - generator, L1 L2 L3

Current Measuring: Generator, parameter setting 'Phase L1', 'Phase L2' & 'Phase L3'

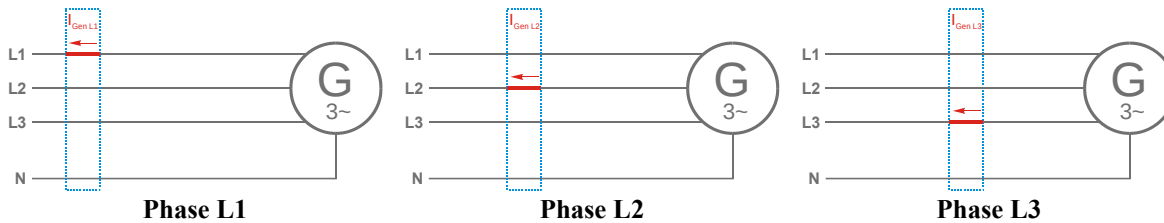


Figure 6-15: Current measuring - Generator, Phase Lx

	Wiring terminals				Notes
Phase L1					
easYgen	8	7	6	5	
Phase	L1	---	---	GND	
Phase L2					
easYgen	8	7	6	5	
Phase	---	L2	---	GND	
Phase L3					
easYgen	8	7	6	5	
Phase	---	---	L3	GND	

Table 6-14: Current measuring - terminal assignment - generator, Phase Lx

Mains Current ({2oc} Only)



NOTE

Generally, one line of the current transformers secondary is to be grounded.

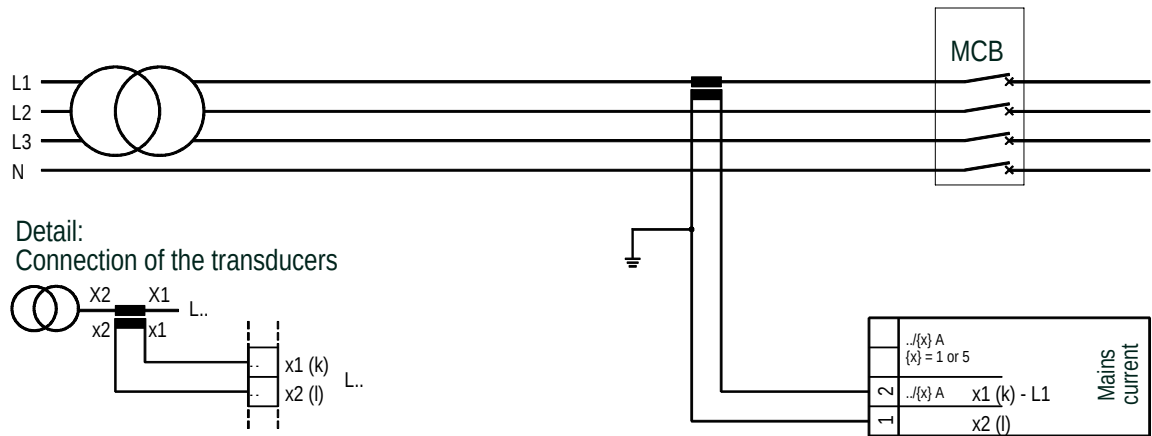


Figure 6-16: Current measuring - mains current

Connect in application mode ...						
[BM]	[0CB]	[1CB]	[2CB]	Terminal	Description	A _{max}
---	---	---	☒	1	Mains current - phase L1 - transformer terminal x2 (l)	2.5 mm ²
---	---	---	☒	2	Mains current - phase L1 - transformer terminal x1 (k)	2.5 mm ²

Table 6-15: Current measuring - terminal assignment - mains current

Current Measuring: Mains, parameter setting 'Phase L1', 'Phase L2' & 'Phase L3'

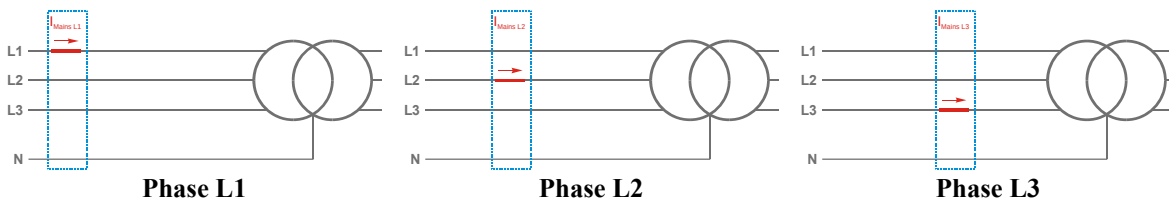


Figure 6-17: Current measuring - generator, Phase Lx

		Wiring terminals		Notes
Phase L1				
easYgen	1	2		
Phase	GND	L1		
Phase L2				
easYgen	1	2		
Phase	GND	L2		
Phase L3				
easYgen	1	2		
Phase	GND	L3		

Table 6-16: current measuring - terminal assignment - generator, Phase Lx

Ground Current

The mains current input can be configured to measure the mains current or ground current. Whether this input is used to measure the mains current (default) or the ground current, depends on how Parameter 'Input mains current as' is configured. Refer to configuration manual 37321 for more information.

i

NOTE

Please consider that the installation location of the ground current measurement determines the protection area of the ground fault monitoring.

i

NOTE

Generally, one line of the current transformers secondary is to be grounded.

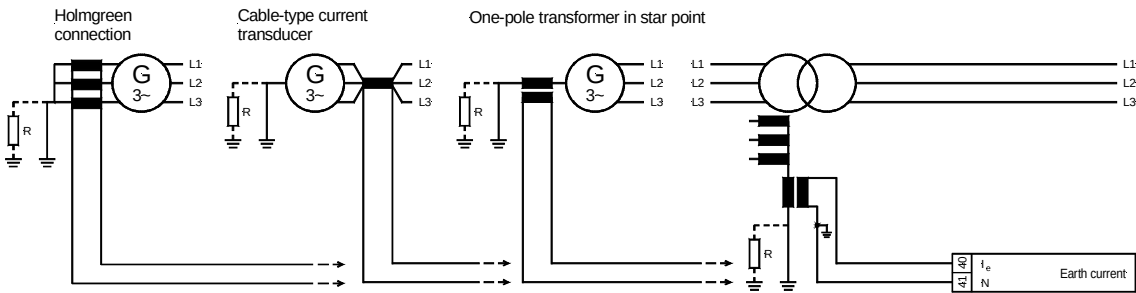


Figure 6-18: Current measuring - ground current

Connect in application mode ...						
[BM]	[0CB]	[1CB]	[2CB]	Terminal	Description	A _{max}
☒	☒	☒	☒	1	Ground current - transformer terminal x2 (l)	2.5 mm ²
☒	☒	☒	☒	2	Ground current - transformer terminal x1 (k)	2.5 mm ²

Table 6-17: Current measuring - terminal assignment - ground current

Power Measuring



If the unit's current transformers are wired according to the diagram shown, the following values are displayed.



NOTE

The value of the reactive power measuring is valid for symmetric systems only.

Application mode	Parameter	Description	Sign displayed
{BM}-{1o}-{1oc}-{2oc}	Generator real power	Plant generating kW	Positive
{BM}-{1o}-{1oc}-{2oc}	Generator real power	Plant absorbing kW	Negative
{BM}-{1o}-{1oc}-{2oc}	Generator power factor cos ϕ	Inductive / lagging	Positive
{BM}-{1o}-{1oc}-{2oc}	Generator power factor cos ϕ	Capacitive / leading	Negative
{BM}-{1o}-{1oc}-{2oc}	Mains real power	Load generating kW	Positive
{BM}-{1o}-{1oc}-{2oc}	Mains real power	Load absorbing kW	Negative
{BM}-{1o}-{1oc}-{2oc}	Mains power factor cos ϕ	Load generating kvars	Positive
{BM}-{1o}-{1oc}-{2oc}	Mains power factor cos ϕ	Load absorbing kvars	Negative

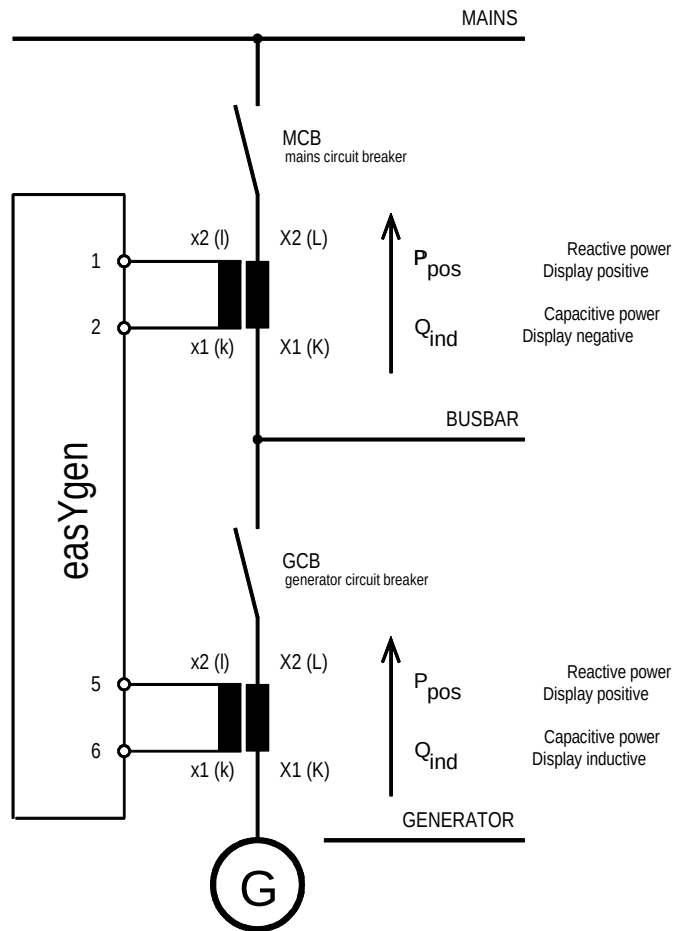


Figure 6-19: Power measuring - direction of power

Pickup

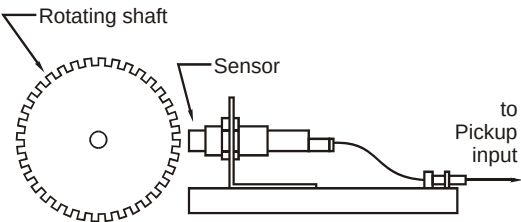


Figure 6-20: Pickup - principle overview

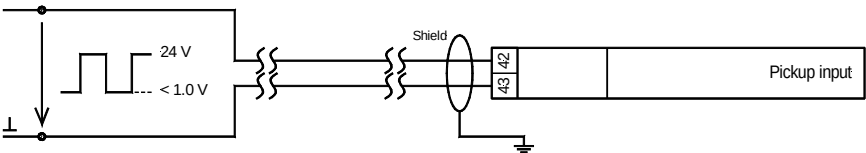


Figure 6-21: Pickup input

Connect in application mode ...						
[BM]	[0CB]	[1CB]	[2CB]	Terminal	Description	A _{max}
✓	✓	✓	✓	9	Pickup input	inductive/switching 2.5 mm²
✓	✓	✓	✓	10		GND 2.5 mm²

Table 6-18: Pickup - terminal assignment

NOTE

The number of teeth on the reference gear and the reference gear speed must be configured so that the magnetic pickup input frequency does not exceed 14kHz.

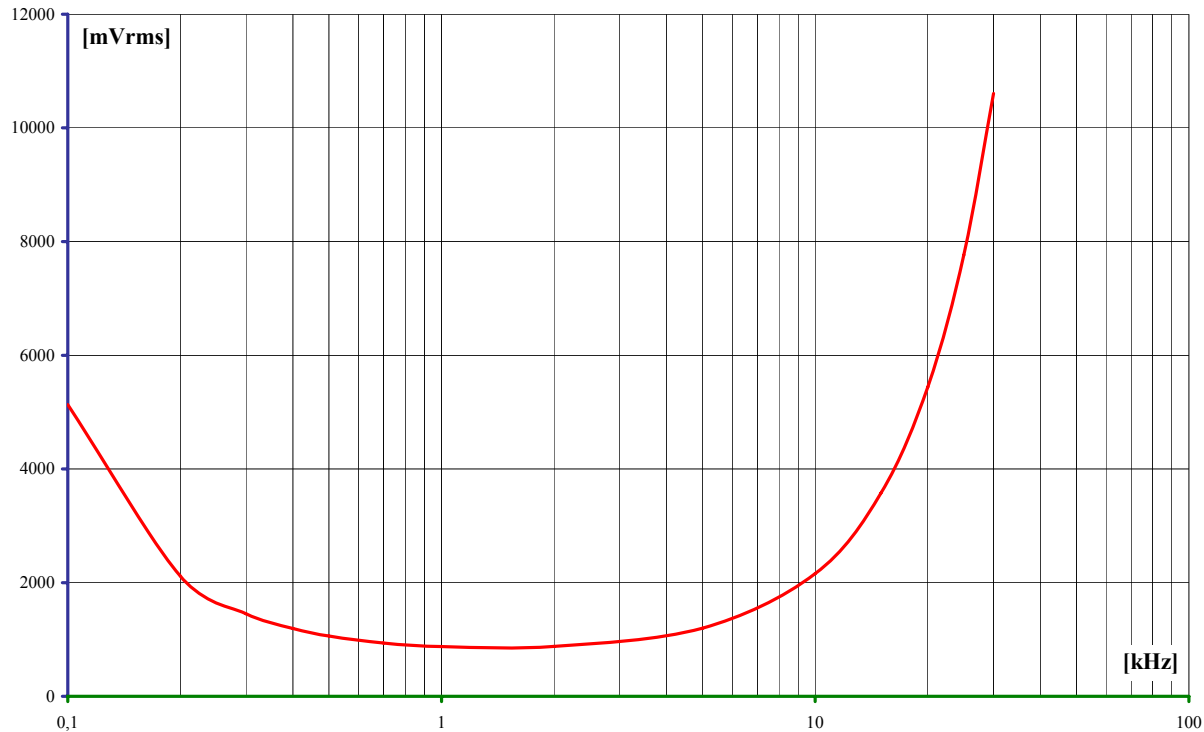


Figure 6-22: Minimal necessary input voltage depending on frequency

Discrete Inputs



Discrete Inputs: Bipolar Signals

The discrete inputs are electrically isolated allowing for a bipolar connection. The discrete inputs are able to handle positive or negative signals.



NOTE

All discrete inputs must use the same polarity, either positive or negative signals, due to the common ground.

Discrete Inputs: Positive / Negative Signal

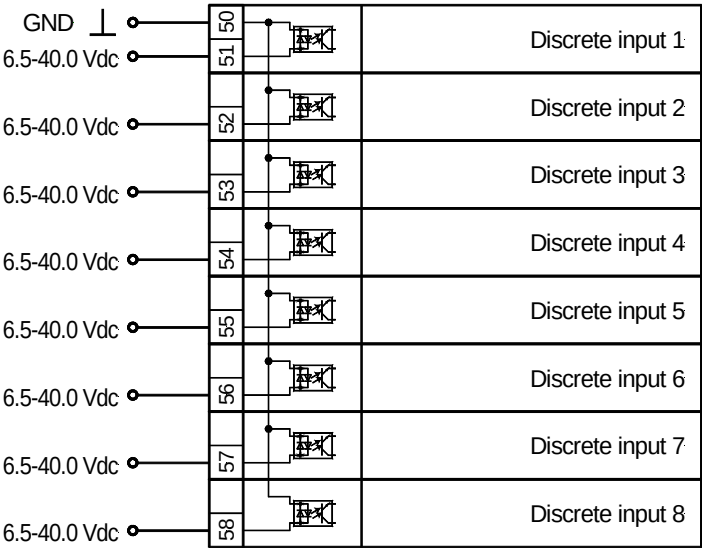


Figure 6-23: Discrete inputs - alarm/control input - positive signal

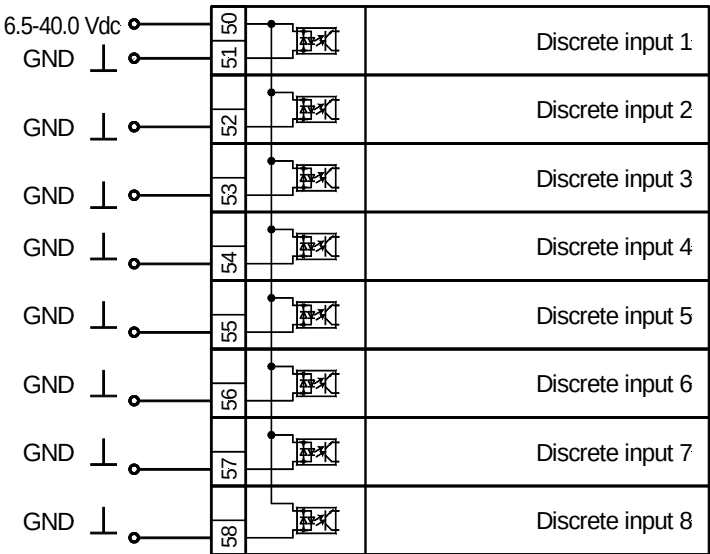


Figure 6-24: Discrete inputs - alarm/control input - negative signal

Connect in application mode ...				Terminal Com.	Signal	Description	Type ↴	A _{max}
[BM]	[0CB]	[1CB]	[2CB]	50	51	Discrete input [D1] [BM] - [0CB] - [1CB] - [2CB] - Alarm input (programmable)	SW	2.5 mm ²
✓	✓	✓	✓		52	Discrete input [D2] [BM] - [0CB] - [1CB] - [2CB] - Alarm input (programmable)	SW	2.5 mm ²
✓	✓	✓	✓		53	Discrete input [D3] [BM] - [0CB] - [1CB] - [2CB] - Alarm input (programmable)	SW	2.5 mm ²
✓	✓	✓	✓		54	Discrete input [D4] [BM] - [0CB] - [1CB] - [2CB] - Alarm input (programmable)	SW	2.5 mm ²
✓	✓	✓	✓		55	Discrete input [D5] [BM] - [0CB] - [1CB] - [2CB] - Alarm input (programmable)	SW	2.5 mm ²
✓	✓	✓	✓		56	Discrete input [D6] [BM] - Alarm input (programmable) SW [0CB] - Alarm input (programmable) SW [1CB] - Alarm input (programmable) SW [2CB] - Enable MCB #1	2.5 mm ²	
✓	✓	✓	✓		57	Discrete input [D7] [BM] - Alarm input (programmable) SW [0CB] - Alarm input (programmable) SW [1CB] - Alarm input (programmable) SW [2CB] - Reply: MCB is open #2	2.5 mm ²	
✓	✓	✓	✓		58	Discrete input [D8] [BM] - Alarm input (programmable) SW [0CB] - Alarm input (programmable) SW [1CB] - Reply: GCB is open #2 [2CB] - Reply: GCB is open #2	2.5 mm ²	

SW-switchable via the software, [#1]-type 1 (N.O./make contact), [#2]-type 2 (N.C./break contact)

Table 6-19: Discrete input - terminal assignment - alarm/control inputs

Discrete Inputs: Operation Logic

Discrete inputs may be configured to normally open (N.O.) or normally closed (N.C.) state. In the state N.O., no potential is present during normal operation; if an alarm is issued or control operation is performed, the input is energized. In the state N.C., a potential is continuously present during normal operation; if an alarm is issued or control operation is performed, the input is de-energized.

The N.O. or N.C. contacts may be connected to the signal terminal as well as to the ground terminal of the discrete input. See previous chapter Discrete Inputs: Bipolar Signals on page 37 for details.

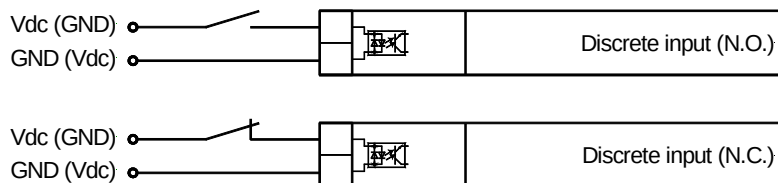


Figure 6-25: Discrete inputs - alarm/control inputs - operation logic

Relay Outputs
(Control Outputs And *LogicsManager*)

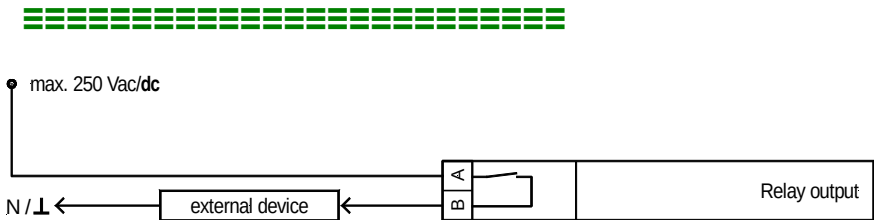


Figure 6-26: Relay outputs

Connect in application mode ...				Terminal		Description	A _{max}
{0}	{1o}	{1oc}	{2oc}	Term.	Com.		
✓	✓	✓	✓	30	35	Relay output [R1] [BM] - SW [0CB] - <i>LogicsManager</i> SW [1CB] - SW [2CB] - SW	2.5 mm ²
✓	✓	✓	✓	31		Relay output [R2] [BM] - SW [0CB] - <i>LogicsManager</i> SW [1CB] - SW [2CB] - SW	2.5 mm ²
✓	✓	✓	✓	32		Relay output [R3] [BM] - SW [0CB] - Crank SW [1CB] - SW [2CB] - SW	2.5 mm ²
✓	✓	✓	✓	33		Relay output [R4] [BM] - SW [0CB] - Diesel: Fuel relay SW [1CB] - Gas: Gas valve SW [2CB] - SW	2.5 mm ²
✓	✓	✓	✓	34		Relay output [R5] [BM] - SW [0CB] - <i>LogicsManager</i> SW [1CB] - SW [2CB] - SW	2.5 mm ²

LogicsManager..using the function *LogicsManager* it is possible to freely program the relays
SW-switchable via the software, [#1]-type 1 (N.O./make contact)

Table 6-20: Relay outputs - terminal assignment, part 1

Connect in application mode ...			
{0}	{1o}	{1oc}	{2oc}

Terminal Term.	Com.	Description	A _{max}
-------------------	------	-------------	------------------

A	B	Form A, separated contacts	Type ↕	
✓	✓	✓	✓	
36	37	Relay output [R6] [BM] - <i>LogicsManager</i> SW [0CB] - SW [1CB] - SW [2CB] - SW	2.5 mm ²	
38	39	Relay output [R7] [BM] - <i>LogicsManager</i> SW [0CB] - Command: open GCB #1 [1CB] - Command: open GCB #1 [2CB] - Command: open GCB #1	2.5 mm ²	
40	41	Relay output [R8] [BM] - <i>LogicsManager</i> SW [0CB] - <i>LogicsManager</i> SW [1CB] - <i>LogicsManager</i> SW [2CB] - Command: close MCB #1	2.5 mm ²	
42	43	Relay output [R9] [BM] - <i>LogicsManager</i> SW [0CB] - <i>LogicsManager</i> SW [1CB] - <i>LogicsManager</i> SW [2CB] - Command: open MCB #1	2.5 mm ²	
44	45	Relay output [R10] [BM] - <i>LogicsManager</i> SW [0CB] - <i>LogicsManager</i> SW [1CB] - Command: close GCB #1 [2CB] - Command: close GCB #1	2.5 mm ²	
46	47	Relay output [R11] [BM] - Ready for operation [0CB] - <i>LogicsManager</i> [1CB] - (closed in normal operation [2CB] - state)	#1 2.5 mm ²	

LogicsManager..using the function *LogicsManager* it is possible to freely program the relays
SW-switchable via the software, [#1]-type 1 (N.O./make contact)

Table 6-21: Relay outputs - terminal assignment, part 1

Analog Inputs (*FlexIn*)



It is recommended to use two-pole sensors. This ensures an accuracy of $\leq 1\%$.

Wiring Two-Pole Sensors



NOTE

To ensure accurate measurements of the system, all VDO sending units must utilize insulated wires that are connected to the easYgen-1500 common ground (terminal 12). The return wires should be connected together as close to the easYgen terminals as possible. Terminal 12 must be connected with the battery ground connection (terminal 48).

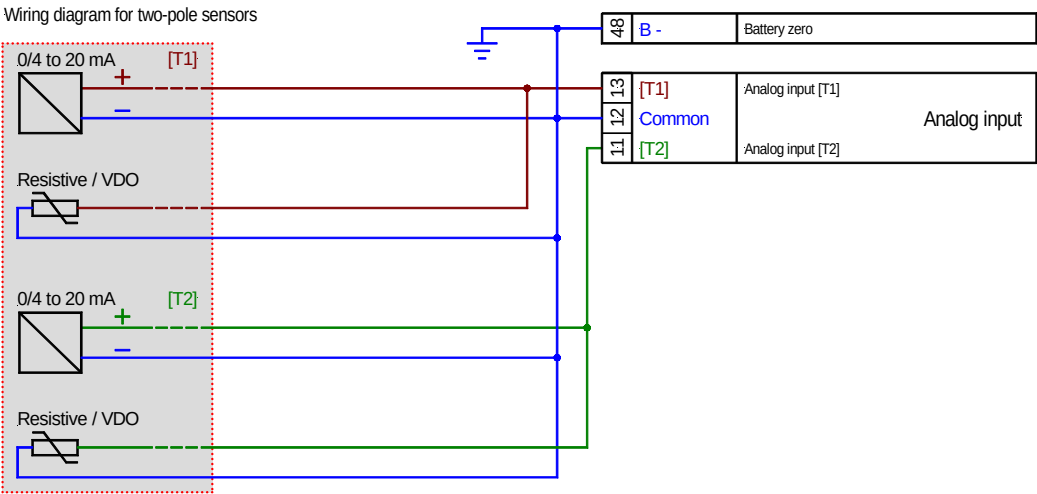


Figure 6-27: Analog inputs (*FlexIn*) - wiring two-pole sensors

Connect in application mode ...				Terminal	Description	A _{max}
{0}	{1o}	{1oc}	{2oc}			
✓	✓	✓	✓	13	Analog input [T1], the following sensors may be used: - 0/4 to 20 mA - resistive - VDO, 0 to 180 Ohm ^{#VDO} - VDO, 0 to 380 Ohm ^{#VDO}	2.5 mm²
✓	✓	✓	✓	12	Common, connected with battery zero	2.5 mm²
✓	✓	✓	✓	11	Analog input [T2], the following sensors may be used: - 0/4 to 20 mA - resistive - VDO, 0 to 180 Ohm ^{#VDO} - VDO, 0 to 380 Ohm ^{#VDO}	2.5 mm²

#VDO - please download a catalog of all available VDO sensors at the VDO homepage (<http://www.vdo.com/siemens>)

Table 6-22: Analog inputs (*FlexIn*) - terminal assignment - wiring two-pole sensors

Wiring Single-Pole Sensors

An accuracy of $\leq 2.5\%$ may be achieved when using single-pole sensors. It is possible to combine single- and two-pole sensors, but then it is only possible to achieve an accuracy of $\leq 2.5\%$ even with two-pole sensors. The specified accuracy of $\leq 2.5\%$ for single-pole sensors can only be achieved if the differential voltage between the genset chassis ground and battery ground does not exceed $\pm 2\text{ V}$.

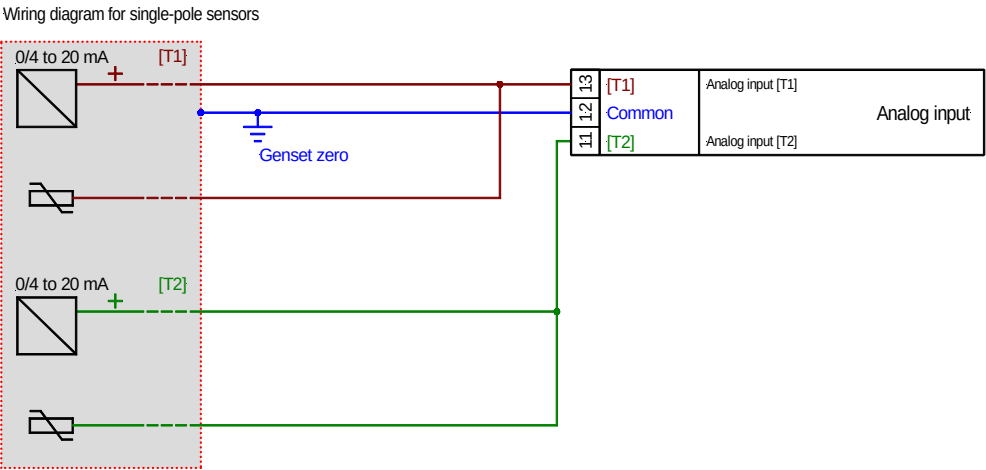


Figure 6-28: Analog inputs (*FlexIn*) - wiring single-pole sensors

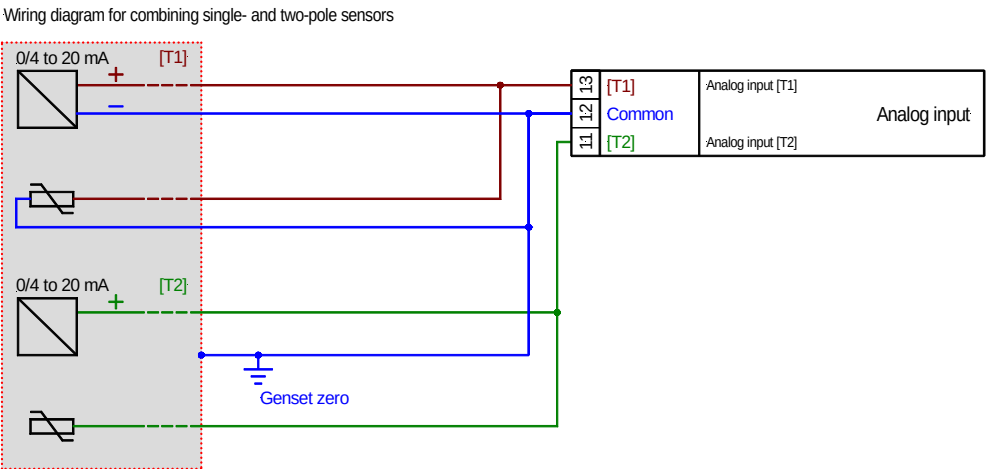


Figure 6-29: Analog inputs (*FlexIn*) - wiring single- and two-pole sensors

Connect in application mode ...					
{0}	{1o}	{1oc}	{2oc}	Terminal	Description
✓	✓	✓	✓	13	Analog input [T1], the following sensors may be used: - 0/4 to 20 mA - resistive - VDO, 0 to 180 Ohm ^{#VDO} - VDO, 0 to 380 Ohm ^{#VDO}
✓	✓	✓	✓	12	Common, connected with genset zero
✓	✓	✓	✓	11	Analog input [T2], the following sensors may be used: - 0/4 to 20 mA - resistive - VDO, 0 to 180 Ohm ^{#VDO} - VDO, 0 to 380 Ohm ^{#VDO}

		A _{max}
		2.5 mm ²
		2.5 mm ²
		2.5 mm ²

#VDO - please download a catalog of all available VDO sensors at the VDO homepage (<http://www.vdo.com/siemens>)

Table 6-23: Analog inputs (*FlexIn*) - terminal assignment - wiring single-pole sensors

Interfaces



Overview

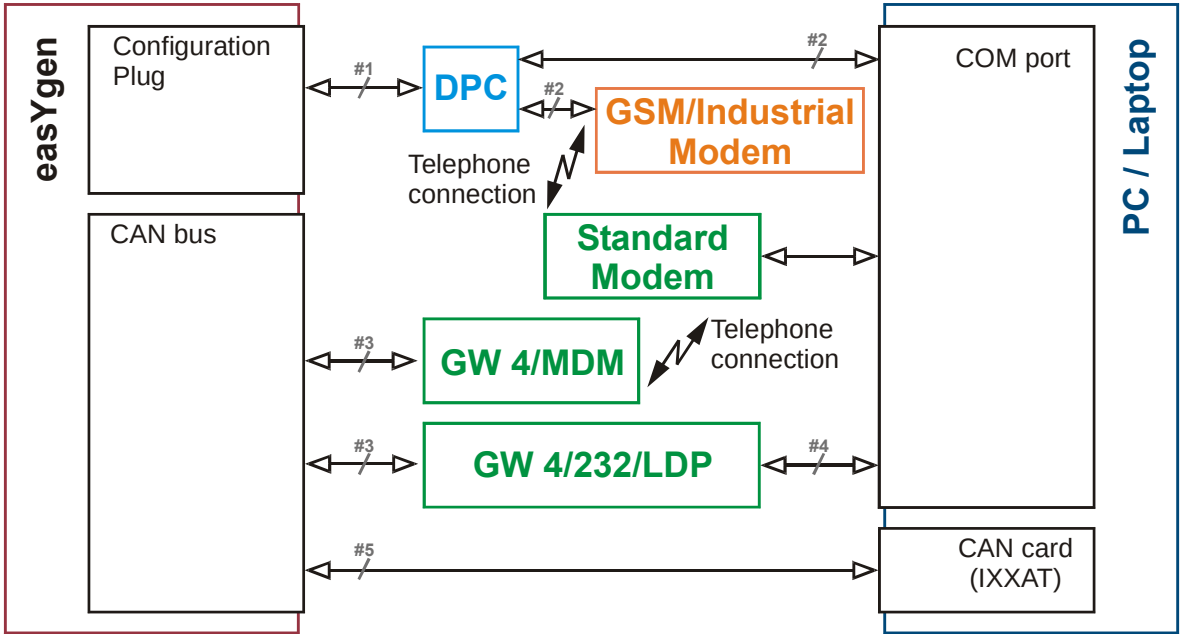


Figure 6-30: Interfaces - overview

Nr.	Connection between ...	
	... from ...	... to ...
#1	easYgen [DPC connector]	DPC
#2	DPC	PC [COM-Port]
	PIN 1 -----	PIN 4 (connect with PIN 8)
	PIN 2 -----	PIN 3
	PIN 3 -----	PIN 2
	PIN 4 -----	PIN 1
	PIN 5 -----	PIN 5
	N/A -----	N/A
	PIN 7 -----	PIN 8 (connect with PIN 4)
	PIN 8 -----	PIN 7
	PIN 9 -----	PIN 9
		Connect PIN4/8
#3	easYgen [CAN terminals]	GW 4 [CAN terminals]
	Terminal 3 - CAN-L -----	Terminals X5 - CAN-L
	Terminal 4 - CAN-H -----	Terminals X4 - CAN-H
#4	GW 4 [RS-232 terminals]	PC [COM port, submin-D, 9pole, female]
	Terminal Y1 - RxD -----	PIN 3 - TxD
	Terminal Y2 - RTS -----	PIN 8 - CTS
	Terminal Y3 - GND -----	PIN 5 - GND
	Terminal Y4 - CTS -----	PIN 7 - RTS
	Terminal Y5 - TxD -----	PIN 3 - RxD
#5	easYgen [CAN terminals]	PC [CAN port, submin-D, 9pole, female]
	Terminal 3 - CAN-L -----	PIN 7 - CAN-H
	Terminal 4 - CAN-H -----	PIN 2 - CAN-L
	CAN termination resistor between terminals 3/4	CAN termination resistor between terminals 2/7

Table 6-24: Interfaces - connection overview

CAN Bus (FlexCAN)

Wiring

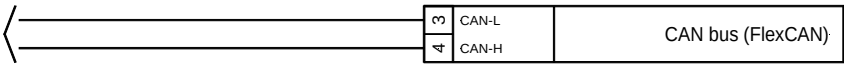


Figure 6-31: Interfaces - CAN bus (FlexCAN)

Connect in application mode ...			
{0}	{1o}	{1oc}	{2oc}
✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓

Terminal	Description	A_{max}
3	CAN bus (FlexCAN)	CAN-L 2.5 mm ²
4		CAN-H 2.5 mm ²

Shielding

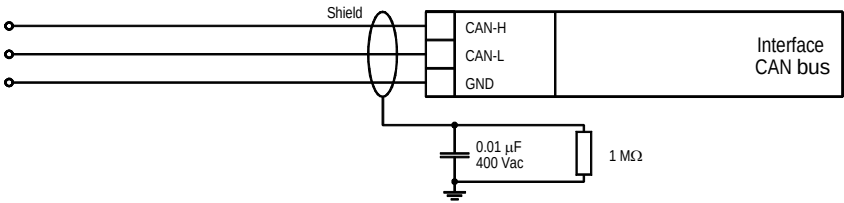


Figure 6-32: Interfaces - CAN bus - wiring of shielding



NOTE

Please note that the CAN bus must be terminated with a resistor, which corresponds to the impedance of the cable (e.g. 120 Ohms, 1/4 W) at both ends. The termination resistor is connected between CAN-H and CAN-L.

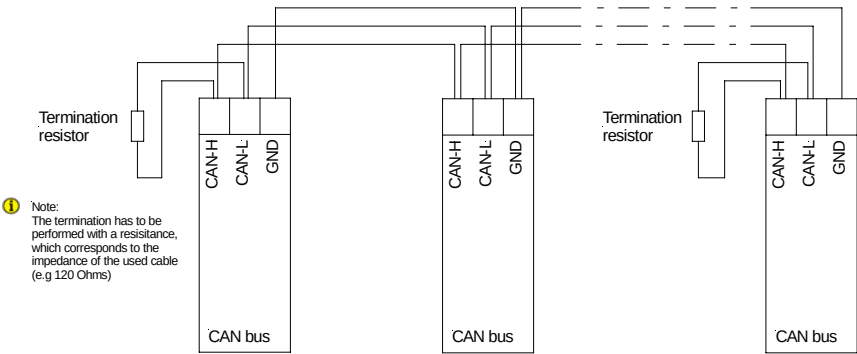


Figure 6-33: Interfaces - CAN bus - termination

DPC - Direct Configuration Cable

The easYgen provides a configuration interface for connecting a computer via the DPC (direct configuration cable). The configuration interface is the RJ45 socket on the side of the easYgen housing.



NOTE

Configuration with the direct configuration cable DPC (P/N 5417-557) is possible. A laptop/PC, the DPC cable, the program LeoPC1 version 3.1.1 or higher (included on CD Rom with control unit), and the proper configuration files are required.



NOTE

The connection cable delivered with the DPC must be used between DPC and easYgen to ensure proper functionality of the easYgen. An extension or utilization of different cable types for the connection between easYgen and DPC may result a malfunction of the easYgen. This may possibly result in damage to components of the system. If an extension of the data connection line is required, only the serial cable (RS-232) between DPC and laptop/PC may be extended. It is recommended to use an industry standard cable for this.

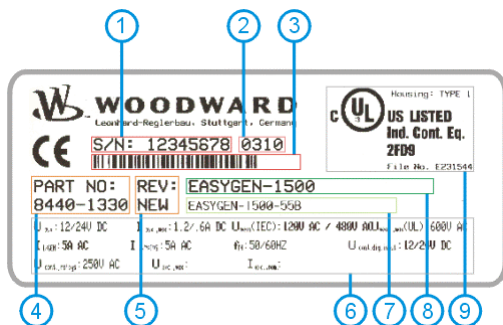


NOTE

For a continuous operation with the direct configuration cable DPC (e.g. remote control of the easYgen), it is required to use at least revision F (P/N 5417-557 Rev. F) of the DPC. When using a DPC of an earlier revision, problems may occur in continuous operation. It is recommended to use an industry standard serial (RS-232) cable to connect the DPC with the laptop/PC for continuous operation. The shield connector (6.3mm tab connector) at the DPC of revision F (P/N 5417-557 Rev. F) and above must be connected to ground.

Chapter 7. Technical Data

Nameplate -----



1	S/N	Serial number (numerical)
2	S/N	Date of production (YYMM)
3	S/N	Serial number (Barcode)
4	P/N	Item number
5	REV	Item revision number
6	Details	Technical data
7	Type	Description (short)
8	Type	Description (long)
9	UL	UL sign

Measuring values, voltages -----

- Measuring voltages

[1] 120 Vac (terminals 22/24/26/28 & 14/16/18/20)
 Rated value (Vn).....69/120 Vac
 Maximum value (Vmax).....max. 86/150 Vac
 Rated voltage phase – ground.....150 Vac
 Rated surge voltage2.5 kV

[5] 480 Vac (terminals 23/25/27/29 & 15/17/19/21)
 Rated value (Vn).....277/480 Vac
 Maximum value (Vmax).....max. 346/600 Vac
 Rated voltage phase – ground.....300 Vac
 Rated surge voltage45 kV

- Linear measuring range..... $1.3 \times V_n$
- Measuring frequency50/60 Hz (40.0 to 70.0 Hz)
- AccuracyClass 1
- Input resistance per path[1] 0.498 M Ω , [5] 2.0 M Ω
- Maximum power consumption per path< 0.15 W

Measuring values, currents -----

isolated

- Measuring current [../1] Rated value (In)/1 A
 [../5] Rated value (In)/5 A
- AccuracyClass 1
- Linear measuring range Generator (terminals 5-8) $3.0 \times I_n$
 Mains/ground current (terminals 1/2)approx. $1.5 \times I_n$
- Maximum power consumption per path< 0.15 VA
- Rated short-time current (1 s) [../1 A] $50.0 \times I_n$
 [../5 A] $10.0 \times I_n$

Ambient variables -----

- Power supply.....12/24 Vdc (6.5 to 40.0 Vdc)
 Battery ground (terminal 48) must be grounded to the chassis
- Intrinsic consumption.....max. 15 W
- Degree of pollution2

Discrete inputs ----- isolated	
- Input range ($V_{\text{Cont, digital input}}$)	Rated voltage 12/24 Vdc (6.5 to 40.0 Vdc)
- Input resistance	approx. 6.7 k Ω
Relay outputs ----- potential free	
- Contact material.....	AgCdO
- General purpose (GP) ($V_{\text{Cont, relay output}}$)	
AC	2.00 Aac@250 Vac
DC	2.00 Adc@24 Vdc
	0.36 Adc@125 Vdc
	0.18 Adc@250 Vdc
- Pilot duty (PD) ($V_{\text{Cont, relay output}}$)	
AC	B300
DC	1.00 Adc@24 Vdc
	0.22 Adc@125 Vdc
	0.10 Adc@250 Vdc
Analog inputs ----- freely scaleable	
- Resolution.....	10 Bit
- 0/4 to 20 mA input.....	internal load 50 Ω
- 0 to 180/380 Ω input.....	load current $\leq$ 2.3 mA
- Accuracy	solely two-pole sensors $\leq$ 1%
	single-pole sensors $\leq$ 2.5%
Magnetic Pickup Input ----- capacitive decoupled	
- Input impedance	min. approx. 17 k Ω
- Input voltage.....	refer to Figure 6-22

Interface -----**Service interface**

- Version.....RS-232
 - Signal level.....5V
- Level conversion and insulation by using DPC (P/N 5417-557)

CAN bus interface isolated

- Insulation voltage.....1,500 Vdc
- Version.....CAN bus
- Internal line termination.....Not available

Battery -----

- Type.....NiCd
- Durability (at operation without power supply).....approx. 5 years
- Battery field replacement.....not possible

Housing -----

- Type.....APRANORM DIN 43 700
 - Dimensions (W × H × D).....192 × 144 × 64 mm
 - Front cutout (W × H).....186 [+1.1] × 138 [+1.0] mm
 - Wiring.....screw-plug-terminals 2.5 mm²
 - Recommended locked torque.....4 inch pounds / 0.5 Nm
- use 60/75 °C copper wire only
use class 1 wire only or equivalent
- Weight.....approx. 800 g

Protection -----

- Protection system.....IP42 from front with proper installation
IP54 from front with gasket (gasket: P/N 8923-1043)
IP20 from back
- Front folio.....insulating surface
- EMC test (CE).....tested according to applicable EN guidelines
- Listings.....CE marking; UL listing for ordinary locations
- Type approval.....UL/cUL listed, Ordinary Locations, File No.: 231544

Chapter 8.

Environmental Data

Dynamics	
- Frequency Range – Sine Sweep	5Hz to 150Hz
- Acceleration	4G
- Frequency Range - Random	10Hz to 500Hz
- Power Density	0,015G ² /Hz
- RMS Value	1,04 Grms
- Standards	EN 60255-21-1 (EN 60068-2-6, Fc) EN 60255-21-3 Lloyd's Register, Vibration Test2 SAEJ1455 Chasis Data MIL-STD 810F, M514.5A, Cat.4, Truck/Trailer tracked-restrained cargo, Fig. 514.5-C1
Shock	
-	40G, Sawtooth Puls, 11ms
- Standards	EN 60255-21-2 MIL-STD 810F, M516.5, Procedure 1
Temperature	
- Cold, Dry Heat (storage)	-30°C (-22°F) / 80°C (176°F)
- Cold, Dry Heat (operating)	-20°C (-4°F) / 70 °C (158°F)
- Standards	IEC 60068-2-2, Test Bb and Bd IEC 60068-2-1, Test Ab and Ad
Humidity	
-	60°C, 95% RH, 5 days
- Standards	IEC 60068-2-30, Test Db
Marine Environmental Categories	
- Bureau Vertias (BV)	33
- Det Norske Veritas (DNV)	Temperature Class:..... B Vibration Class:..... B Humidity Class:..... B
- Germanischer Lloyd (GL)	Environmental Class D
- Lloyd's Register of Shipping (LRS)	ENV1, ENV2, ENV3 und ENV4

Chapter 9. Accuracy

Measuring value		Display	Accuracy	Notes
Frequency				
Generator	$f_{L1N}, f_{L2N}, f_{L3N}$	15.0 to 85.0 Hz	1 %	-
Mains	$f_{L1N}, f_{L2N}, f_{L3N}$	40.0 to 85.0 Hz	1 %	-
Voltage				
Generator	$V_{L1N}, V_{L2N}, V_{L3N},$	0 to 650 kV	1 %	Transformer ratio selectable
Mains	$V_{L1N}, V_{L2N}, V_{L3N},$	0 to 650 kV	1 %	Transformer ratio selectable
Current				
Generator	I_{L1}, I_{L2}, I_{L3}	0 to 32,000 A	1 %	-
Max. value	I_{L1}, I_{L2}, I_{L3}	0 to 32,000 A	1 %	Slave pointer
Mains/ground current	I_{L1}	0 to 32,000 A	1 %	-
Real power				
Current total real power value		-2 to 2 GW	2 %	-
Reactive power				
Current value in L1, L2, L3		-2 to 2 Gvar	2 %	-
cos φ				
Current value cos φ_{L1}		lag0.00 to 1.00 to lead0.00	2 %	-
Miscellaneous				
Real energy		0 to 4,200 GWh		not calibrated
Operating hours		4×109 h		-
Maintenance call		0 to 9,999 h		-
Start counter		0 to 65,535		-
Battery voltage		6.5 to 40 V	1 %	-
Pickup speed		fn +/- 40 %		-
Analog inputs				
0 to 180 Ohm		freely scaleable	*	for VDO sensors
0 to 360 Ohm		freely scaleable	*	for VDO sensors
PTC		freely scaleable	*	-
0/4 to 20 mA		freely scaleable	*	-

* 1% for two-pole sensors; 2.5% for single-pole sensors and a combination of single- and two-pole sensors

Reference conditions (to measure the accuracy):

- Input voltage sinusoidal rated voltage
- Input current..... sinusoidal rated current
- Frequency..... rated frequency +/- 2 %
- Power supply..... rated voltage +/- 2 %
- Power factor cos φ 1.00
- Ambient temperature..... 23 °C +/- 2 K
- Warm-up period..... 20 minutes

Chapter 10.

Declaration Of Conformity

Declaration of Conformity

Type: easYgen-1000 Series

**Manufacturer**Woodward Governor Company
Leonhard-Reglerbau GmbHHandwerkstrasse 29
70565 Stuttgart - GermanyTel: +49 (711) 789 54-0
Fax: +49 (711) 789 54-100

E-mail: sales-stuttgart@woodward.com

Type**easYgen-1000 Series**

Model: [easYgen-1100, easYgen-1200, easYgen-1400, easYgen-1500]

Product description

Microprocessor driven engine and generator control with integrated monitoring, protection, and control

The named product fulfills the following directives of the European Community:

73/23/EEC Low Voltage Switchgear Directive

'Council directive on the harmonization of the laws of member state relating to electrical equipment designed for use within certain voltage limits '

89/336/EEC Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive

'Council directive on the approximation of the laws of the member states relating to electromagnetic compatibility'

The conformity of the indicated product with the essential safety requirements of the standards is proven by the strict observation of the directives mentioned.



The company Woodward Governor Company Leonhard-Reglerbau GmbH, Handwerkstrasse 29, 70565 Stuttgart, Germany, has checked the product and provided it with the opposite indicated sign.

70565 Stuttgart, August 18, 2003

Gerd Zoellmer (Chief R+D Manager)

Druck/Printed 18.08.2003

Seite/Page 1 von/of 1

© Woodward Governor Company Leonhard-Reglerbau GmbH Stuttgart +49 (0) 711 789 54-0
C:\DOKUME~1\mkoch\LOKALE~1\TempleasYgen-1000 - Declaration of Conformity 2003-08-18.doc

Declaration of Conformity

Type: easYgen-1000 Series



European Norm	German Norm	VDE Classification	Description
73/23/EEC - Low Voltage Switchgear Directive			
EN 50178	DIN EN 50178 Edition: 1998-04	VDE 0160	Electronic equipment for use in electrical power installations and their assembly into electrical power installations
89/336/EEC - Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive			
EN 50081-2	DIN EN 50081-2 Edition: 1994-09	VDE 0839 Part 81-2	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Generic emission standard Part 2: Industrial environment
EN 61000-6-2	DIN EN 61000-6-2 Edition: 2002-08	VDE 0839 Part 6-2	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC); Part 2: Environment Section 6: Assessment of the emission levels in the power supply of industrial plants as regards low-frequency conducted disturbances
EN 61000-4-2	DIN EN 61000-4-2 Edition: 2001-12	VDE 0847 Part 4-2	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Part 4: Testing and measuring techniques Section 2: Electrostatic discharge immunity test
EN 61000-4-3	DIN EN 61000-4-3 Edition: 2001-12	VDE 0847 Part 3	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Basic Immunity Standard Part 4-3: Radiated, radio-frequency electromagnetic field – immunity test.
EN 61000-4-4	DIN EN 61000-4-4 Edition: 2002-07	VDE 0847 Part 4-4	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Part 4: Testing and measuring techniques Section 4: Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test
EN 61000-4-5	DIN EN 61000-4-5 Edition: 2001-12	VDE 0847 Part 4-5	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Part 4: Testing and measuring techniques Section 5: Surge immunity test
EN 61000-4-6	DIN EN 61000-4-6 Edition: 2001-12	VDE 0843 Part 4-6	Electromagnetic compatibility Basic immunity standard Part 6: Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radio frequency fields
EN 55011	DIN EN 55011 Edition: 2000-05	VDE 0875 Part 11	Suppression of radio disturbances caused by electrical appliances and systems; Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment

Druck/Printed 18.08.2003

Seite/Page 2 von/of 2

C:\DOKUME~1\mkoch\LOKALE~1\TempleasYgen-1000 - Declaration of Conformity 2003-08-18.doc

© Woodward Governor Company Leonhard-Reglerbau GmbH Stuttgart +49 (0) 711 789 54-0

We appreciate your comments about the content of our publications.
Please send comments to: stgt-documentation@woodward.com
Please include the manual number from the front cover of this publication.



Woodward GmbH
Handwerkstrasse 29 - 70565 Stuttgart - Germany
Phone +49 (0) 711 789 54-0 • Fax +49 (0) 711 789 54-100
sales-stuttgart@woodward.com

Homepage

<http://www.woodward.com/power>

Woodward has company-owned plants, subsidiaries, and branches, as well as authorized distributors and other authorized service and sales facilities throughout the world.

Complete address/phone/fax/e-mail information
for all locations is available on our website (www.woodward.com).